

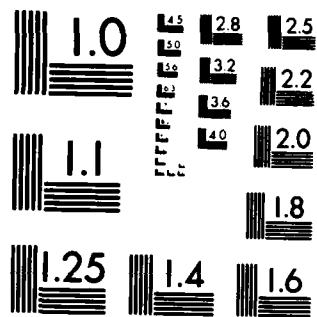
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A Sensitivity Analysis  
of  
The Logarithmic-Poisson-Gamma Distribution



by

W. Steven Demmy

and

Steven Nahmias



WP-81-05  
Decision Systems  
2125 Crystal Marie Drive  
Beavercreek, Ohio 45431

(513) 426-8515

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Section I  
Introduction

In Reference 1, we develop the probability distribution for demand in a lead time for the situation in which customers arrive according to a Poisson process and each customer requires  $X$  units, where  $X$  is described by the logarithmic distribution; i.e. the probability mass function of  $X$  is

$$f(x) = \frac{\Theta^x}{x \ln \Theta} \quad x = 1, 2, \dots$$

In addition, lead times are assumed to be Gamma Distributed. We call the resulting distribution of demand in a lead time the Logarithmic-Poisson-Gamma (LPG) distribution. This distribution appears to be a useful approximation to the demand processes of a number of Air Force EOQ-type (consumable) items.

Analytic details of the LPG distribution are presented in Reference 1. In addition, reference 1 presents a scaled negative binomial approximation to the LPG. We assume the reader is familiar with these results. In this paper, we present a sensitivity analysis of the LPG distribution and of the associated scaled negative binomial approximation.

## SECTION II

### Sensitivity Analysis

To get a feel for the shape of the LPG distribution, and to evaluate the accuracy of the scaled negative Binomial approximation, we computed the cumulative distribution function values for both of these distributions for 40 different parameter sets. The BASIC computer code used for these calculations is presented in Appendix B, while Figure II-1 illustrates the results of our calculations for one of these data sets. This figure presents the cumulative distribution function (CDF) and probability density function (PDF) for both the LPG and scaled negative binomial distributions for the case in which the average requisition size is 2 units, the average monthly demand rate is .5, the average lead time is 8 months, and the coefficient of variation of lead time is .25. For this situation, the mean, coefficient of variation, skewness, and kurtosis of the distribution of demand in a leadtime equals 4.00, 0.97, 1.46, and 6.40, respectively. These values are shown on the left hand side of Figure II-1. The specific parameters utilized in the LPG distribution calculations are also shown on the left hand side of this figure, as well as specific CDF values. The column labeled "FX" presents cumulative distribution function values for the LPG distribution, while the column labeled "FNBX" presents the corresponding cumulative distribution function values for the scaled negative binomial approximation. Finally, the column labeled "DIFF" presents the difference between the LPG distribution values and the corresponding negative binomial CDF values.

The right hand side of Figure II-1 plots both the cumulative and density function values associated with the LPG and scaled negative binomial distributions. As shown in

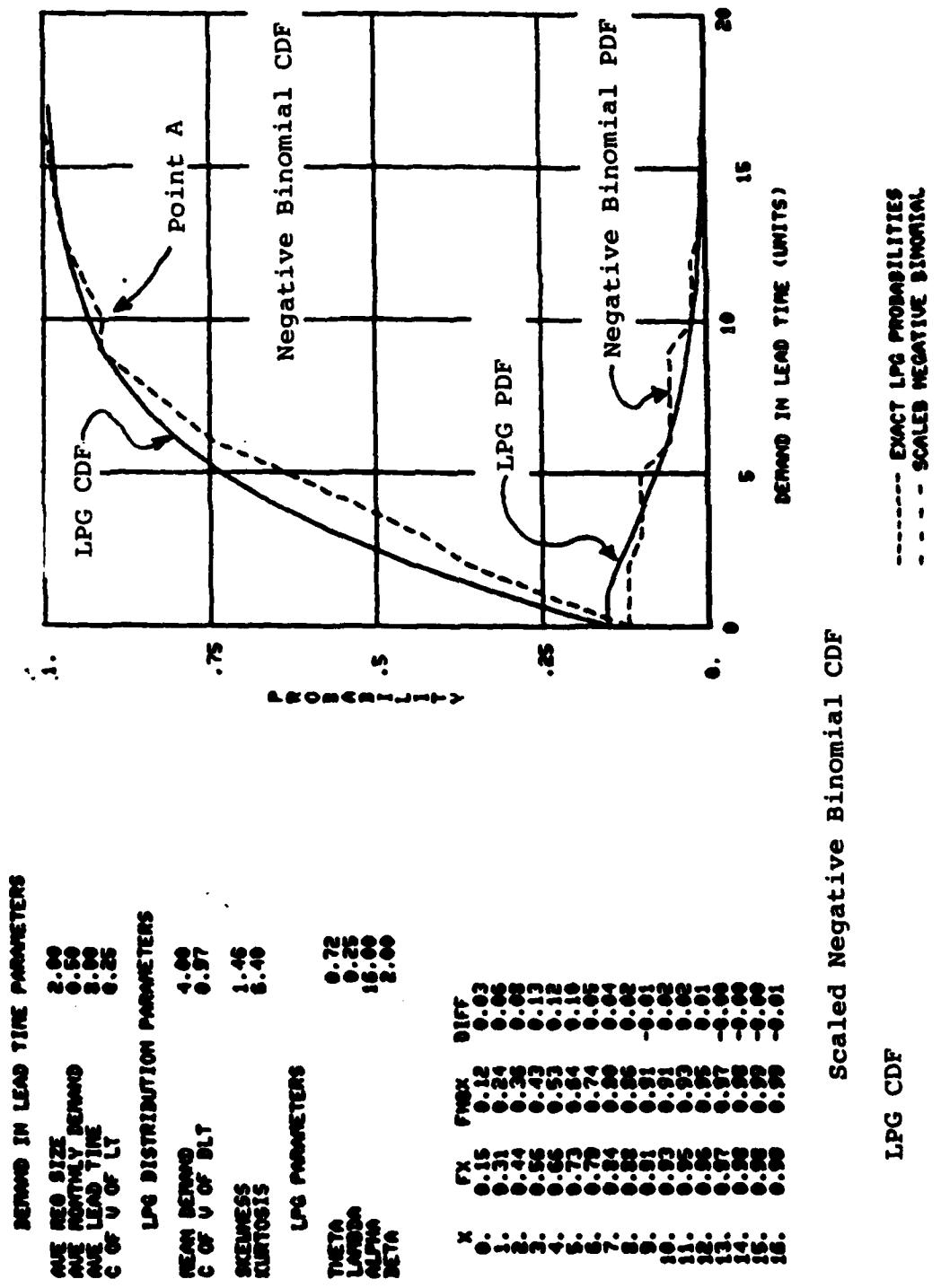


Figure II-1. LPG and Scaled Negative Binomial Distributions for the LO Demand Base Case.

the Figure, the scaled negative binomial approximation underestimates the corresponding LPG CDF values for low levels of demand in the leadtime, but the approximation becomes much better for demand values exceeding 10 units. Note the slight down-turn labeled as Point A. This is caused by the rounding rules employed in the scaled negative binomial code. A slight change in these rules may be used to make the CDF monotonic.

Figure II-2 presents a similar set of calculations in which the monthly demand rate is equal to 2 units per month, and the other parameters are the same as used in Figure II-1. In this case, the scaled negative binomial distribution is a much closer approximation to the LPG curve.

We will refer to the specific data sets plotted in Figures II-1 and II-2 as the "LO" and "HI" base cases, respectively, Table II-1 presents the specific parameter values selected for these calculations. The data set numbers assigned to each of these curves are shown in the right hand side of Table II-1 and detailed plots associated with each of the data sets are presented in Appendix A. Let us now discuss our results.

#### Results for LO Base Case.

As noted above, the LO Base Case has the following characteristics:

	<u>Value</u>
Average Requisition Size (Units)	2
Average Units Demanded per Month	.5
Average Lead Time (Months)	8
Coefficient of Variation of Lead Time	.25

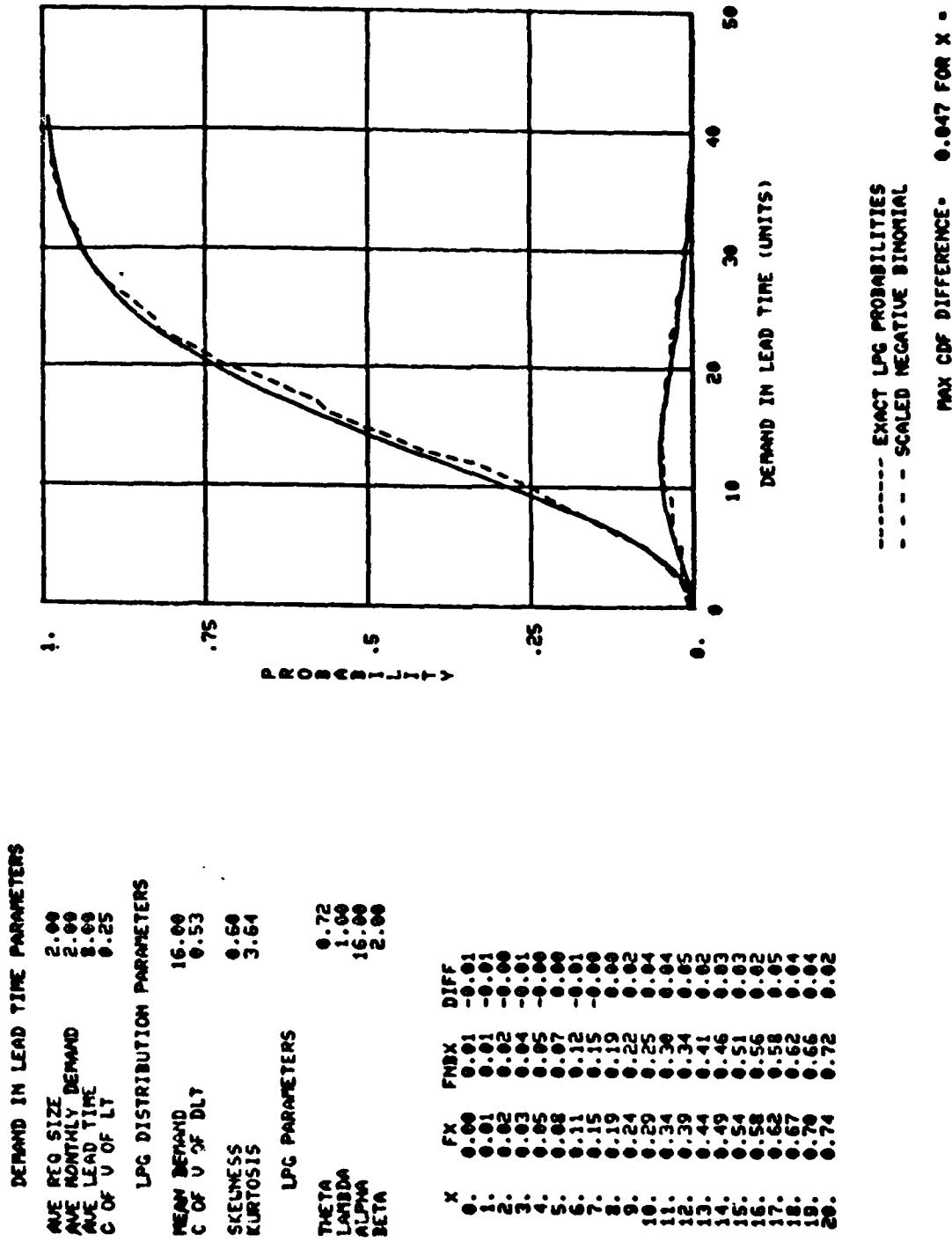


Figure II-2. LPG and Scaled Negative Binomial Distributions for the HI Demand Base Case.

TABLE II-1

**Sensitivity Analysis Parameter Values**

<u>Variable</u>	<u>Parameter Settings</u>	<u>Data Set Number</u>	
		<u>LO</u>	<u>HI</u>
Average Requisition size	<u>1.01, 2, 4, 8, 16</u>	1-5	21-25
Average Lead Time in Months	<u>4, 6, 8, 16</u>	6-10	26-30
Demand Rate in Units per Month	<u>.1, .5, 1., 1.5, 2.0</u>	11-15	31-35
Coefficient of Variation of Leadtime	<u>.01, .25, .50, .75, 1.0</u>	16-20	36-40

Let us now consider the impact of variations in these characteristics.

Requisition Size Sensitivity. In performing our sensitivity analyses, three of the major distribution characteristics defined in Table II-1 were held constant, while the fourth characteristic was varied. For example, data set numbers 1 thru 5 were constructed by holding average leadtime, demand rate, and the coefficient of variation of leadtime equal to the values for the LO demand base case, while varying the average requisition size. Data set numbers 21 thru 25 were performed similarly, but in this case the HI demand base case was used.

Details of our results for all 40 data sets are presented in Appendix A, while Table II-2 and Figures II-3 thru II-7 illustrate our results. Table II-2 summarizes the primary calculations associated with data sets 1 thru 5, while Figures II-3 thru II-7 present the associated plots of the LPG CDF. The table summarizes the sensitivity of the primary LPG distribution parameters (i.e. Theta Lambda, Alpha, and Beta) to changes in average requisition size for the low demand case base. This table displays the requisition size, demand rate, mean leadtime and leadtime variability coefficients that were used to drive the data set calculations, as well as the associated LPG parameters and the moments of the LPG leadtime demand distribution. Finally, at the bottom of Table II-2, we present the specific demand values associated with given percentage points of the LPG distribution and of the associated scaled negative binomial approximation. For example, consider the data shown in the first column at the bottom of Table II-2. For data set number 1, a reorder point of eight units is required to insure a 95% probability of no stockouts during a leadtime. Using the scaled negative binomial approximation for data set 1, a reorder level of 9 units is required to produce the same 95%

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>					
Ave. Req. Size	1.01	2	4	8	16					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5					
Mean Lead Time	8.0	8.0	8.0	8	8					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.02	.72	.90	.96	.99					
Lambda	.49	.25	.12	.06	.03					
Alpha	16	16	16	16	16					
Beta	2	2	2	2	2					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	4	4	4	4	4					
CV	.56	.97	1.63	2.63	4.15					
Skewness	.41	1.46	2.96	5.08	8.18					
Kurtosis	3.23	6.40	16.45	42.13	103.79					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>1</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>1</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>2</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>2</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>3</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>3</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>4</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>4</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>5</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>5</u> <u>NB</u>
.50	4	5	3	4	1	4	0	8	0	18
.60	4	5	4	5	2	5	0	10	0	22
.70	5	6	5	6	4	6	2	11	0	26
.80	6	7	7	7	7	10	4	13	1	29
.85	6	7	8	8	9	12	7	14	3	31
.90	7	8	9	9	12	14	12	22	7	33
.95	8	9	12	12	17	16	22	33	22	43
.97	9	10	13	13	21	22	31	38	38	68
.99	10	11	17	16	31	26	52	42	82	93

Table II-2. Requisition Size Sensitivity for LO Base Case

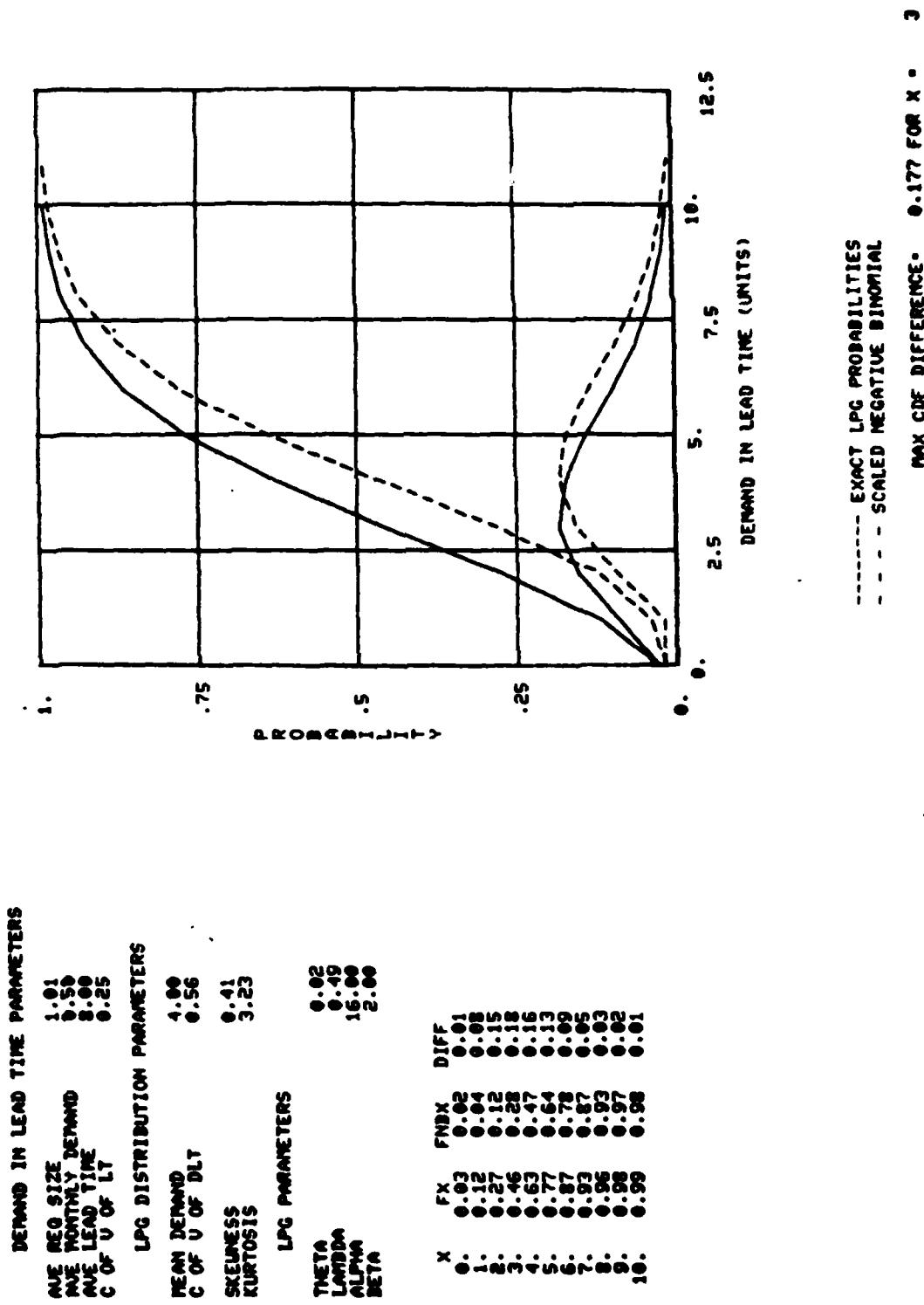


Figure II-3. Data Set No. 1 LPG Curves.

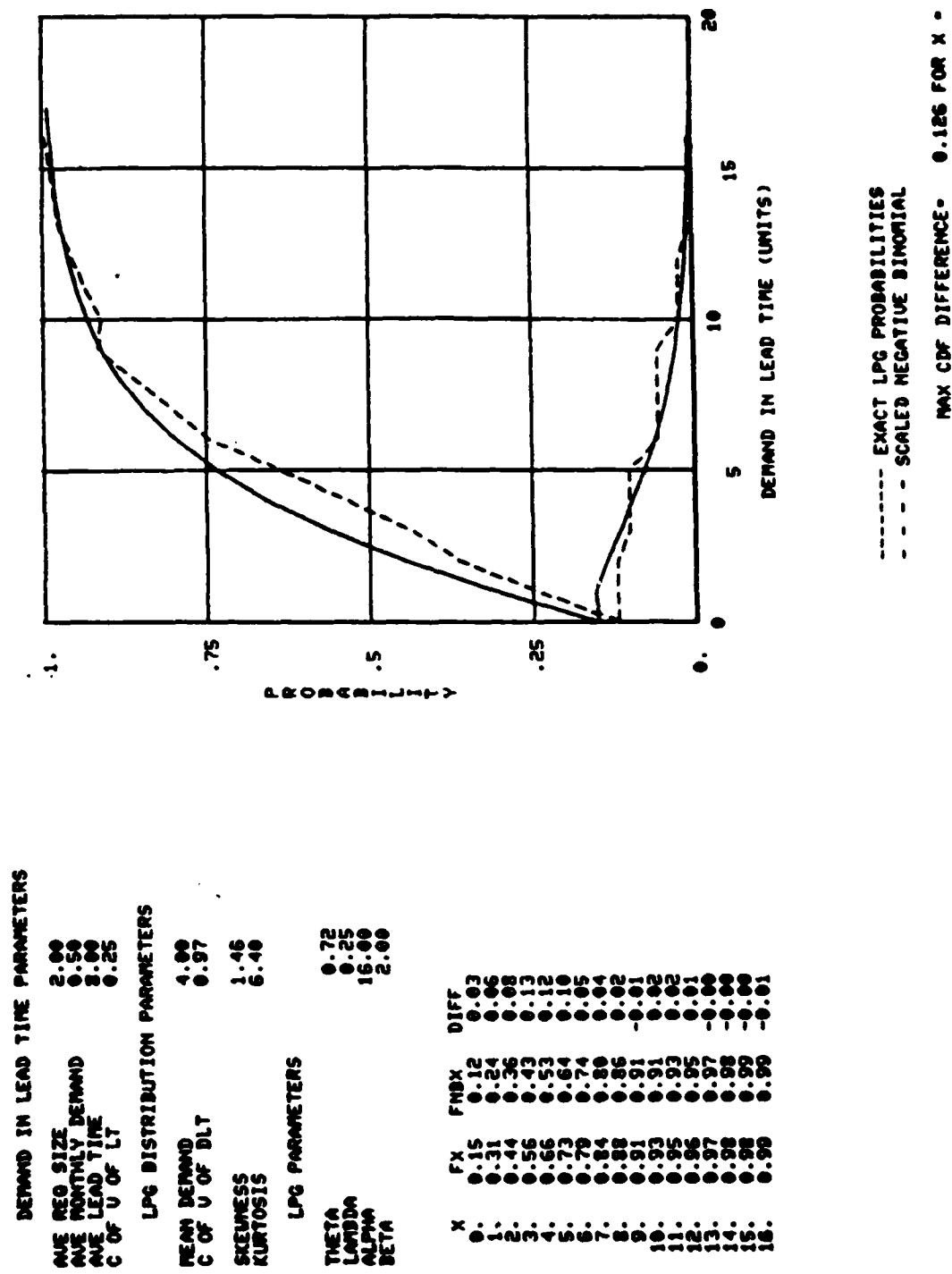


Figure II-4. Data Set No. 2 LPG Curves.

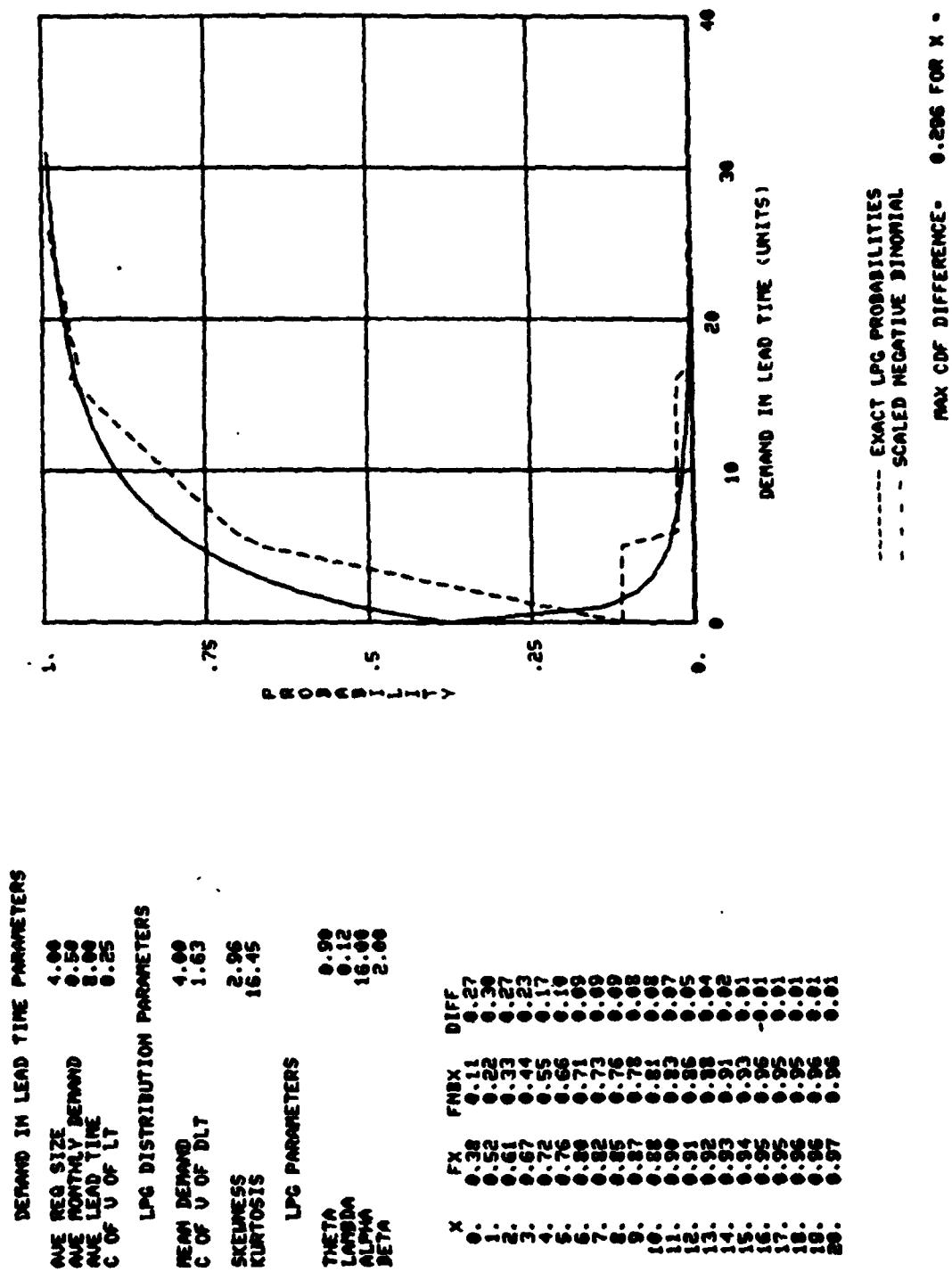


Figure II-5. Data Set No. 3 LPG Curves.

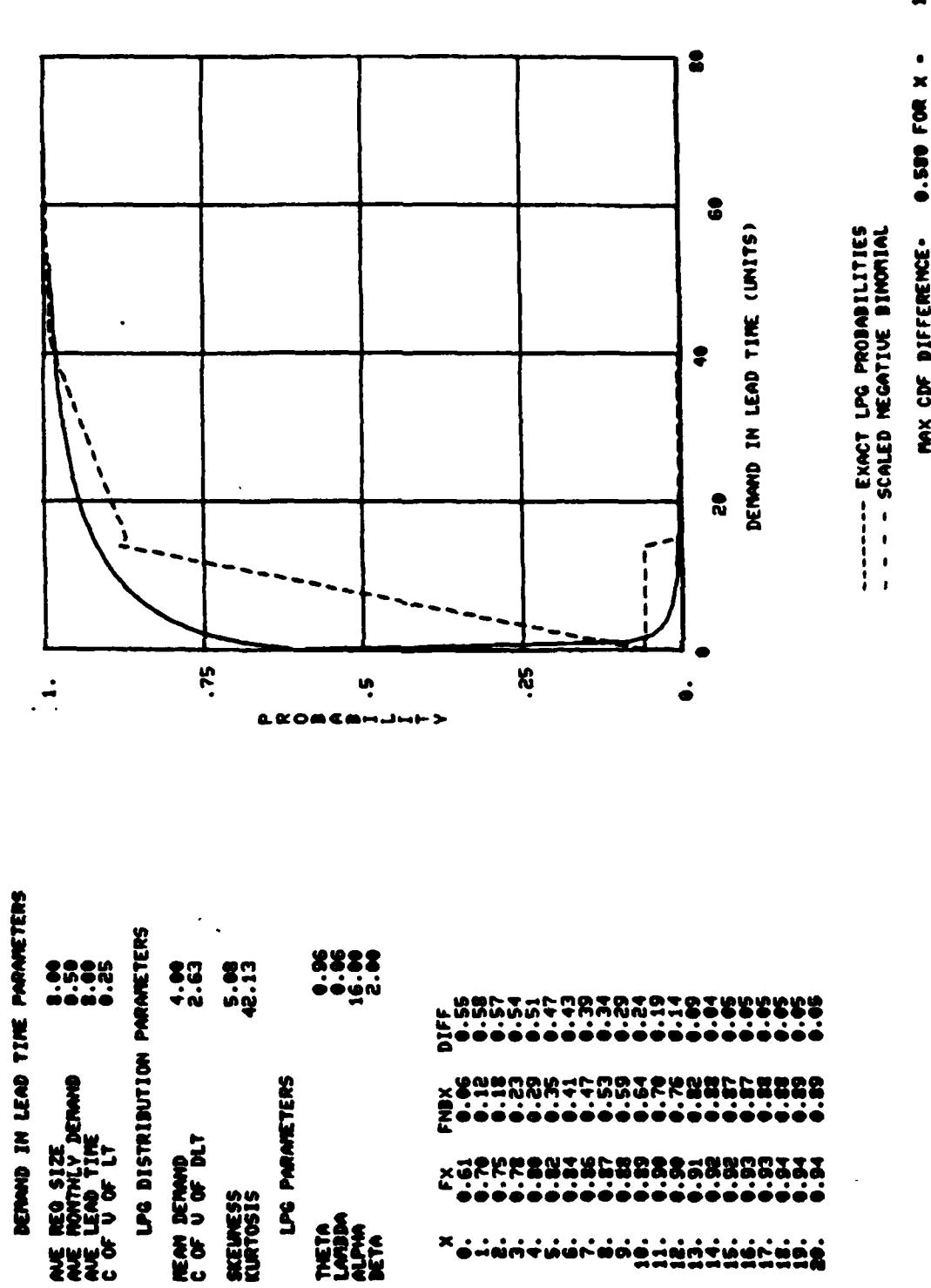


Figure II-6. Data Set No. 4 LPG Curves.

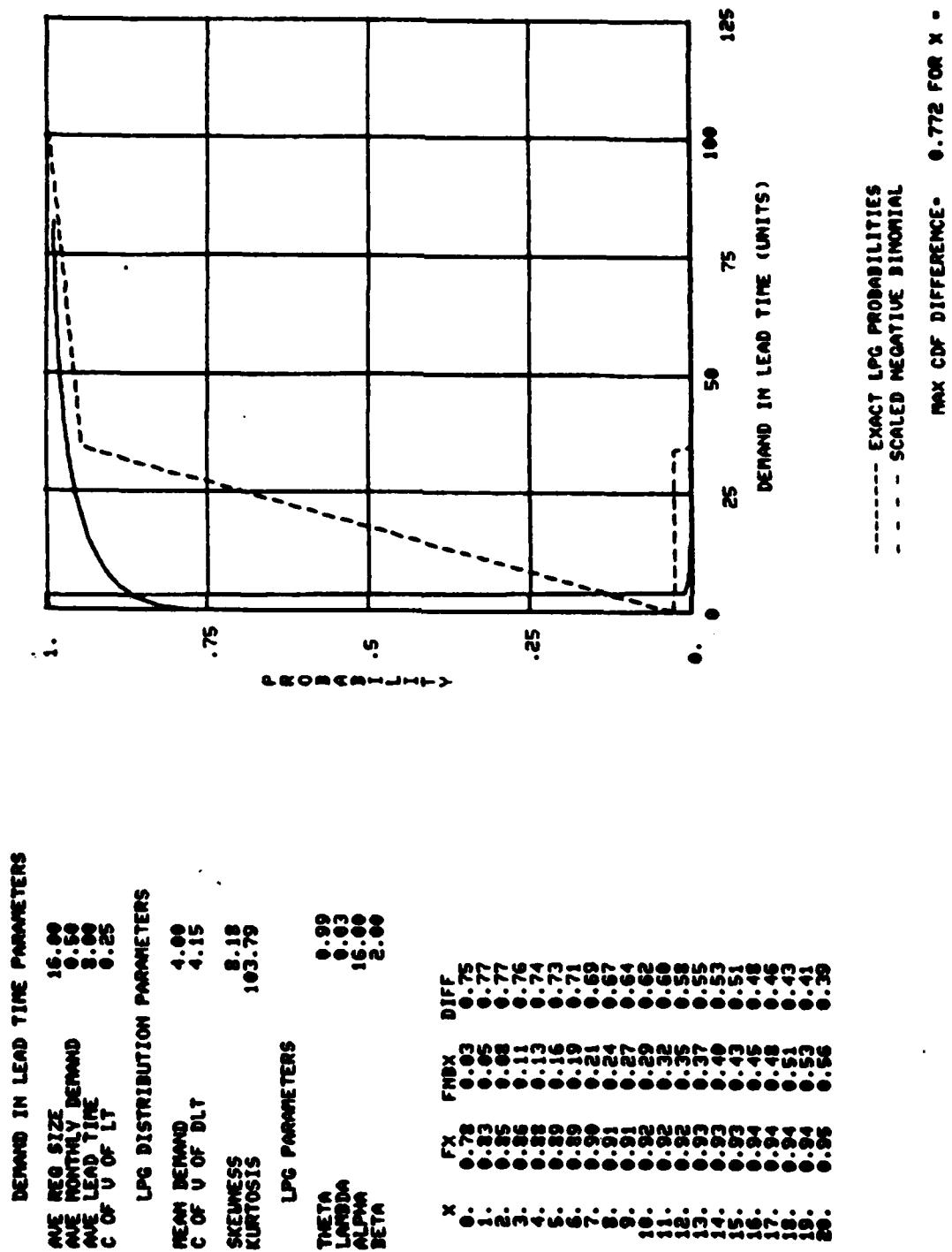


Figure II-7. Data Set No. 5 LPC Curves.

probability. Scanning the results for all five data sets, we observe that the scaled negative binomial provides reorder point results very similar to the LPG distribution for average requisition sizes of 4 or less, but provides a very poor approximation for the high average requisition size values.

Lead Time Sensitivity. Table II-3 presents percentage points for the LPG and Scaled Negative Binomial (SNB) approximations for the LO Base case and Data Sets 6 thru 10. This Table shows the effect of mean lead times of 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 months, respectively. Note that the SBN yields percentage points which are very close to the LPG values, and that the approximation improves as the lead time increases.

Demand Rate Sensitivity. Table II-4 presents results of varying the LO Base case using demand rates of .1, .5, 1.0, 1.5, and 2.0 units per month, respectively. Note that the LPG and SNB values are very similar for all but the demand =.1 case.

Lead Time Variability Sensitivity. Table II-5 presents the results of increasing lead time variability (Dat Sets 16-20). Observe the percentage points are within 1 unit for all but the CV=.75, 60% point. Hence, the approximation is excellent for all five data sets.

Results for the HI Base Case. The HI Base Case has the following characteristics:

	<u>Value</u>
Average Requisition Size	2
Average Units Demanded per Month	2
Average Lead Time (Months)	8
Coefficient of Variation of Lead Time	.25

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Ave. Demand/Mo	.50	.50	.50	.50	.50
Mean Lead Time	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
<u>LPG Parameter</u>					
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72
Lambda	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
Beta	4.00	2.67	2.00	1.60	1.33
<u>LPG Moments</u>					
Mean	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00
Skewness	2.16	1.72	1.46	1.28	1.14
Kurtosis	10.22	7.67	6.40	5.65	5.15
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>6</u> LPG NB	<u>7</u> LPG NB	<u>8</u> LPG NB	<u>9</u> LPG NB	<u>10</u> LPG NB
.50	1	2	3	4	5
.60	2	2	3	4	5
.70	2	4	4	5	6
.80	3	5	5	6	7
.85	4	5	6	7	8
.90	5	6	7	8	9
.95	7	8	10	12	14
.97	9	9	11	13	15
.99	12	9	15	17	22
			14	16	19
				19	20

Table II-3. Lead Time Sensitivity for LO Base Case

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Ave. Demand/Mo	.10	.50	1.00	1.50	2.00
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
<u>LPG Parameter</u>					
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72
Lambda	.05	.25	.50	.75	1.00
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
Beta	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
<u>LPG Moments</u>					
Mean	.80	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
CV	2.11	.97	.71	.60	.53
Skewness	3.52	1.46	.95	.73	.60
Kurtosis	21.73	6.40	4.53	3.93	3.64
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>11</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>12</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>13</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>14</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>15</u> <u>LPG</u>
.50	0	1	3	4	7
.60	0	2	4	5	8
.70	1	2	5	6	10
.80	1	2	7	7	12
.85	2	2	8	8	14
.90	3	5	9	9	16
.95	4	5	12	12	19
.97	5	6	13	13	21
.99	8	8	17	16	26
					25
					26
					32
					32
					35
					35
					40

Table II-4. Demand Rate Sensitivity for LO Base Case

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATION

Data Set No.	<u>16</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Ave. Demand/Mo.	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Mean Lead Time	8	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
CV of Lead Time	.01	.25	.50	.75	1.0
<u>LPG Parameter</u>					
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72
Lambda	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
Alpha	1,000	16.00	4.00	1.78	1.00
Beta	1,250	2.00	.50	.22	.13
<u>LPG Moments</u>					
Mean	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
CV	.94	.97	1.06	1.20	1.37
Skewness	1.61	1.46	1.21	1.13	1.29
Kurtosis	6.84	6.40	5.55	5.15	5.76
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>16</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>17</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>18</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>19</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>20</u> <u>LPG</u>
.50	3	4	3	4	3
.60	4	5	4	5	4
.70	5	6	5	6	5
.80	7	7	7	8	7
.85	8	8	8	9	8
.90	9	9	9	11	11
.95	11	12	12	13	14
.97	13	13	13	14	16
.99	17	15	17	19	21
				21	25
				25	25

Table II-5. Lead Time Variability Sensitivity for LO Base Case

Recall that Figure II-2 plots the LPG and SNB curves for this case, and that the detailed plots for each data set are presented in Appendix A.

Requisition Size Sensitivity. Table II-6 presents the results for Data Sets, 21-25, reflecting average requisition sizes of 1.01, 2.0, 4.0, 8.0, and 16.0, respectively. Note that the LPG and SNB curves yield similar results for average requisition sizes of 4 or less, but differ significantly for average requisition sizes of 8 and 16.

Lead Time Sensitivity. Table II-7 presents results for Data Sets 26-30, reflecting lead times of 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 months, respectively. For this case, the LPG and SNB yield similar results in all cases.

Demand Rate Sensitivity. The results for Data Sets 31-35 are presented in Table II-8. These Data Sets have average demands of .1, .5, 1, 1.5, and 2 units per month, respectively. Observe that the SNB approximation is a particularly good fit to the LPG except for the 50 and 60% points for the .1 units per month case.

Lead Time Variability Sensitivity. Table II-9 presents results for coefficients of variation of .01, .25, .50, .75, and 1.0, respectively (Data Sets 36-40). Note that the LPG and SNB distributions are very similar for all of these cases.

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>					
Ave. Req. Size	1.01	2.00	4.00	8.00	16.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.02	.72	.90	.96	.99					
Lambda	1.98	1.00	.50	.25	.13					
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
Beta	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
CV	.36	.53	.84	1.33	2.09					
Skewness	.27	.60	1.35	2.44	4.02					
Kurtosis	3.13	3.64	5.97	12.32	27.79					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>					
	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>				
.50	15	16	15	15	13	14	8	13	2	22
.60	17	18	17	18	16	19	12	18	5	26
.70	19	19	19	20	20	23	18	26	11	31
.80	21	21	23	23	25	27	27	35	23	37
.85	22	22	25	26	29	31	33	39	33	56
.90	24	24	27	28	34	35	43	47	50	75
.95	26	27	32	32	42	42	59	61	80	93
.97	28	28	35	34	49	46	72	67	105	101
.99	31	32	41	40	61	57	99	88	163	148

Table II-6. Requisition Size Sensitivity for HI Base Case

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>					
Ave. Req Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72					
Lambda	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
Beta	4.00	2.67	2.00	1.60	1.33					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	8.00	12.00	16.00	20.00	24.00					
CV	.71	.60	.53	.49	.46					
Skewness	.95	.73	.60	.52	.47					
Kurtosis	4.53	3.92	3.64	3.48	3.38					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>					
	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>		
.50	7	8	11	12	15	15	19	20	23	23
.60	8	9	13	13	17	18	21	22	25	26
.70	10	11	15	15	19	20	24	25	29	29
.80	12	13	17	19	23	23	28	28	33	33
.85	14	14	19	20	25	26	30	30	35	36
.90	16	16	22	22	27	28	33	34	39	39
.95	19	19	25	26	32	32	38	37	44	44
.97	21	21	28	28	35	34	41	41	48	48
.99	26	25	34	33	41	40	48	48	55	55

Table II-7. Lead Time Sensitivity for HI Base Case

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>					
Ave. Req Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	.10	.50	1.00	1.50	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72					
Lambda	.05	.25	.50	.75	1.00					
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
Beta	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	.80	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00					
CV	2.11	.97	.71	.60	.53					
Skewness	3.52	1.46	.95	.73	.60					
Kurtosos	21.73	6.40	4.53	3.92	3.64					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>31</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>31</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>32</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>32</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>33</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>33</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>34</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>34</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>35</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>35</u> <u>NB</u>
.50	0	1	3	4	7	8	11	12	15	15
.60	0	2	4	5	8	9	13	13	17	18
.70	1	2	5	6	10	11	15	15	19	20
.80	1	2	7	7	12	13	17	19	23	23
.85	2	2	8	8	14	14	19	20	25	26
.90	3	5	1	9	9	16	16	22	22	27
.95	4	5	12	12	19	19	25	26	32	32
.97	5	6	13	3	21	21	28	28	35	34
.99	8	8	17	16	26	25	34	33	41	40

Table II-8. Demand Rate Sensitivity for HI Base Case

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

Date Set No.	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>					
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00					
CV of Lead Time	.01	.25	.50	.75	1.00					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72					
Lambda	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Alpha	10,000	16.00	4.00	1.78	1.00					
Beta	1,250	2.00	.50	.22	.13					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
CV	.47	.53	.69	.88	1.10					
Skewness	.80	.60	.65	1.03	1.55					
Kurtosis	3.96	3.64	3.69	4.86	7.10					
Percentage Points	<u>36</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>36</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>37</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>37</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>38</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>38</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>39</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>39</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>40</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>40</u> <u>NB</u>
.50	15	16	15	15	14	14	12	13	10	11
.60	17	18	17	18	17	18	16	16	14	15
.70	19	20	19	20	20	20	19	20		
.80	22	22	23	23	24	25	26	23	27	27
.85	24	25	25	26	27	27	30	26	32	33
.90	26	27	27	28	31	31	35	35	39	40
.95	30	29	32	32	37	37	44	44	51	51
.97	32	32	35	34	41	41	50	50	60	61
.99	38	36	41	40	50	51	64	63	80	80

Table II-9. Lead Time Variability Sensitivity for HI Base Case

Moments of the LPG Distribution

As noted above, we computed the first four moments of the LPG distribution. Figures II-8 and II-9 present the means and standard deviations associated with each of the forty data sets studied, while Figure II-10 presents a plot of  $(\text{skewness})^2$  value versus the kurtosis for the forty data set calculations. Figure II-10 is particularly interesting. As shown in Johnson and Kotz (1969, Pg 39), the skewness<sup>2</sup>-kurtosis relationships of many well known probability distributions are described by specific lines, points, or regions when plotted on a chart similar to Figure II-10. For example, the lines and regions associated with Normal, Gamma, Log-normal, Poisson, Binomial, and Negative Binomial Distributions are shown in Figure II-10. Hence, the plot of skewness<sup>2</sup> versus kurtosis for a specific probability distribution may be used to gain insights into appropriate approximations for that distribution. As shown in Figures II-10 thru II-13, all of the sample skewness<sup>2</sup>-kurtosis points associated with our LPG calculations fall on a line which is almost identical with that associated with the gamma probability distribution. Hence, it appears that the gamma may be a very useful approximation for LPG calculations.

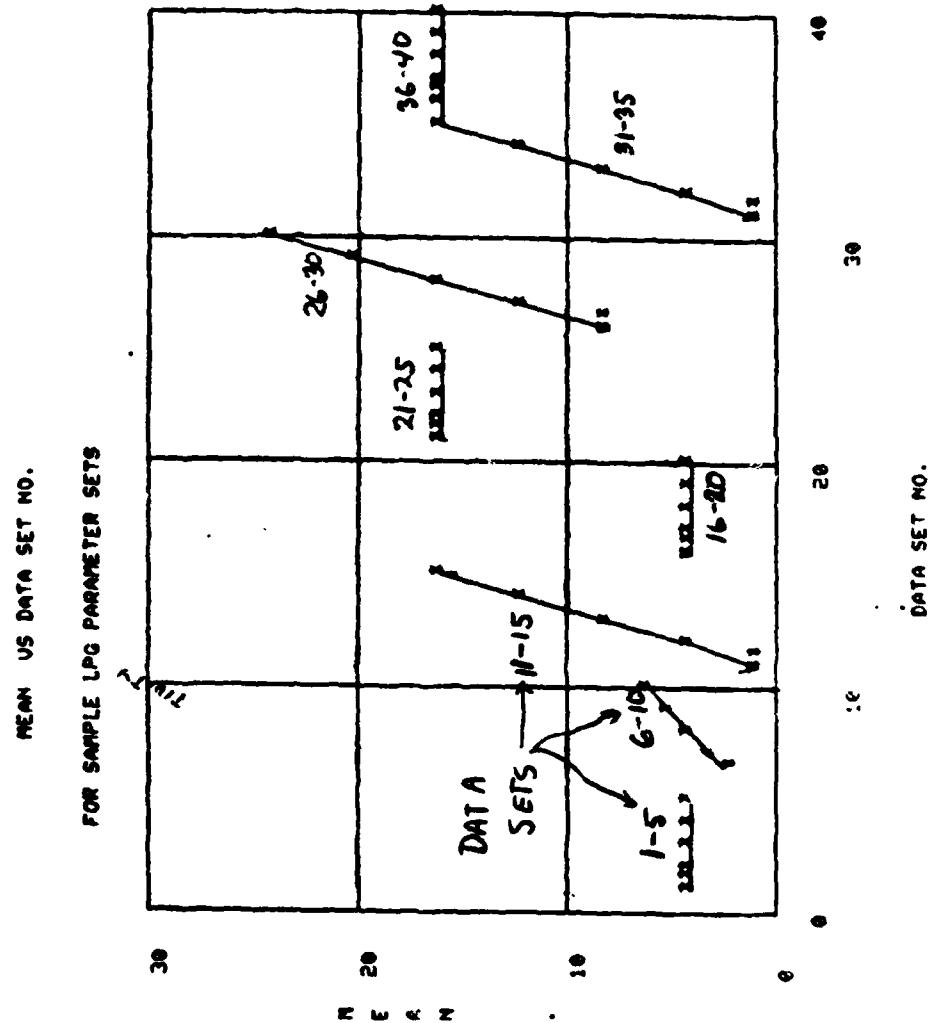


Figure II-8. Sample LPC Means.

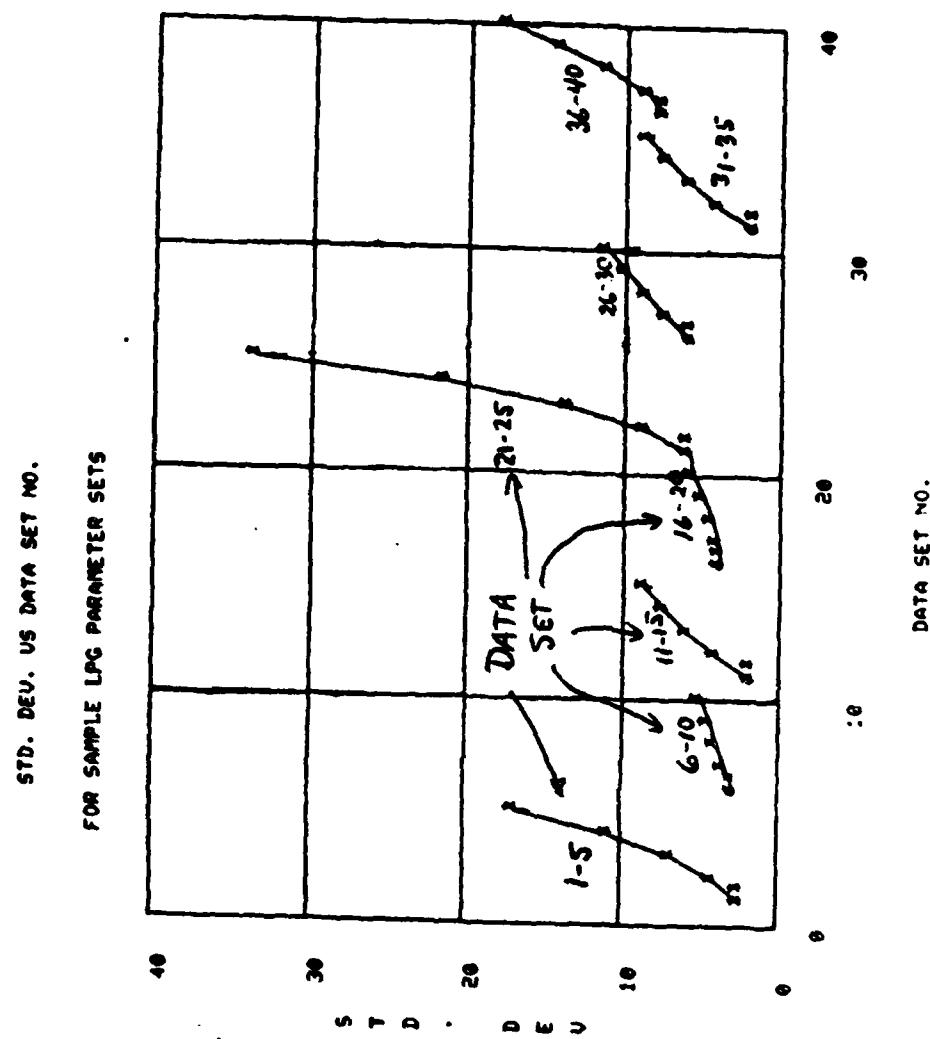


Figure II-9. Sample LPC Standard Deviation.

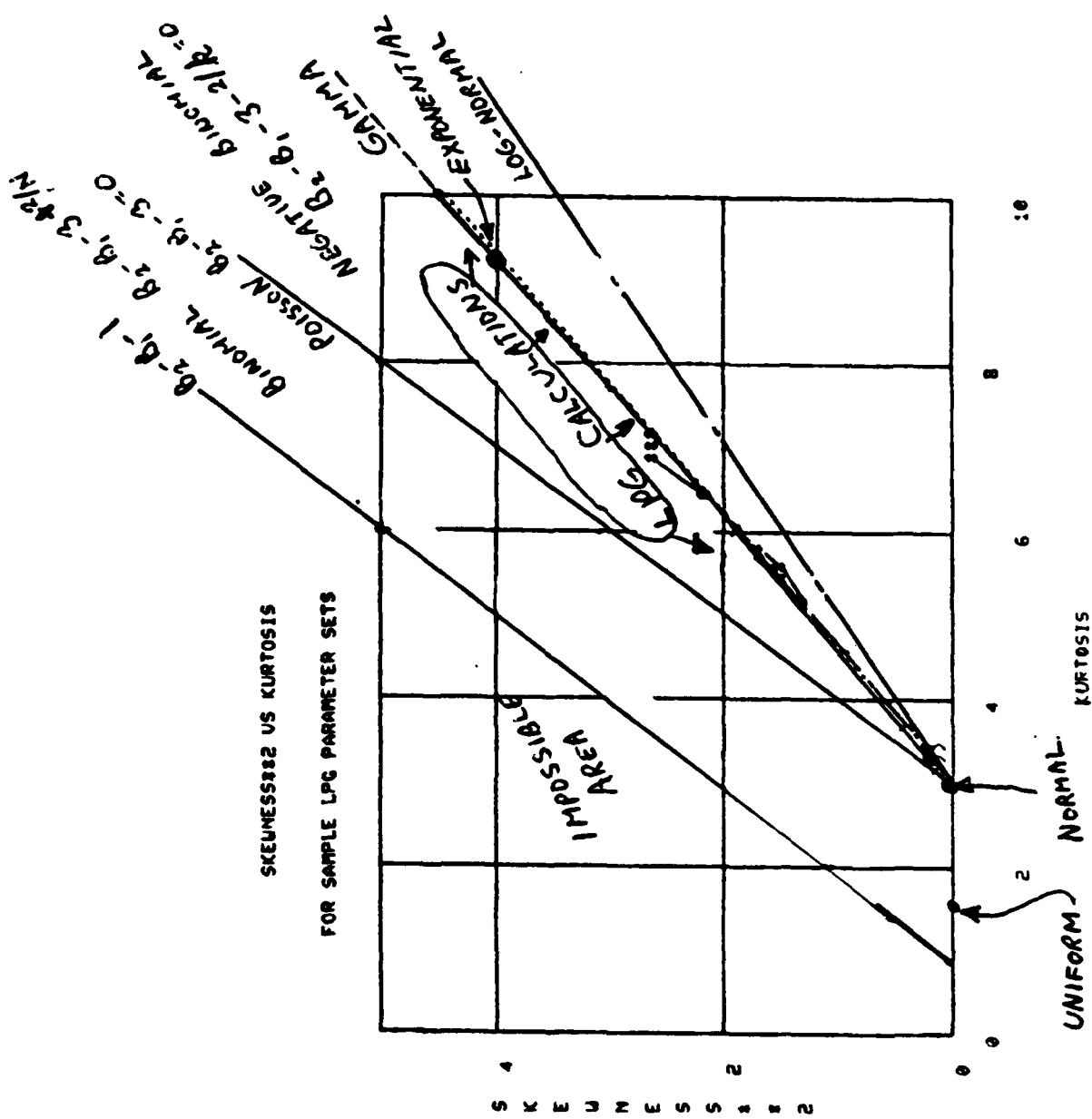


Figure II-10.  $\text{Skewness}^2$  vs Kurtosis for Sample LPG Distribution.

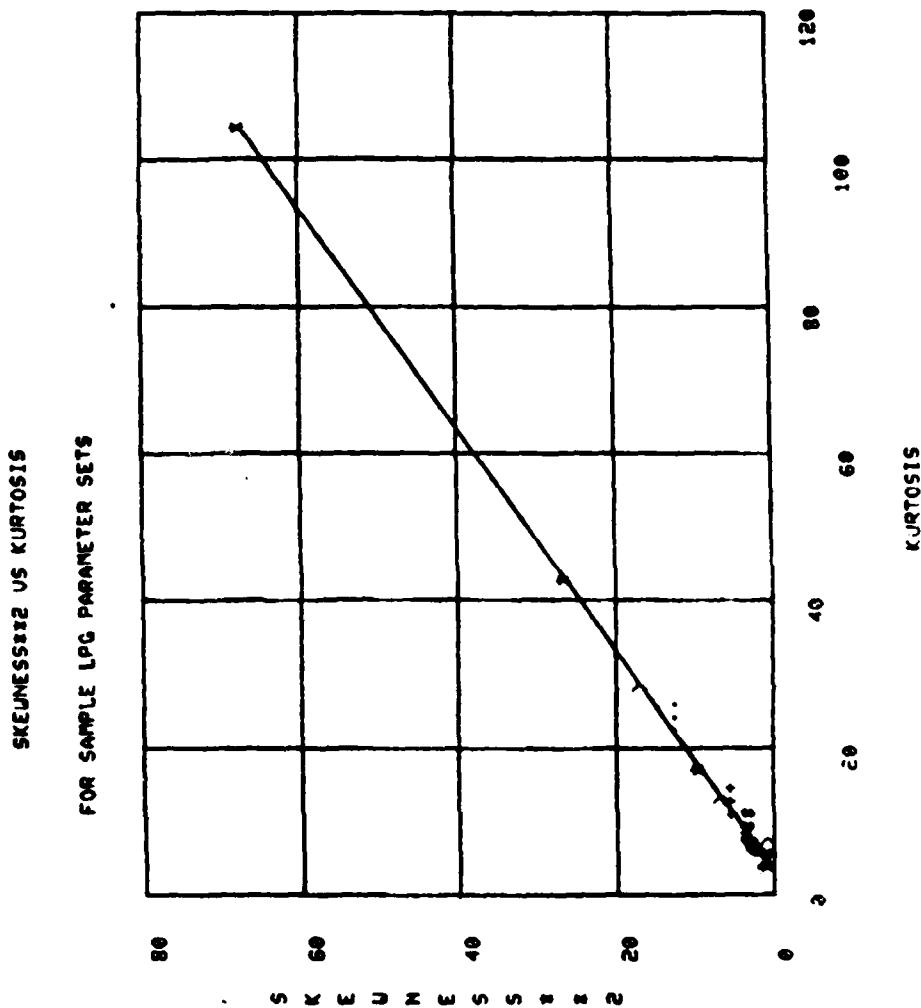


Figure II-11. Skewness<sup>2</sup> vs Kurtosis for Sample LPC Distribution with Unrestricted Scales.

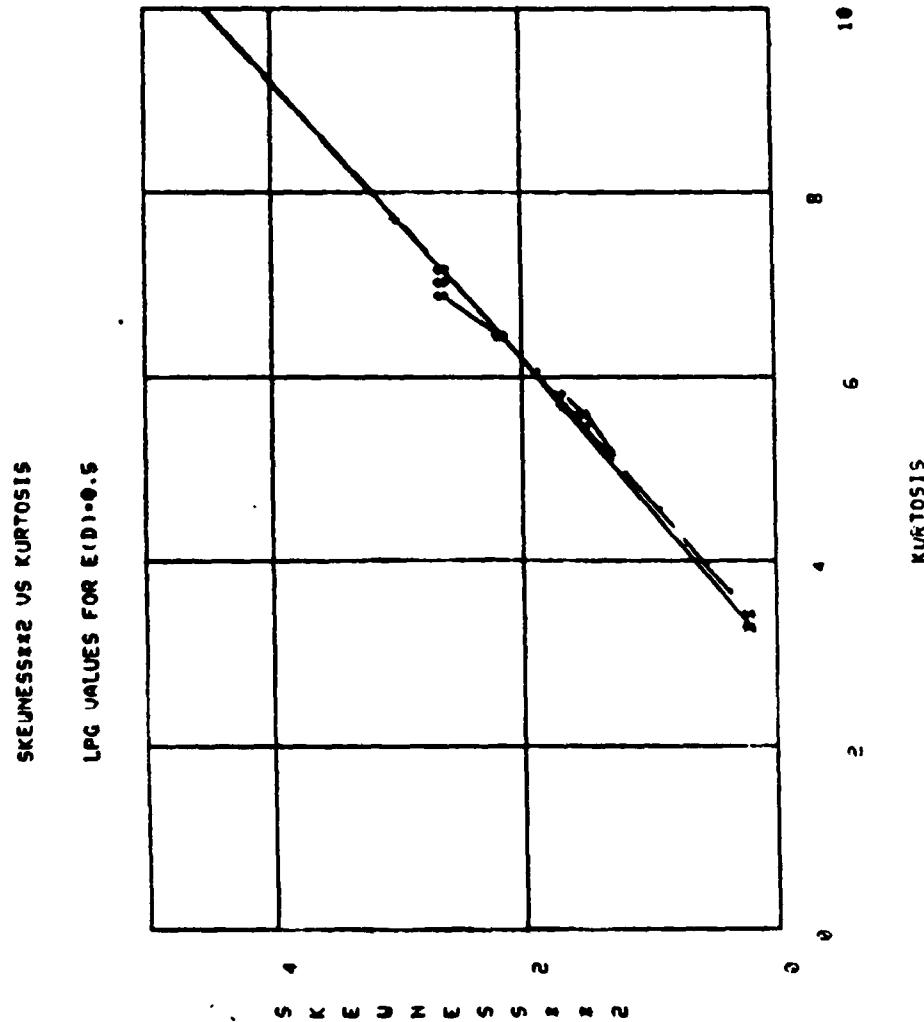


Figure II-12. Skewness<sup>2</sup> vs Kurtosis for L0 Base Case.

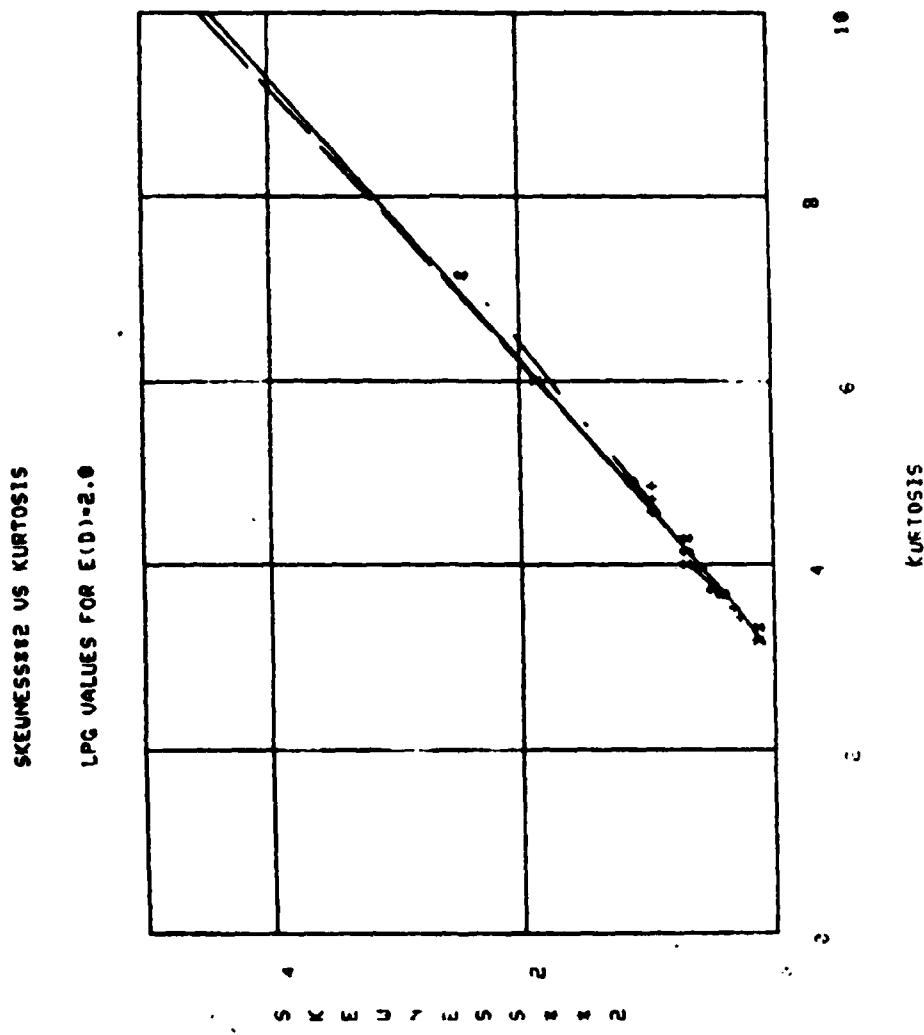


Figure II-13. Skewness<sup>2</sup> vs Kurtosis for HI Base Case.

### Section III

#### Summary and Conclusions

In this paper, we have presented sample distribution functions for the Logarithmic-Poisson-Gamma (LPG) distributed and for the Scaled Negative Binomial (SNB) approximation to the LPG. Two base cases were considered; these cases have the following characteristics.

	<u>LO Base Case</u>	<u>HI Base Case</u>
Average Requisition Size (units)	2	2
Average Units Demanded per Month	.5	2
Average Lead Time (Months)	8	8
Coefficient of Variation of Lead Time	.25	.25

The effects of varying each of these parameters while holding the other three constant were investigated for base cases. We found that the SNB approximation provides percentage points very similar to the LPG except when average requisition sizes exceed 4 units or when demand per month is very small. Hence, use of the SNB approximation appears to be a promising way to significantly reduce the computer requirements associated with the LPG distribution.

We also analyzed the skewness<sup>2</sup> versus kurtosis relationships for the sample data sets. These relationships indicate that the continuous Gamma distribution may be an excellent approximation to the Logarithmic-Poisson-Gamma.

## Section IV

### References

1. Nahmias, Steven and W. Steven Demmy, The Logarithmic-Poisson-Gamma Distribution: A Model for the Distribution of Demand in a Lead Time, Working Paper WP-81-04, Decision Systems, 2125 Crystal Marie Drive, Beavercreek, Oh 45431, August 1981, 22 pp.
2. Johnson, N.L. and S. Kotz, Discrete Distributions, Wiley, 1969.

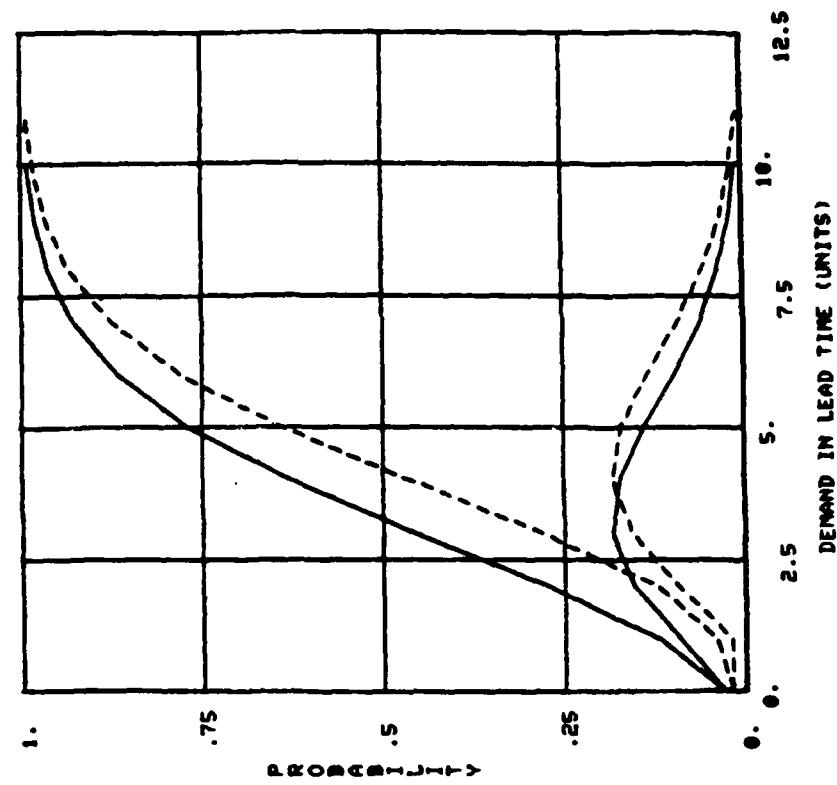
**Appendix A**

**Detailed Item Plots**

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
Ave. Req. Size	1.01	2	4	8	16
Ave. Demand/Mo.	.5	.5	.5	.5	.5
Mean Lead Time	8.0	8.0	8.0	8	8
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
<u>LPG Parameter</u>					
Theta	.02	.72	.90	.96	.99
Lambda	.49	.25	.12	.06	.03
Alpha	16	16	16	16	16
Beta	2	2	2	2	2
<u>LPG Moments</u>					
Mean	4	4	4	4	4
CV	.56	.97	1.63	2.63	4.15
Skewness	.41	1.46	2.96	5.08	8.18
Kurtosis	3.23	6.40	16.45	42.13	103.79
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>1</u> <u>LPG NB</u>	<u>2</u> <u>LPG NB</u>	<u>3</u> <u>LPG NB</u>	<u>4</u> <u>LPG NB</u>	<u>5</u> <u>LPG NB</u>
.50	4 5	3 4	1 4	0 8	0 18
.60	4 5	4 5	2 5	0 10	0 22
.70	5 6	5 6	4 6	2 11	0 26
.80	6 7	7 7	7 10	4 13	1 29
.85	6 7	8 8	9 12	7 14	3 31
.90	7 8	9 9	12 14	12 22	7 33
.95	8 9	12 12	17 16	22 33	22 43
.97	9 10	13 13	21 22	31 38	38 68
.99	10 11	17 16	31 26	52 42	82 93

Table II-2. Requisition Size Sensitivity for LO Base Case



- EXACT LPC PROBABILITIES  
 - SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
 - MAX CDF DIFFERENCE • 0.177 FOR X = 3

## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

AVG REQ SIZE 1.01

AVG MONTHLY DEMAND 0.50

AVG LEAD TIME 0.99

C OF U OF LT 0.25

## LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

MEAN DEMAND 4.00

C OF U OF DL.T 0.56

0.41

SKENNESS 3.23

KURTOSIS

## LPC PARAMETERS

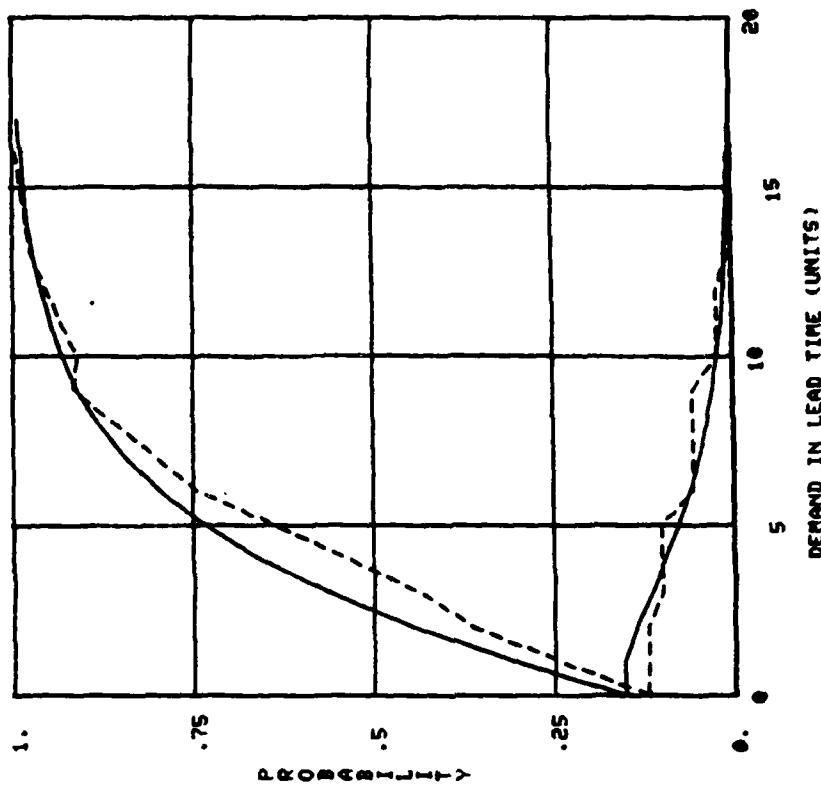
THETA 0.92

LAMBDA 0.49

ALPHA 15.00

BETA 2.00

X	F(X)	FNB(X)	DIFF
0	0.03	0.02	0.01
1	0.12	0.04	0.08
2	0.27	0.12	0.15
3	0.46	0.28	0.18
4	0.63	0.47	0.16
5	0.77	0.64	0.13
6	0.87	0.78	0.09
7	0.93	0.87	0.06
8	0.96	0.93	0.03
9	0.98	0.97	0.02
10	0.99	0.98	0.01



## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

Ave Req. Size	2.00
Ave Monthly Demand	0.50
Ave Lead Time	8.00
C of V of LT	0.25

## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

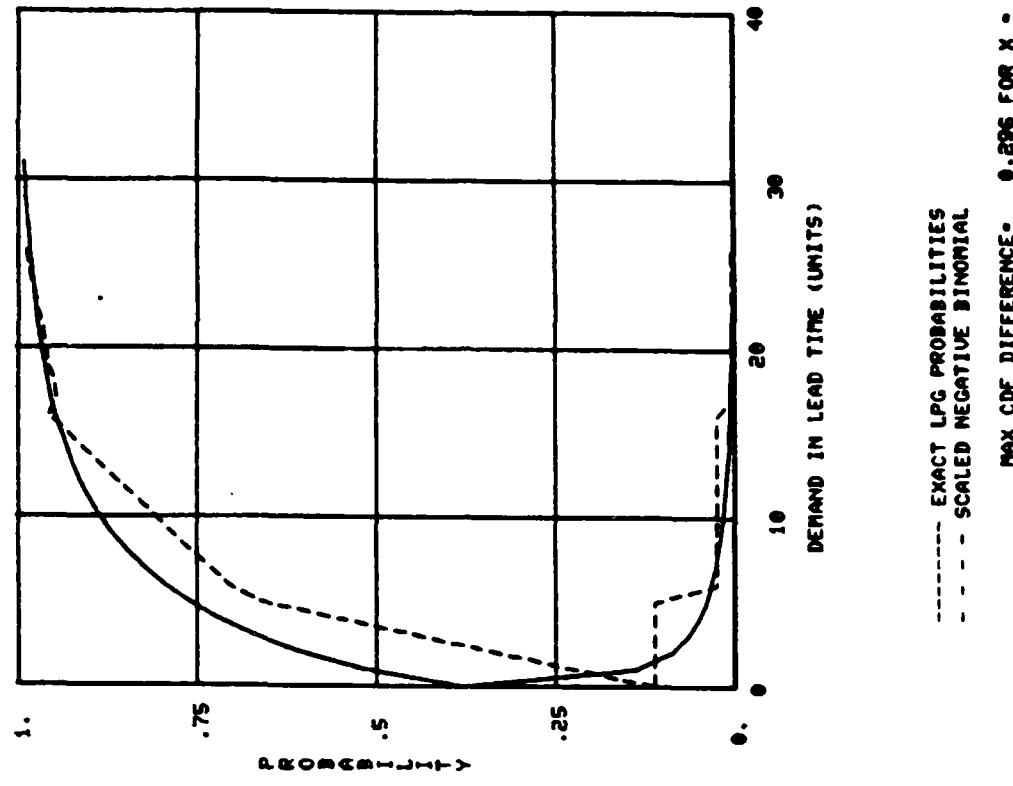
Mean Demand	4.00
C of V of LT	0.97
SKEWNESS	1.46
KURTOSIS	6.46

## LPG PARAMETERS

Theta	0.72
Lambda	0.25
Alpha	16.00
Beta	2.00

FX	FNBX	DIFF
0.15	0.12	0.03
0.31	0.24	0.06
0.44	0.36	0.08
0.56	0.43	0.13
0.66	0.53	0.12
0.73	0.64	0.16
0.79	0.74	0.05
0.84	0.80	0.04
0.88	0.86	0.02
0.91	0.91	0.01
0.93	0.93	0.02
0.95	0.95	0.01
0.96	0.96	0.01
0.97	0.97	0.01
0.98	0.98	0.01
0.99	0.99	0.01
1.00	1.00	0.00

X 0.15 0.31 0.44 0.56 0.66 0.73 0.79 0.84 0.88 0.91 0.93 0.95 0.96 0.97 0.98 0.99 1.00



## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

AVE REQ SIZE	4.00
AVE MONTHLY DEMAND	0.50
AVE LEAD TIME	8.00
C OF V OF LT	0.25

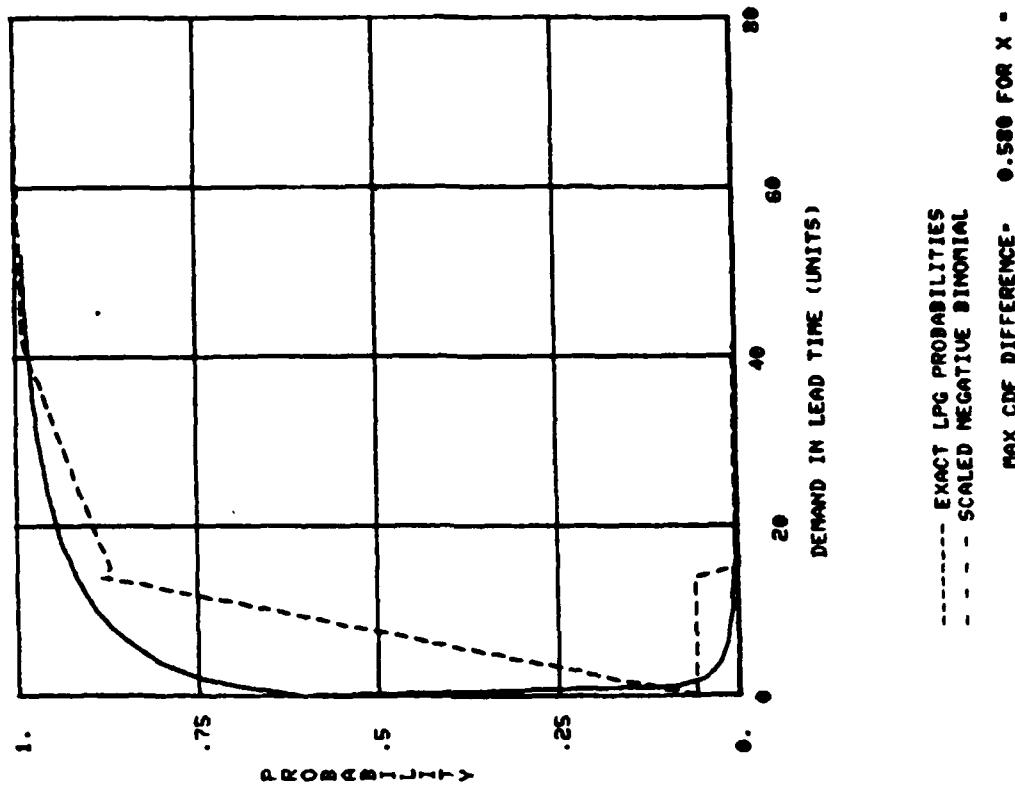
## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

MEAN DEMAND	4.00
C OF V OF DLT	1.63
SKEWNESS	2.96
KURTOSIS	16.45

## LPG PARAMETERS

THETA	0.98
LAMBDA	0.12
ALPHA	16.00
BETA	2.00

X	F(X)	FNB(X)	DIFF
0	0.38	0.11	0.27
1	0.52	0.22	0.30
2	0.61	0.33	0.27
3	0.67	0.44	0.23
4	0.72	0.55	0.17
5	0.76	0.66	0.10
6	0.79	0.71	0.09
7	0.82	0.76	0.06
8	0.85	0.82	0.03
9	0.87	0.87	0.00
10	0.88	0.91	0.02
11	0.89	0.92	0.01
12	0.90	0.93	0.01
13	0.91	0.94	0.01
14	0.92	0.95	0.01
15	0.93	0.96	0.01
16	0.94	0.97	0.01
17	0.95	0.98	0.01
18	0.96	0.99	0.01
19	0.97	1.00	0.01
20	0.98	1.00	0.01



## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

Ave Req Size	8.00
Ave Monthly Demand	8.50
Ave Lead Time	8.00
C of U of LT	0.25

## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

Mean Demand	4.00
C of U of DLT	2.63
SKEWNESS	5.98
KURTOSIS	42.13

## LPG PARAMETERS

THETA	0.96
LAMBDA	0.96
ALPHA	16.00
BETA	2.00

DIFF	0.56
FNFX	0.12
FX	0.61
X	0.11

MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = .580 FOR X = 1

EXACT LPG PROBABILITIES  
- SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL

## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

Ave Reg Size	16.00
Ave Monthly Demand	6.50
Ave Lead Time	2.00
C of U of LT	.25

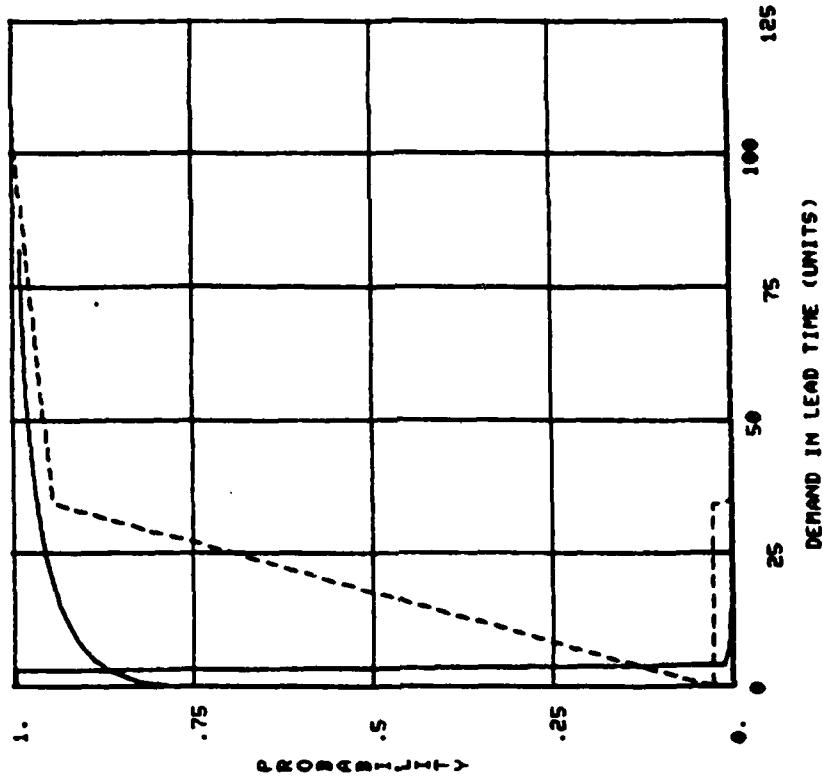
## LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

Mean Demand	4.00
C of U of DLT	4.15
SKEWNESS	8.18
KURTOSIS	103.79

## LPC PARAMETERS

Theta	0.00
Lambda	0.03
Alpha	16.00
Beta	2.00

DIFF	0.75
FNBX	0.65
FX	0.73
X	0.83

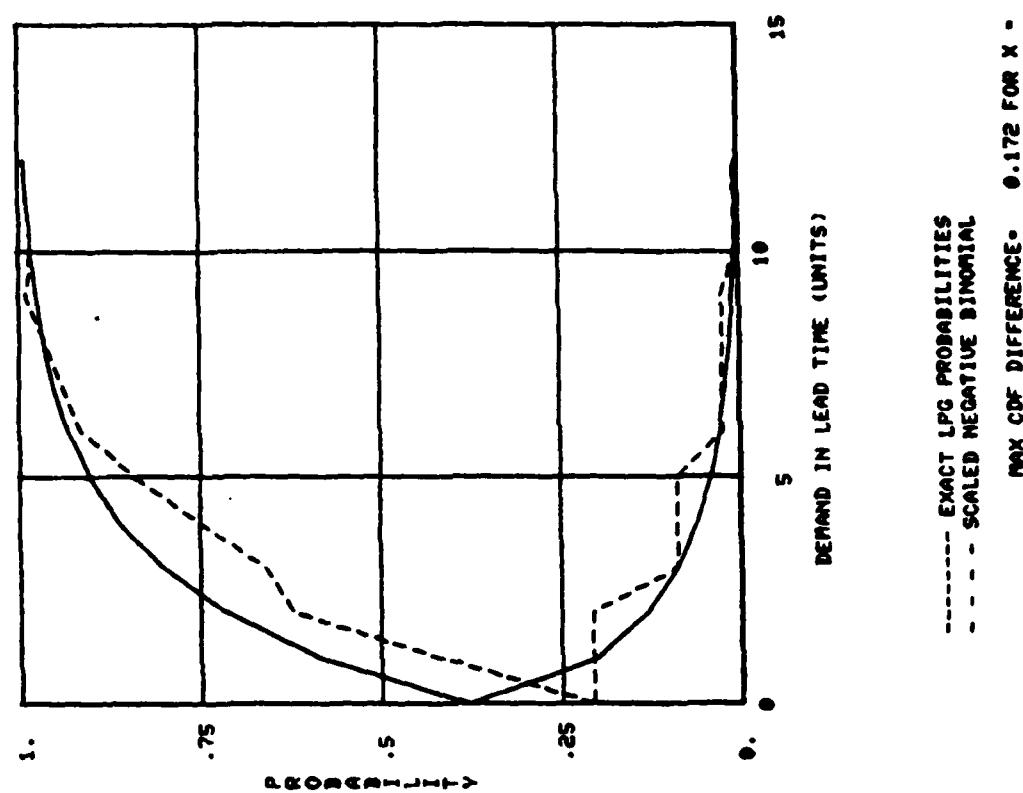


EXACT LPC PROBABILITIES  
 SCAL ED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
 MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.772 FOR X = 1

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>					
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo	.50	.50	.50	.50	.50					
Mean Lead Time	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72					
Lambda	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
Beta	4.00	2.67	2.00	1.60	1.33					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	2.00	3.00	4.00	5.00	6.00					
Skewness	2.16	1.72	1.46	1.28	1.14					
Kurtosis	10.22	7.67	6.40	5.65	5.15					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>10</u>					
	LPG	NB	LPG	NB	LPG	NB	LPG	NB	LPG	NB
.50	1	2	2	3	3	4	4	5	5	6
.60	2	2	3	4	4	5	5	6	6	7
.70	2	4	4	5	5	6	6	7	8	8
.80	3	5	5	6	7	7	8	9	9	11
.85	4	5	6	7	8	8	9	9	11	12
.90	5	6	7	8	9	9	11	12	12	13
.95	7	8	10	9	12	12	14	14	15	15
.97	9	9	11	12	13	13	15	15	17	16
.99	12	9	15	14	17	16	19	19	22	20

Table II-3. Lead Time Sensitivity for LO Base Case



## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

Avg Req Size	2.00
Avg Monthly Demand	0.50
Avg Lead Time	4.00
C of V of LT	0.25

## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

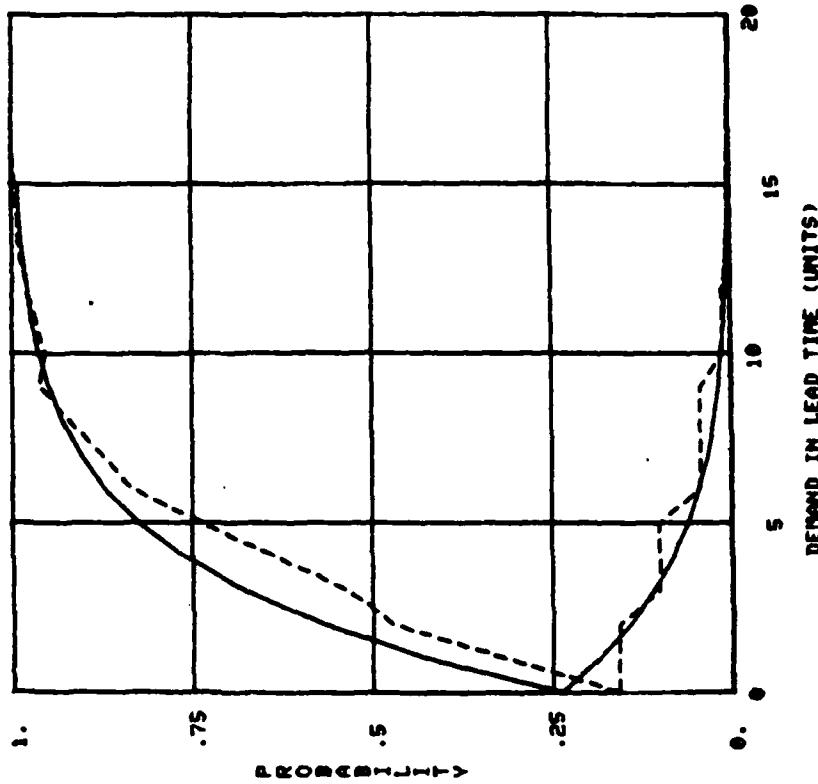
Mean Demand	2.00
C of V of DLT	1.35
SKEWNESS	2.16
KURTOSIS	10.22

## LPG PARAMETERS

THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	0.25
ALPHA	16.00
BETA	4.00

X	F(X)	F(NB,X)	DIFF
0	0.38	0.41	0.03
1	0.57	0.56	0.01
2	0.68	0.67	0.01
3	0.71	0.70	0.01
4	0.75	0.74	0.01
5	0.78	0.77	0.01
6	0.80	0.79	0.01
7	0.81	0.80	0.01
8	0.82	0.81	0.01
9	0.83	0.82	0.01
10	0.84	0.83	0.01
11	0.85	0.84	0.01
12	0.86	0.85	0.01

DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	2.00
SD MONTHLY DEMAND	0.59
MEAN LEAD TIME	6.00
C OF U OF LT	0.25
LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	3.00
C OF U OF DLT	1.11
SKEWNESS	1.72
KURTOSIS	7.67
LPG PARAMETERS	
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	0.25
ALPHA	16.00
BETA	2.67
FX	0.24
FNFX	0.16
DIFF	0.08

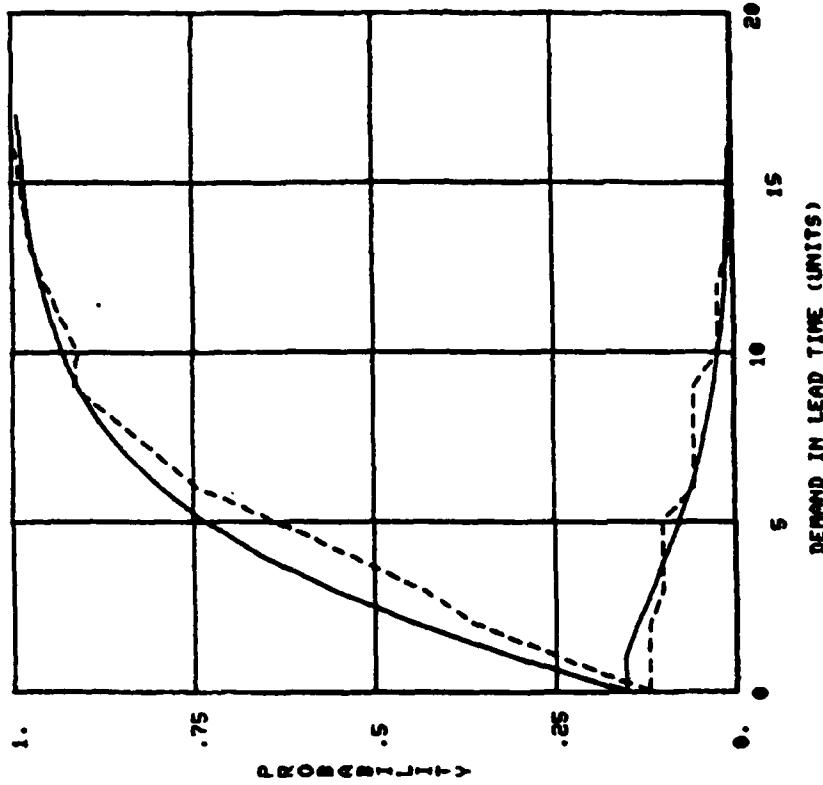


EXACT LPG PROBABILITIES  
SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
MAX CDF DIFFERENCE - 0.142 FOR X = 3

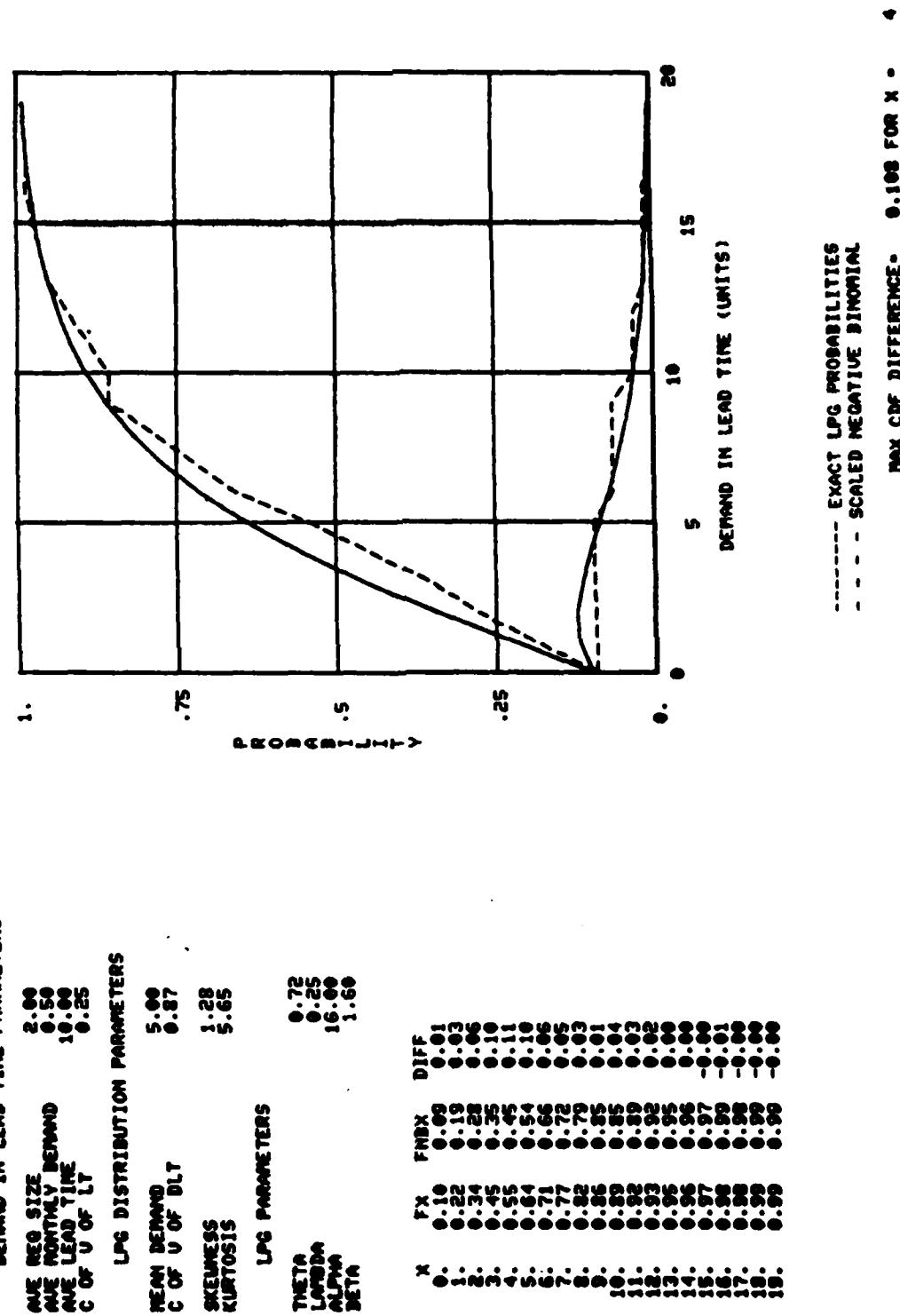
DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS	
MEAN REQ. SIZE	2.00
MEAN MONTHLY DEMAND	0.50
MEAN LEAD TIME	5.00
C OF U OF LT	0.25
LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	4.00
C OF U OF LDT	0.97
SKEWNESS	1.46
KURTOSIS	6.49
LPC PARAMETERS	
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	0.25
ALPHA	16.00
BETA	12.00

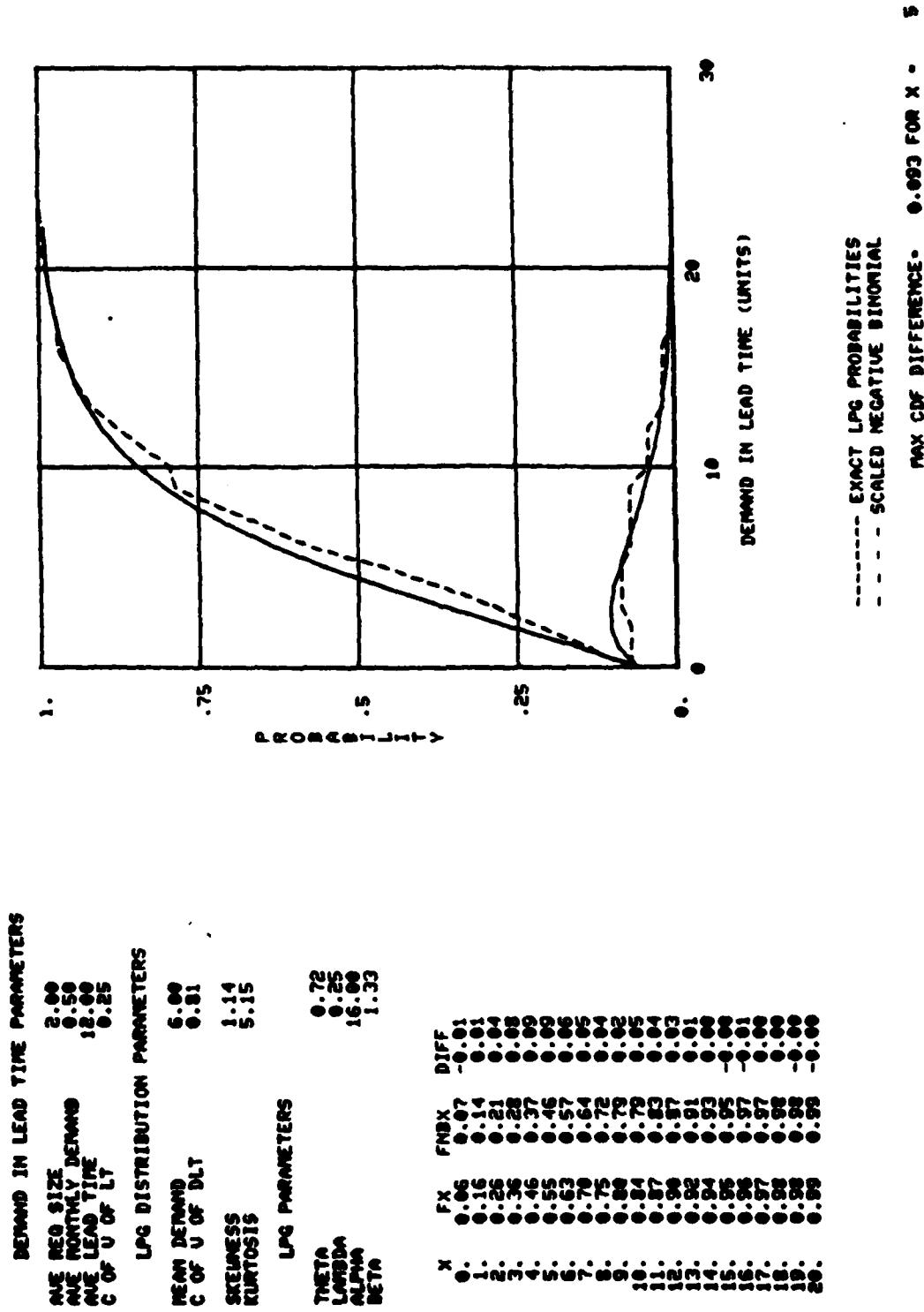
  

F(X)	0.15	0.31	0.47	0.56	0.67	0.77	0.85	0.90	0.93	0.95	0.97	0.98	0.99
FNBX	0.12	0.24	0.37	0.47	0.57	0.67	0.76	0.84	0.90	0.94	0.97	0.98	0.99
DIFF	0.03	0.07	0.10	0.09	0.09	0.09	0.08	0.06	0.03	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00
X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12



EXACT LPC PROBABILITIES  
 SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
 MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.126 FOR X = 3





## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>11</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>15</u>					
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo	.10	.50	1.00	1.50	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72					
Lambda	.05	.25	.50	.75	1.00					
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
Beta	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	.80	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00					
CV	2.11	.97	.71	.60	.53					
Skewness	3.52	1.46	.95	.73	.60					
Kurtosis	21.73	6.40	4.53	3.93	3.64					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>11</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>11</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>12</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>12</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>13</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>13</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>14</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>14</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>15</u> <u>LPG</u>	<u>15</u> <u>NB</u>
.50	0	1	3	4	7	8	11	12	15	15
.60	0	2	4	5	8	9	13	13	17	18
.70	1	2	5	6	10	11	15	15	19	20
.80	1	2	7	7	12	13	17	19	23	23
.85	2	2	8	8	14	14	19	20	26	26
.90	3	5	9	9	16	16	22	22	27	28
.95	4	5	12	12	19	19	25	26	32	32
.97	5	6	13	13	21	21	28	28	35	35
.99	8	8	17	16	26	25	34	33	41	40

Table II-4. Demand Rate Sensitivity for LO Base Case

## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

Ave Req Size  
Ave Monthly Demand  
Ave Lead Time  
C of V of LT

## LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

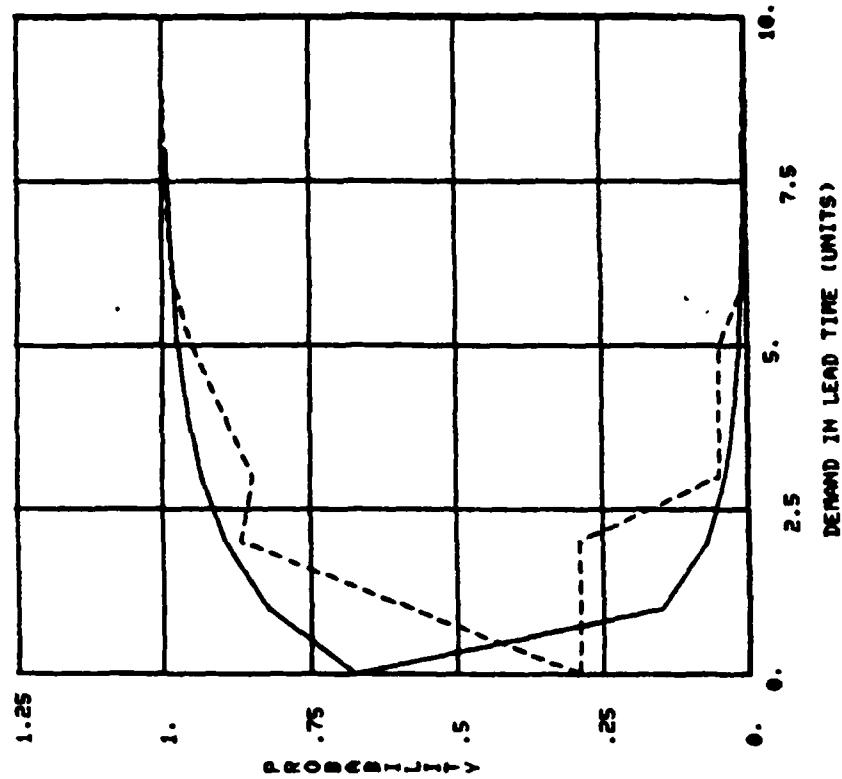
Mean Demand  
C of V of DLT

SKEWNESS  
KURTOSIS

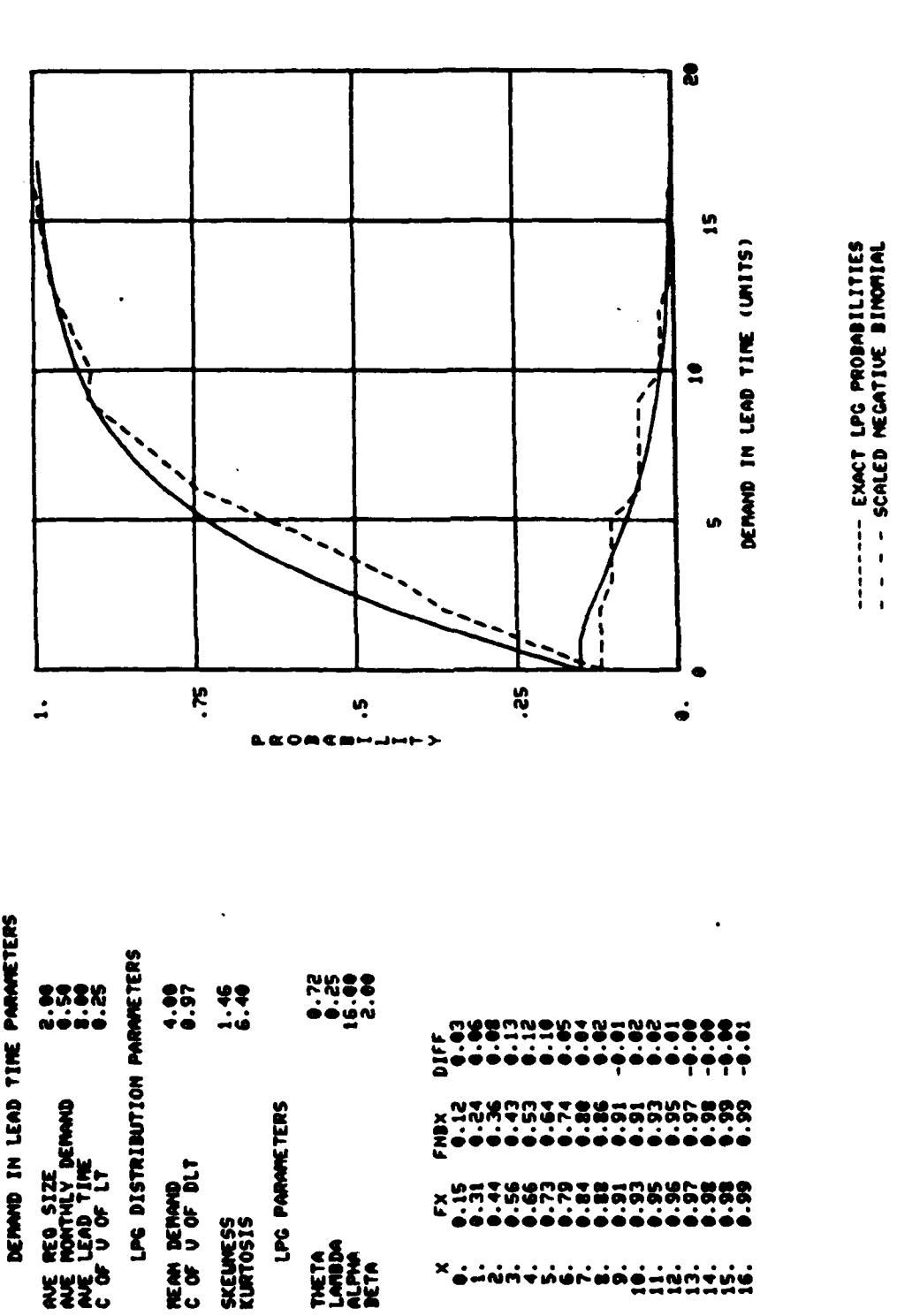
## LPC PARAMETERS

Theta  
Lambda  
Alpha  
Beta

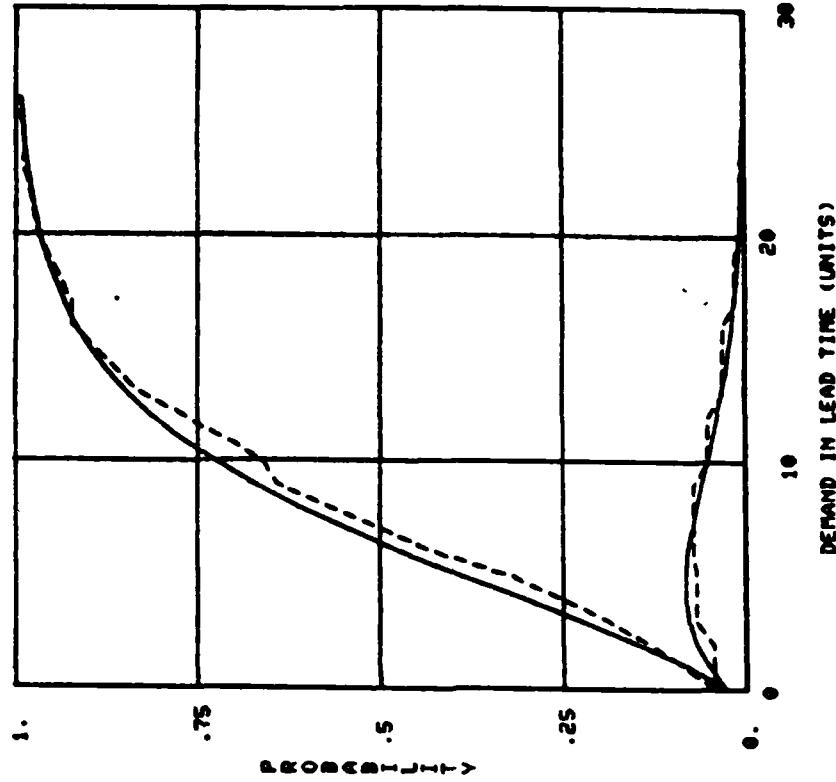
X	F <sub>X</sub>	F <sub>NB</sub> X	DIFF
0.1	0.67	0.29	0.38
0.2	0.82	0.53	0.24
0.3	0.87	0.63	0.24
0.4	0.93	0.69	0.24
0.5	0.95	0.72	0.23
0.6	0.95	0.72	0.23
0.7	0.97	0.75	0.22
0.8	0.98	0.78	0.20
0.9	0.98	0.80	0.18
1.0	0.99	0.82	0.17



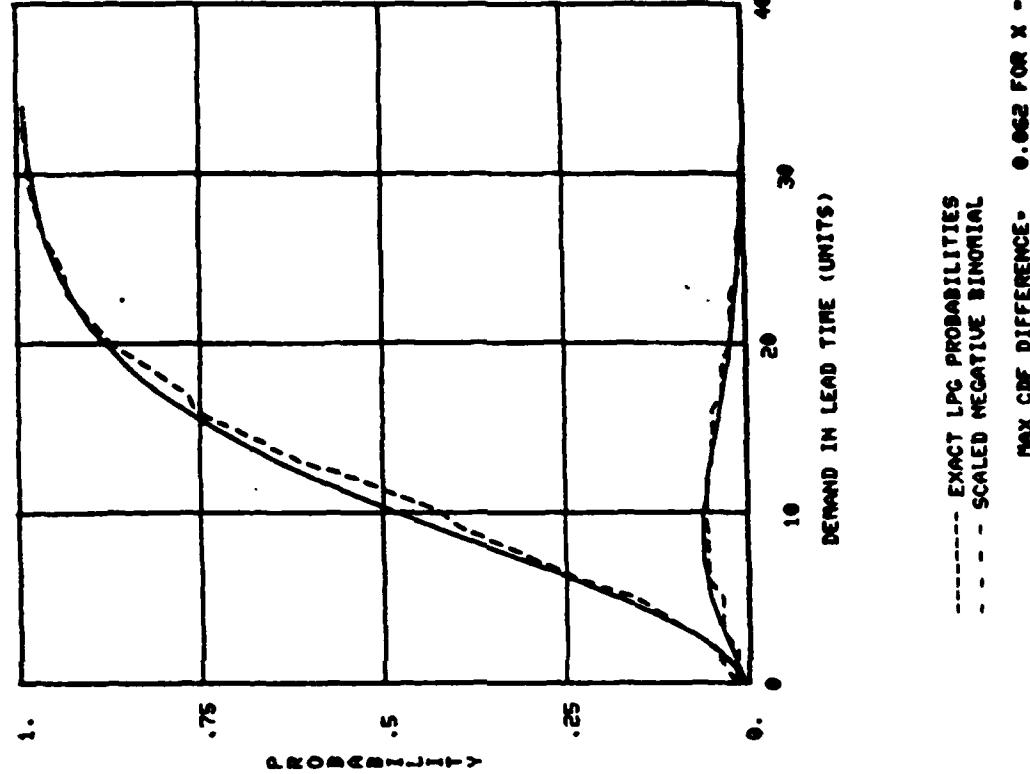
EXACT LPC PROBABILITIES  
----- SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.384 FOR X = 9



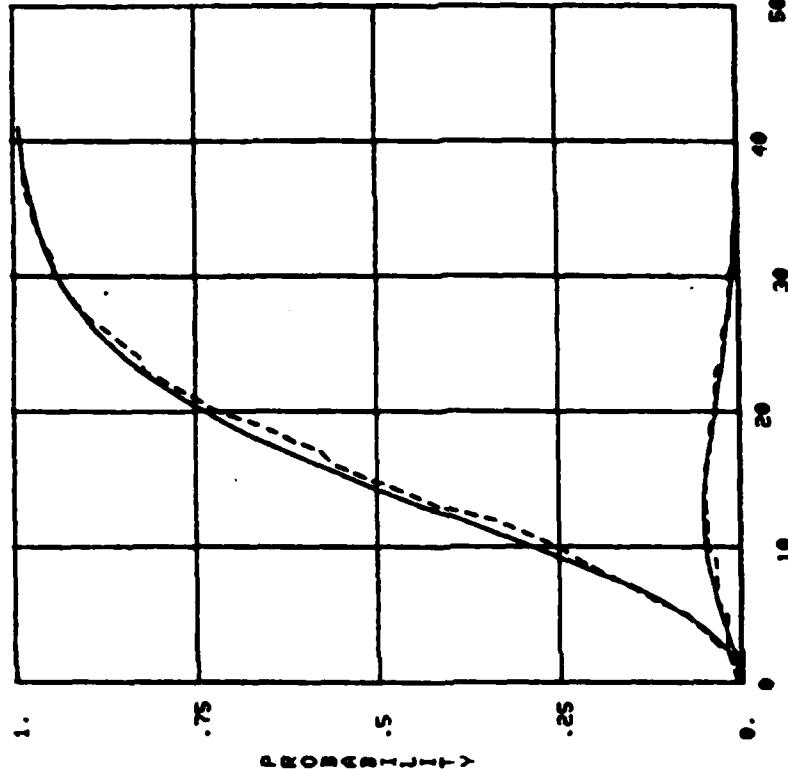
DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS	
AVE REQ SIZE	2.00
AVE MONTHLY DEMAND	1.00
AVE LEAD TIME	8.00
C OF U OF LT	0.25
LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	8.00
C OF U OF BLT	0.71
SKEWNESS	0.55
KURTOSIS	4.53
LPG PARAMETERS	
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	0.59
ALPHA	15.00
BETA	12.00



EXACT LPG PROBABILITIES  
 SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
 MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.076 FOR X = 5



DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS		LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS		LPC PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	2.00	MEAN DEMAND	12.00	THETA	0.72
MEAN SIZE	1.50	C OF V OF DLT	0.69	LAMBDA	0.75
MEAN MONTHLY DEMAND	3.00	SKEWNESS	0.73	ALPHA	15.00
MEAN LEAD TIME	0.25	KURTOSIS	3.92	BETA	2.00
C OF V OF LT	1.7				



EXACT LPG PROBABILITIES  
-----  
SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
-----  
MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.047 FOR X = 17

DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS	
ONE REQ SIZE	2.00
ONE MONTHLY DEMAND	2.00
ONE LEAD TIME	3.00
C OF U OF LT	0.26
LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	16.00
C OF U OF LT	0.53
SKEWNESS	0.61
KURTOSIS	3.61
LPG PARAMETERS	
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	1.00
ALPHA	16.00
BETA	12.00
DIFF	
FNBX	-0.01
FX	0.00
X	0.00

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATION

Data Set No.	<u>16</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>18</u>	<u>19</u>	<u>20</u>
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Ave. Demand/Mo.	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
Mean Lead Time	8	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
CV of Lead Time	.01	.25	.50	.75	1.0

LPG Parameter

Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72
Lambda	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
Alpha	1,000	16.00	4.00	1.78	1.00
Beta	1,250	2.00	.50	.22	.13

LPG Moments

Mean	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
CV	.94	.97	1.06	1.20	1.37
Skewness	1.61	1.46	1.21	1.13	1.29
Kurtosis	6.84	6.40	5.55	5.15	5.76

<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>16</u>		<u>17</u>		<u>18</u>		<u>19</u>		<u>20</u>	
	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>								
.50	3	4	3	4	3	4	2	3	2	2
.60	4	5	4	5	4	5	3	5	3	4
.70	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6	5	6
.80	7	7	7	7	7	8	7	8	7	8
.85	8	8	8	8	8	9	8	9	9	9
.90	9	9	9	9	10	11	10	11	11	12
.95	11	12	12	12	12	13	14	14	15	15
.97	13	13	13	13	14	14	16	17	18	19
.99	17	15	17	16	19	19	21	21	25	25

Table 11-5. Lead Time Variability Sensitivity for LO Base Case

## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

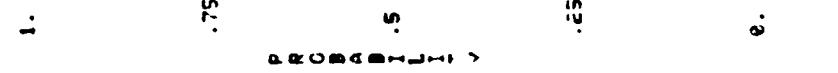
AUE REQ SIZE	2.00
AUE MONTHLY DEMAND	0.50
AUE LEAD TIME	8.00
CDF J OF LT	0.01

## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

MEAN DEMAND	4.00
CDF J OF LT	0.54
SKEWNESS	1.61
KURTOSIS	6.84

## LPG PARAMETERS

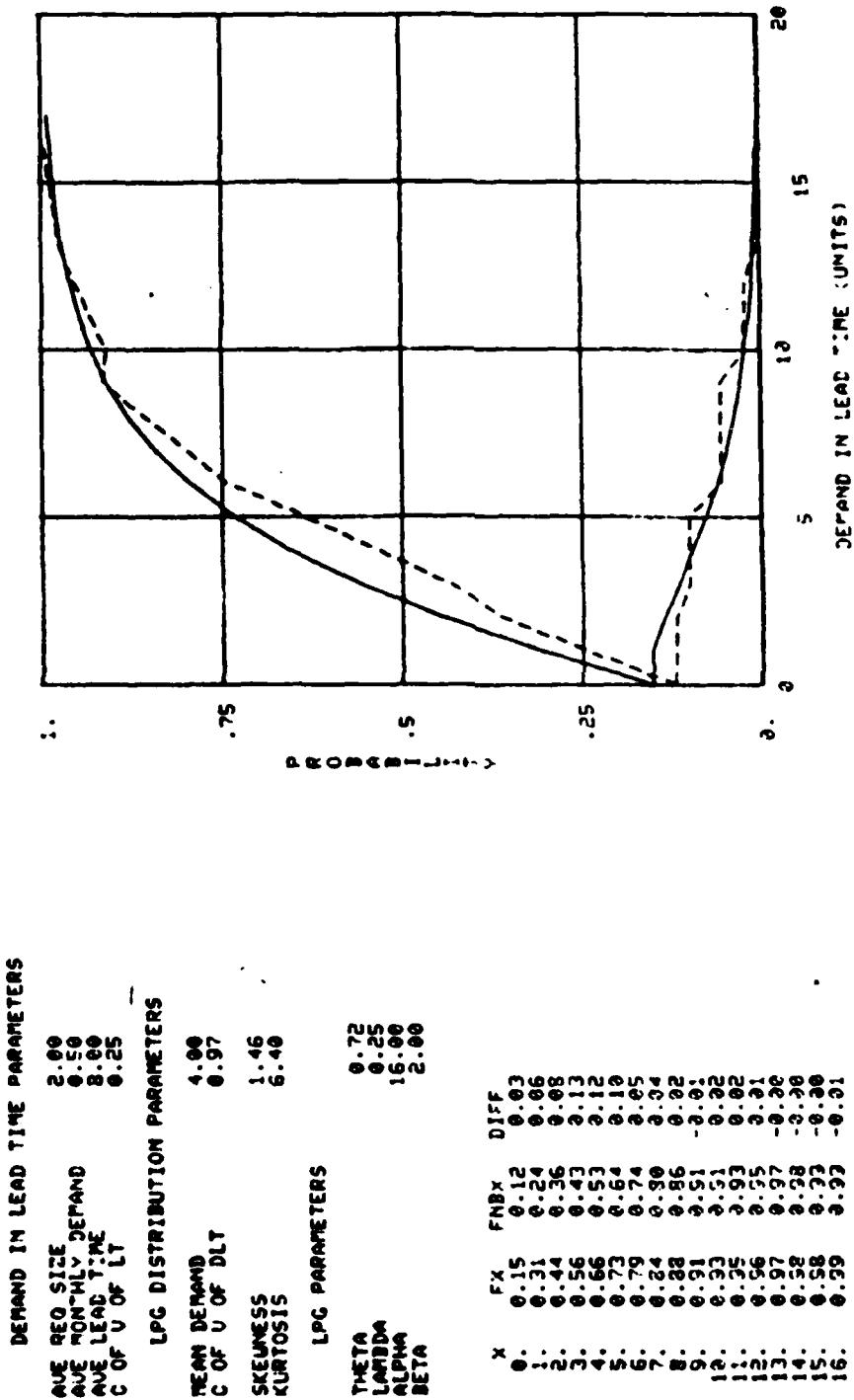
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	0.25
ALPHA	10000.00
BETA	1250.00



DEMAND IN LEAD TIME (UNITS)

LPG PROBABILITIES  
TOLERANCE  
THE CDF DIFFERENCE • A.13: FOR X = 2

MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.126 FCR X = 3



## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

Avg Req Size	2.00
Avg Monthly Demand	0.50
Avg Lead Time	3.00
C of U of LT	0.50

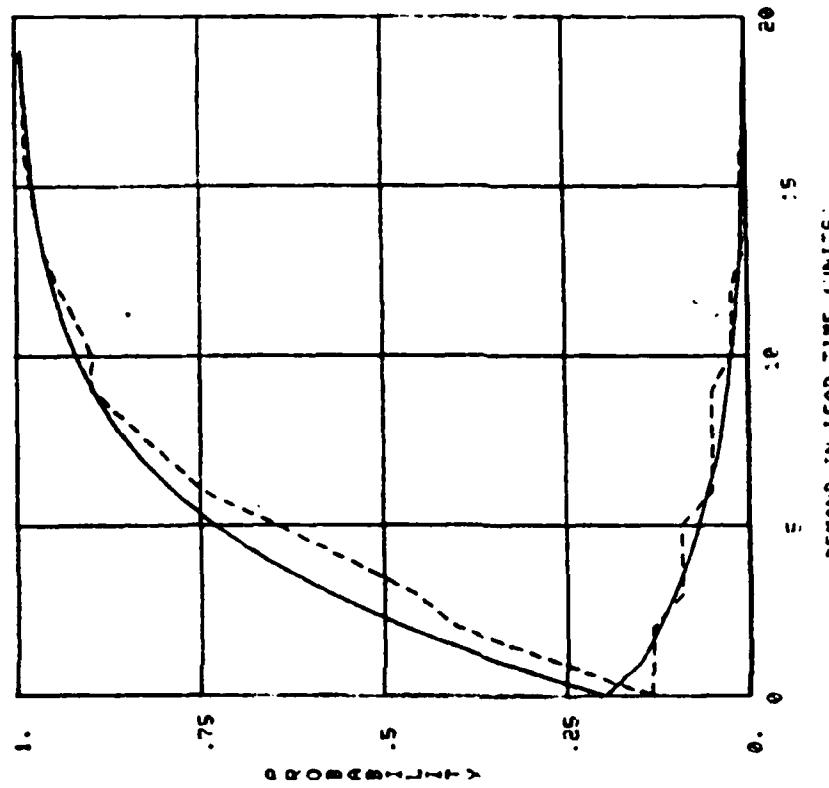
## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

Mean Demand	4.00
C of U of DLT	1.00
SKEWNESS	1.21
KURTOSIS	5.55

## LPG PARAMETERS

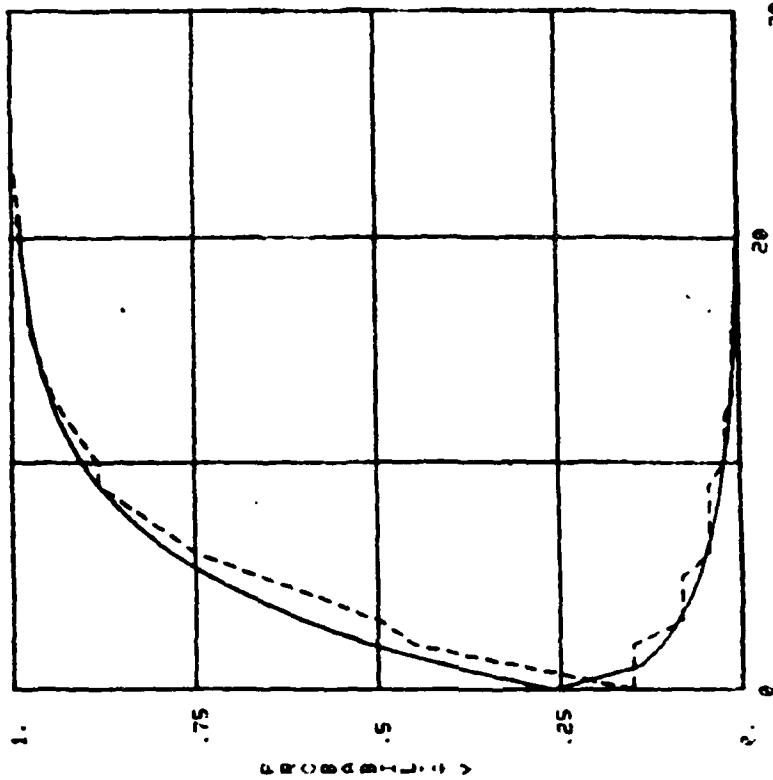
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	0.25
ALPHA	4.00
BETA	0.50

X	F(X)	FNB(X)	DIFF
0.1	0.12	0.13	-0.01
0.2	0.24	0.27	-0.03
0.3	0.35	0.39	-0.04
0.4	0.47	0.51	-0.04
0.5	0.58	0.61	-0.03
0.6	0.68	0.71	-0.03
0.7	0.76	0.78	-0.02
0.8	0.82	0.84	-0.02
0.9	0.86	0.86	0.00
1.0	0.89	0.89	0.00
1.1	0.91	0.91	0.00
1.2	0.92	0.92	0.00
1.3	0.93	0.93	0.00
1.4	0.94	0.94	0.00
1.5	0.95	0.95	0.00
1.6	0.96	0.96	0.00
1.7	0.97	0.97	0.00
1.8	0.98	0.98	0.00
1.9	0.99	0.99	0.00
2.0	1.00	1.00	0.00



EXACT LPG DISTRIBUTION  
-- SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
Max Diff DIFFERENCE = 0.116 FOR x = 3

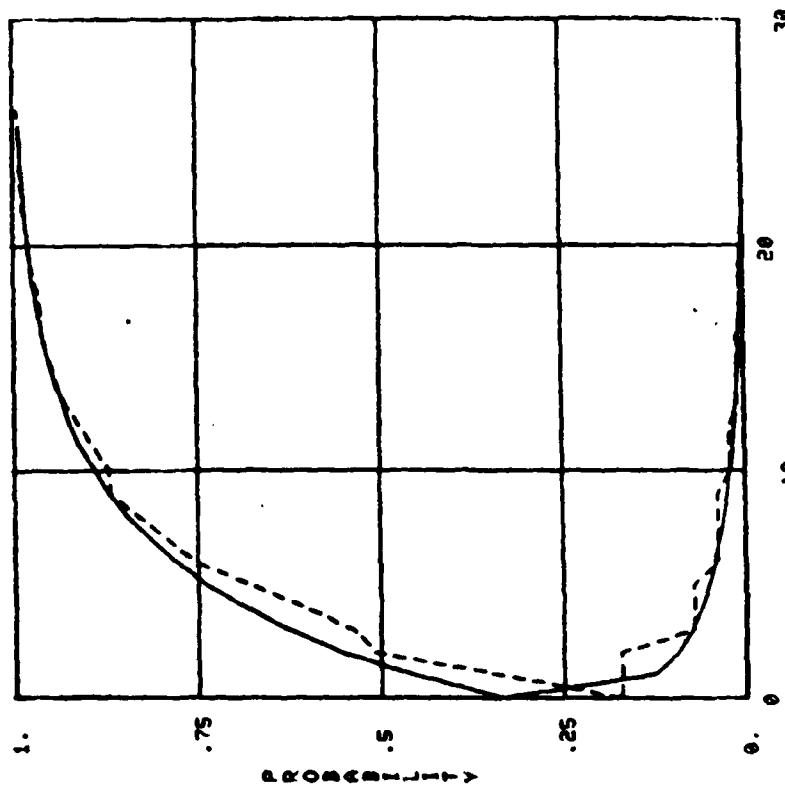
DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS			
AVE REQ SIZE	2.00		
AVE MONTHLY DEMAND	0.50		
AVE LEAD TIME	8.00		
C OF U OF LT	0.75		
LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS			
MEAN DEMAND	4.00		
C OF U OF DLT	1.20		
SKEWNESS	1.13		
KURTOSIS	5.15		
LPG PARAMETERS			
THETA	0.72		
LAMBDA	0.25		
ALPHA	1.78		
BETA	0.22		



DEMAND IN LEAD TIME UNITS:

--- EXACT LPG PROBABILITIES  
- - SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
MAX COF DIFFERENCE = 0.111 FOR X = 10

DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS	
AUE REQ SIZE	2.00
AUE MONTY DEMAND	0.50
AUE EAOE DEMAND	0.90
CDF OF LT	1.00
MEAN DEMAND	4.00
C PDF OF LT	1.37
LGU DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS	
SKENESS	0.29
KURTOSIS	5.76
LPG PARAMETERS	
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	0.25
ALPHA	0.00
BETA	0.13

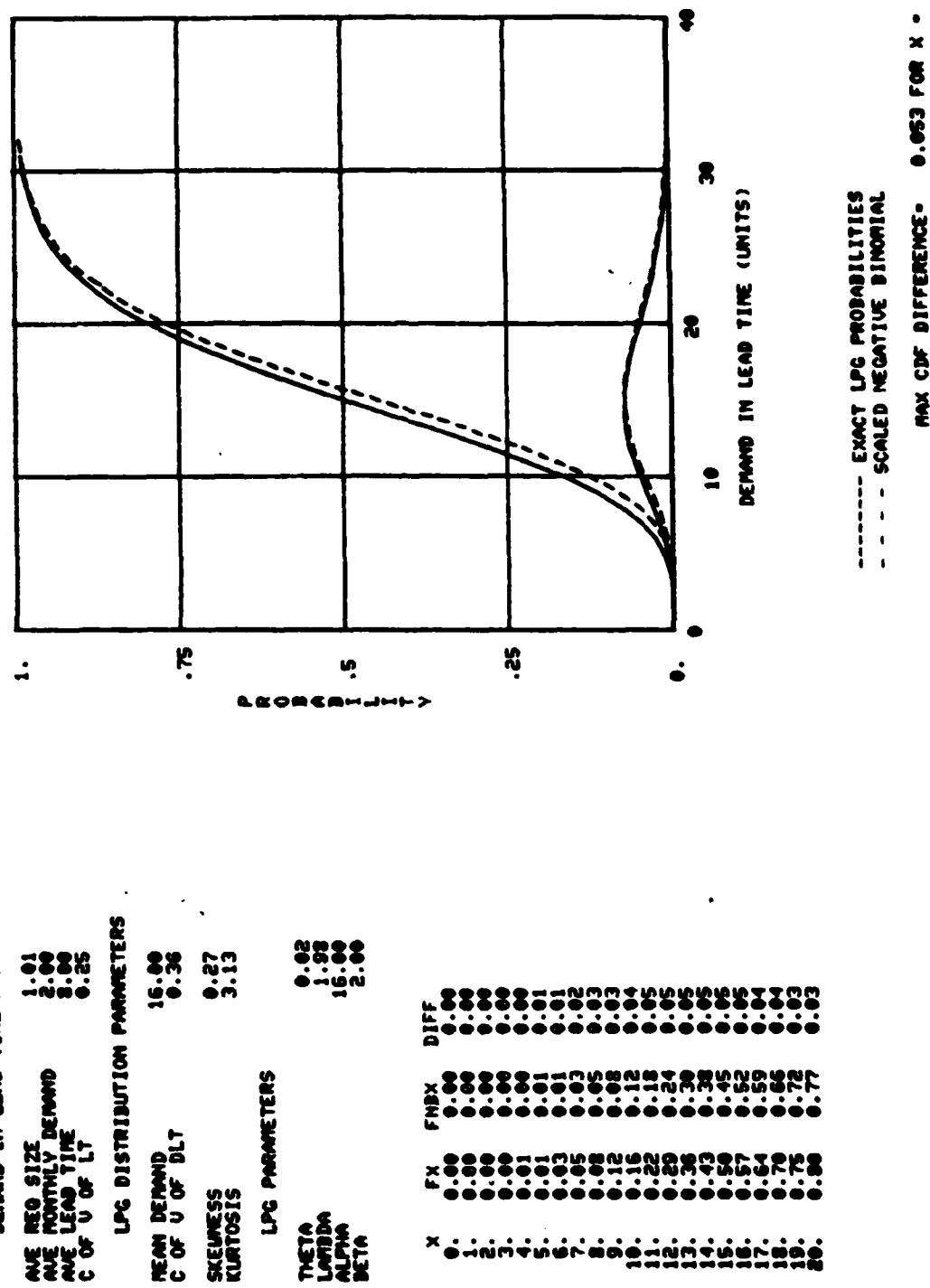


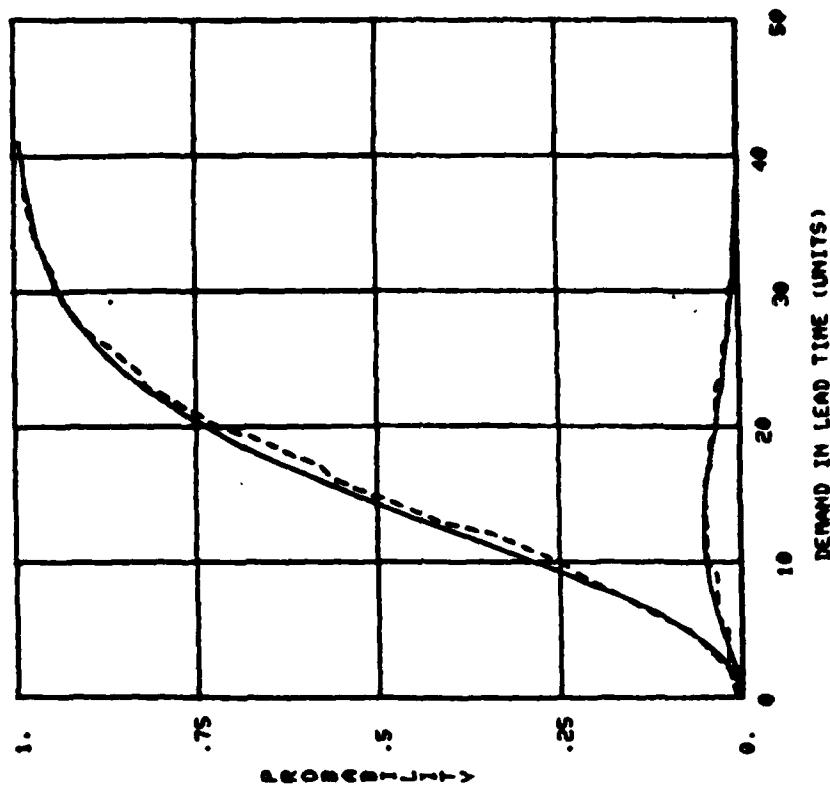
• 0.64 FCR X •  
 MAX DEMAND  
 EXAC! PDS PROBABILITY:1.1-1.3

## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>					
Ave. Req. Size	1.01	2.00	4.00	8.00	16.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.02	.72	.90	.96	.99					
Lambda	1.98	1.00	.50	.25	.13					
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
Beta	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
CV	.36	.53	.84	1.33	2.09					
Skewness	.27	.60	1.35	2.44	4.02					
Kurtosis	3.13	3.64	5.97	12.32	27.79					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>21</u>	<u>22</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>25</u>					
	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>				
.50	15	16	15	15	13	14	8	13	2	22
.60	17	18	17	18	16	19	12	18	5	26
.70	19	19	19	20	20	23	18	26	11	31
.80	21	21	23	23	25	27	27	35	23	37
.85	22	22	25	26	29	31	33	39	33	56
.90	24	24	27	28	34	35	43	47	50	75
.95	26	27	32	32	42	42	59	61	80	93
.97	28	28	35	34	49	46	72	67	105	101
.99	31	32	41	40	61	57	99	88	163	148

Table II-6. Requisition Size Sensitivity for HI Base Case

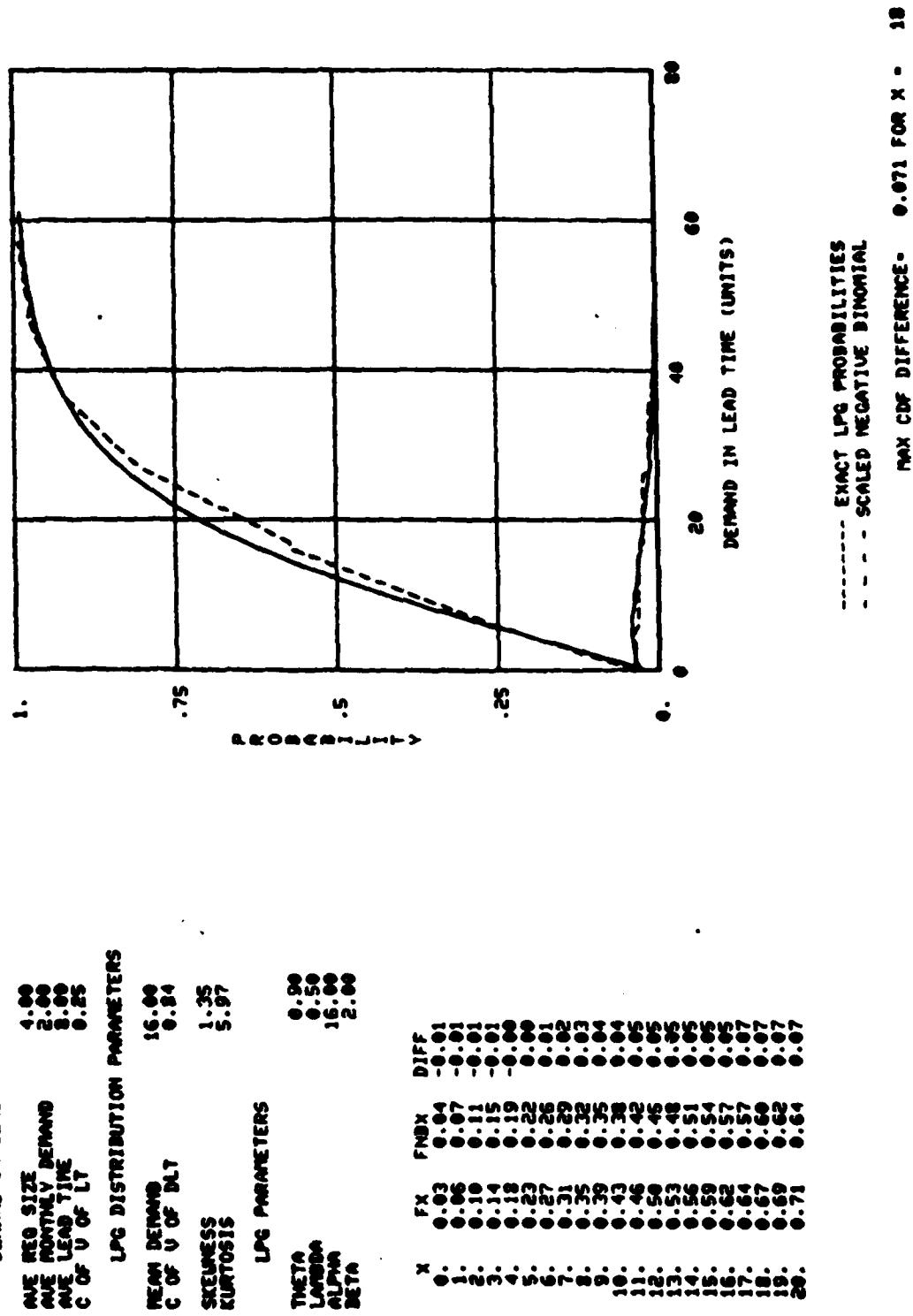


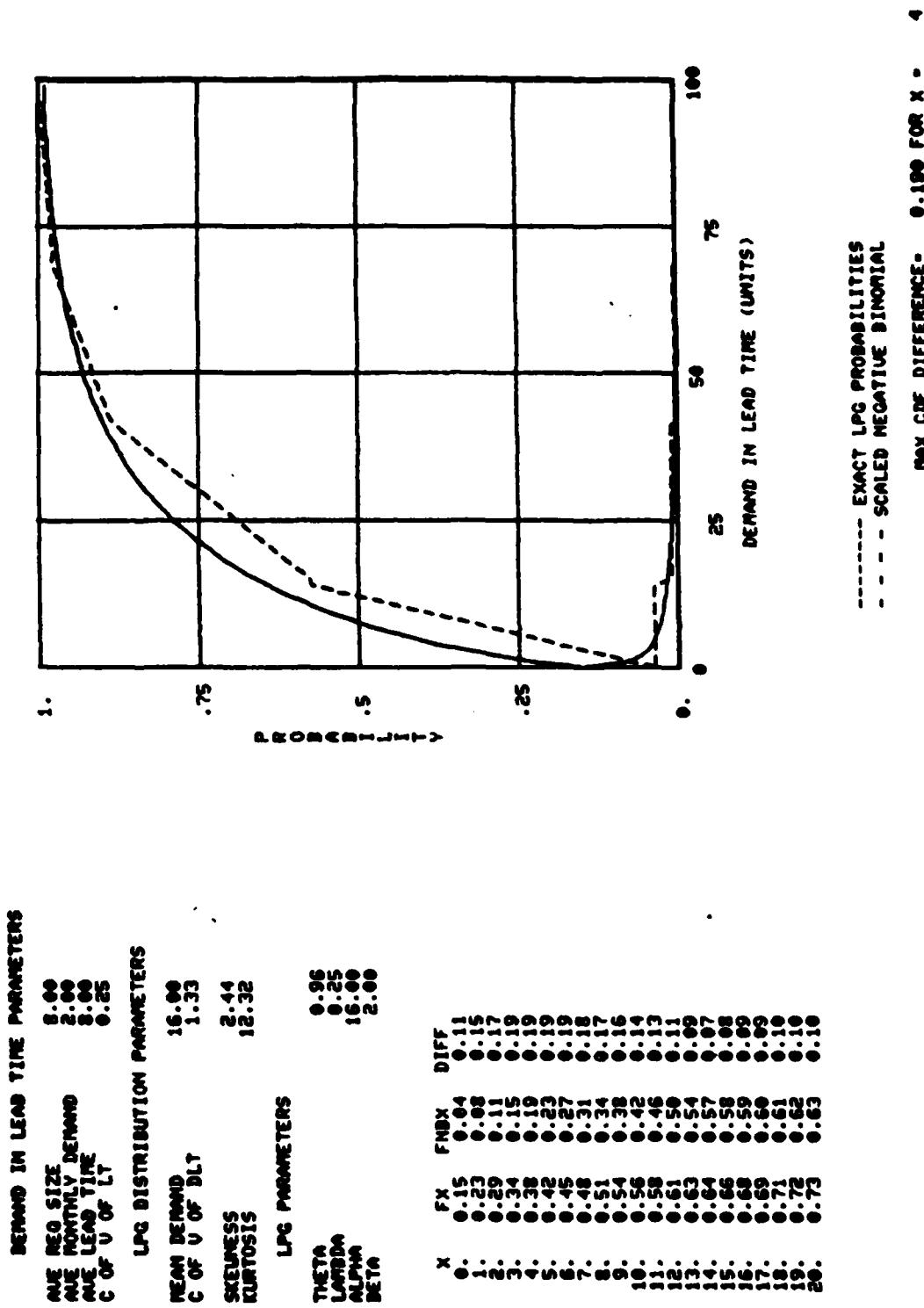


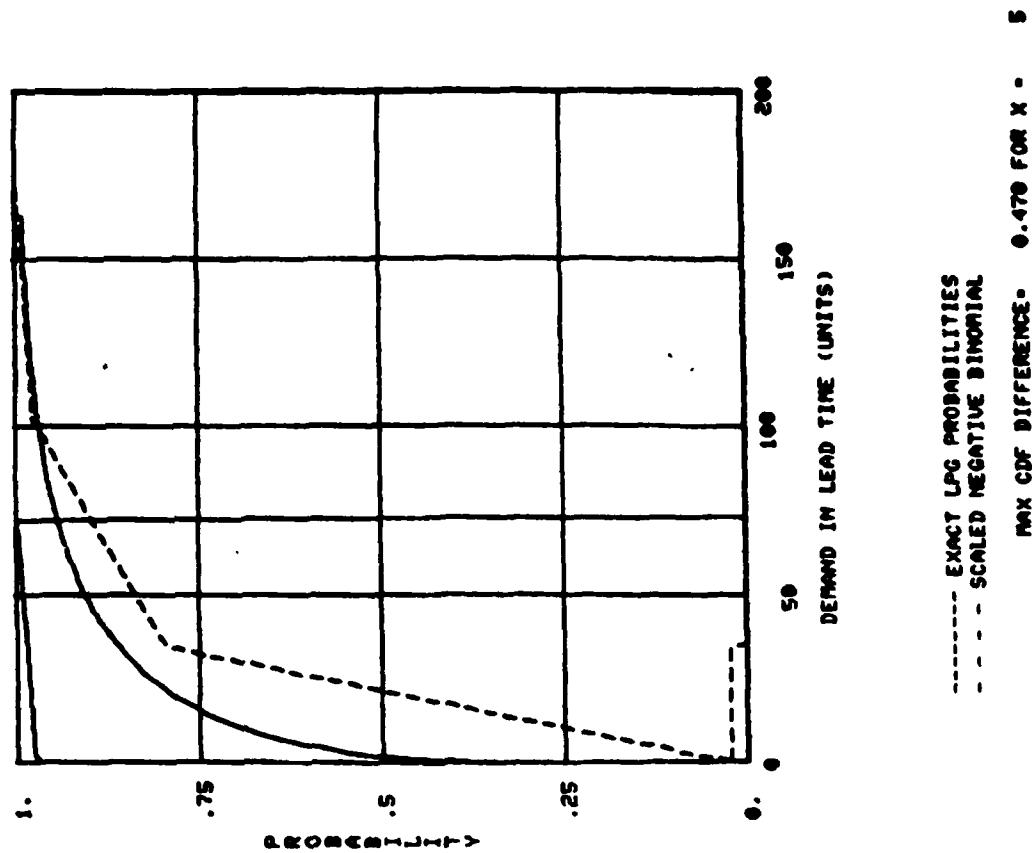
EXACT LPC PROBABILITIES  
 - - - SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
 MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.047 FOR X = 17

DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS	
ONE REG SIZE	2.00
ONE MONTHLY DEMAND	0.00
ONE LEAD TIME	0.00
C OF U OF LT	0.00
LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	16.00
C OF U OF DLT	0.53
SKEWNESS	0.00
KURTOSIS	3.64
LPC PARAMETERS	
THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	1.00
ALPHA	1.00
ETA	1.00

DIFF	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000
FNBX	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000
Fx	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000
X	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000	0.000000000000000







## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

Avg Reo Size 16.00  
Avg Monthly Demand 2.00  
Avg Lead Time 8.00  
C of U of LT 0.25

## LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

Avg Demand 16.00  
C of U of DLT 2.00  
Skewness 4.00  
Kurtosis 27.70

## LPC PARAMETERS

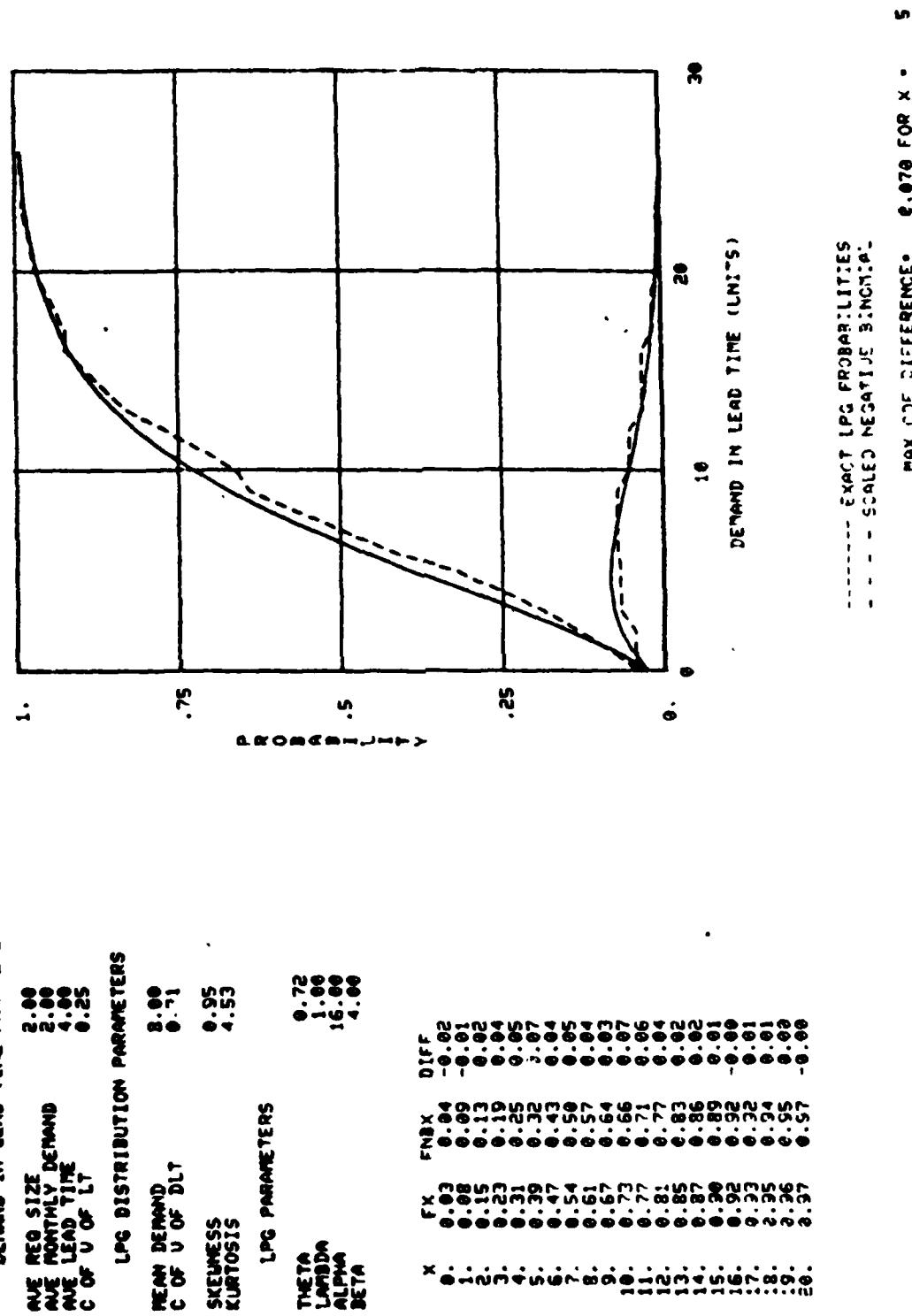
Theta 0.50  
Lambda 0.13  
Alpha 15.00  
Beta 12.00

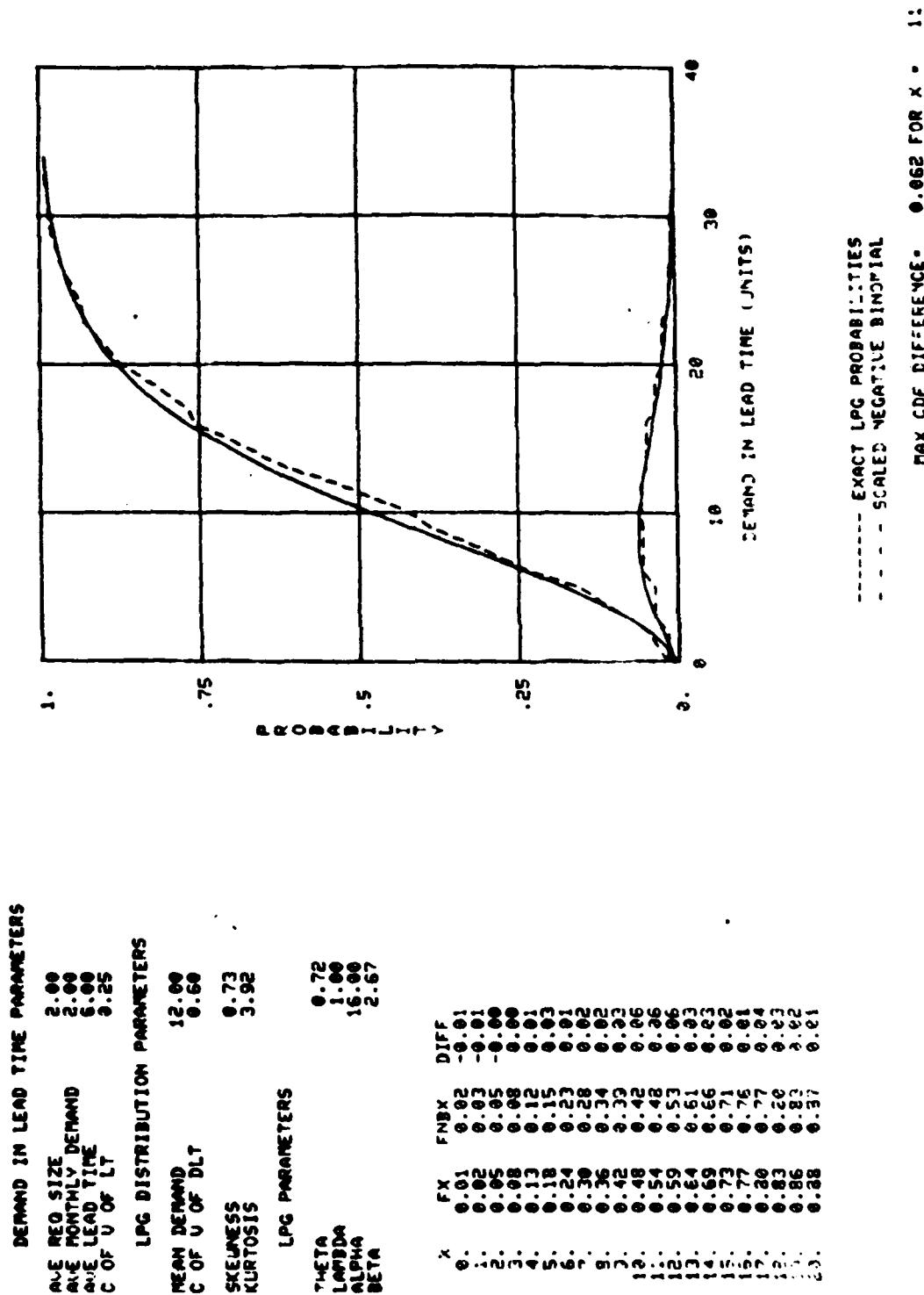
	DIFF	FNDX	FX	X
0.36	0.42	0.47	0.47	0.47
0.37	0.43	0.48	0.48	0.48
0.38	0.44	0.53	0.53	0.53
0.39	0.45	0.58	0.58	0.58
0.40	0.46	0.63	0.63	0.63
0.41	0.47	0.68	0.68	0.68
0.42	0.48	0.73	0.73	0.73
0.43	0.49	0.78	0.78	0.78
0.44	0.50	0.83	0.83	0.83
0.45	0.51	0.88	0.88	0.88
0.46	0.52	0.93	0.93	0.93
0.47	0.53	0.98	0.98	0.98
0.48	0.54	1.03	1.03	1.03
0.49	0.55	1.08	1.08	1.08
0.50	0.56	1.13	1.13	1.13
0.51	0.57	1.18	1.18	1.18
0.52	0.58	1.23	1.23	1.23
0.53	0.59	1.28	1.28	1.28
0.54	0.60	1.33	1.33	1.33
0.55	0.61	1.38	1.38	1.38
0.56	0.62	1.43	1.43	1.43
0.57	0.63	1.48	1.48	1.48
0.58	0.64	1.53	1.53	1.53
0.59	0.65	1.58	1.58	1.58
0.60	0.66	1.63	1.63	1.63
0.61	0.67	1.68	1.68	1.68
0.62	0.68	1.73	1.73	1.73
0.63	0.69	1.78	1.78	1.78
0.64	0.70	1.83	1.83	1.83
0.65	0.71	1.88	1.88	1.88
0.66	0.72	1.93	1.93	1.93
0.67	0.73	1.98	1.98	1.98
0.68	0.74	2.03	2.03	2.03
0.69	0.75	2.08	2.08	2.08
0.70	0.76	2.13	2.13	2.13
0.71	0.77	2.18	2.18	2.18
0.72	0.78	2.23	2.23	2.23
0.73	0.79	2.28	2.28	2.28
0.74	0.80	2.33	2.33	2.33
0.75	0.81	2.38	2.38	2.38
0.76	0.82	2.43	2.43	2.43
0.77	0.83	2.48	2.48	2.48
0.78	0.84	2.53	2.53	2.53
0.79	0.85	2.58	2.58	2.58
0.80	0.86	2.63	2.63	2.63
0.81	0.87	2.68	2.68	2.68
0.82	0.88	2.73	2.73	2.73
0.83	0.89	2.78	2.78	2.78
0.84	0.90	2.83	2.83	2.83
0.85	0.91	2.88	2.88	2.88
0.86	0.92	2.93	2.93	2.93
0.87	0.93	2.98	2.98	2.98
0.88	0.94	3.03	3.03	3.03
0.89	0.95	3.08	3.08	3.08
0.90	0.96	3.13	3.13	3.13
0.91	0.97	3.18	3.18	3.18
0.92	0.98	3.23	3.23	3.23
0.93	0.99	3.28	3.28	3.28
0.94	1.00	3.33	3.33	3.33
0.95	1.01	3.38	3.38	3.38
0.96	1.02	3.43	3.43	3.43
0.97	1.03	3.48	3.48	3.48
0.98	1.04	3.53	3.53	3.53
0.99	1.05	3.58	3.58	3.58
1.00	1.06	3.63	3.63	3.63

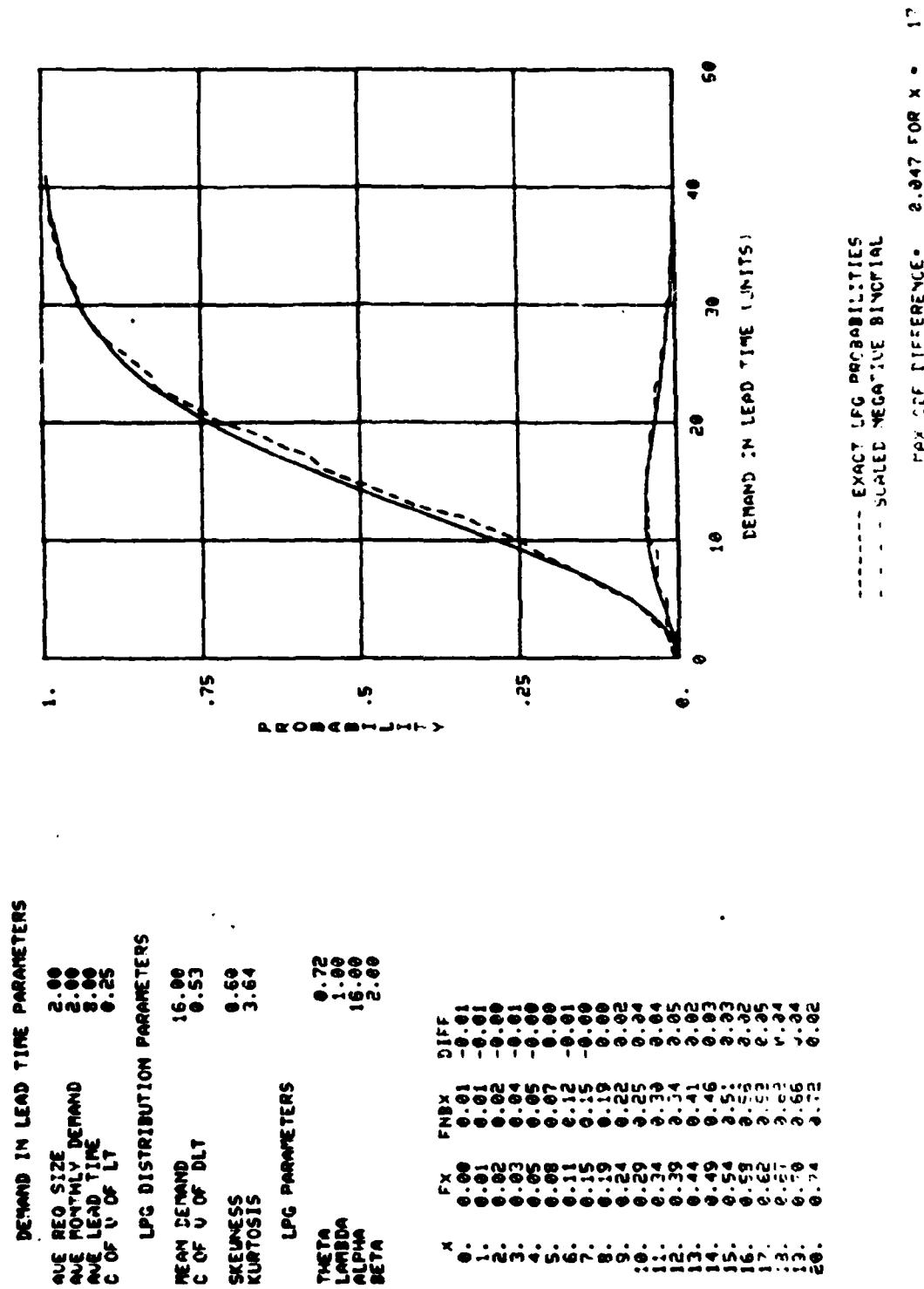
## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>					
Ave. Req Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	4.00	6.00	8.00	10.00	12.00					
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72					
Lambda	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
Beta	4.00	2.67	2.00	1.60	1.33					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	8.00	12.00	16.00	20.00	24.00					
CV	.71	.60	.53	.49	.46					
Skewness	.95	.73	.60	.52	.47					
Kurtosis	4.53	3.92	3.64	3.48	3.38					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>30</u>					
	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>		
.50	7	8	11	12	15	15	19	20	23	23
.60	8	9	13	13	17	18	21	22	25	26
.70	10	11	15	15	19	20	24	25	29	29
.80	12	13	17	19	23	23	28	28	33	33
.85	14	14	19	20	25	26	30	30	35	36
.90	16	16	22	22	27	28	33	34	39	39
.95	19	19	25	26	32	32	38	37	44	44
.97	21	21	28	28	35	34	41	41	48	48
.99	26	25	34	33	41	40	48	48	55	55

Table II-7. Lead Time Sensitivity for HI Base Case







## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

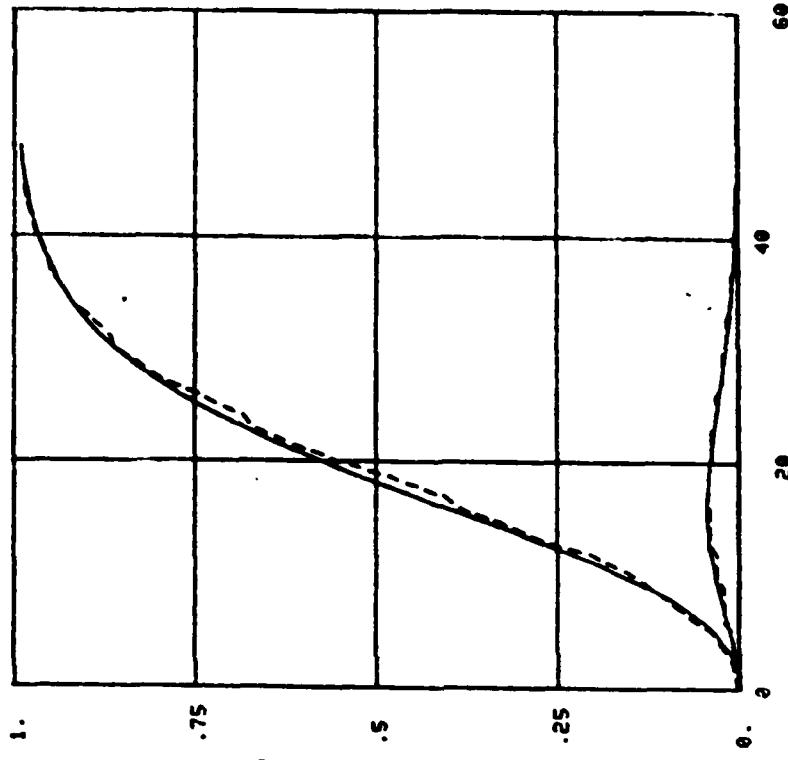
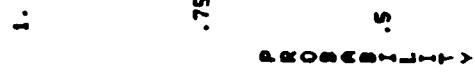
Ave Req Size	2.00
Ave Monthly Demand	2.00
Ave Lead Time	10.00
C of V of LT	0.25

## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

Mean Demand	20.00
C of V of LDT	0.49
SKEWNESS	0.52
KURTOSIS	3.48

## LPG PARAMETERS

THETA	0.72
LAMBDA	1.00
ALPHA	16.00
BETA	1.00



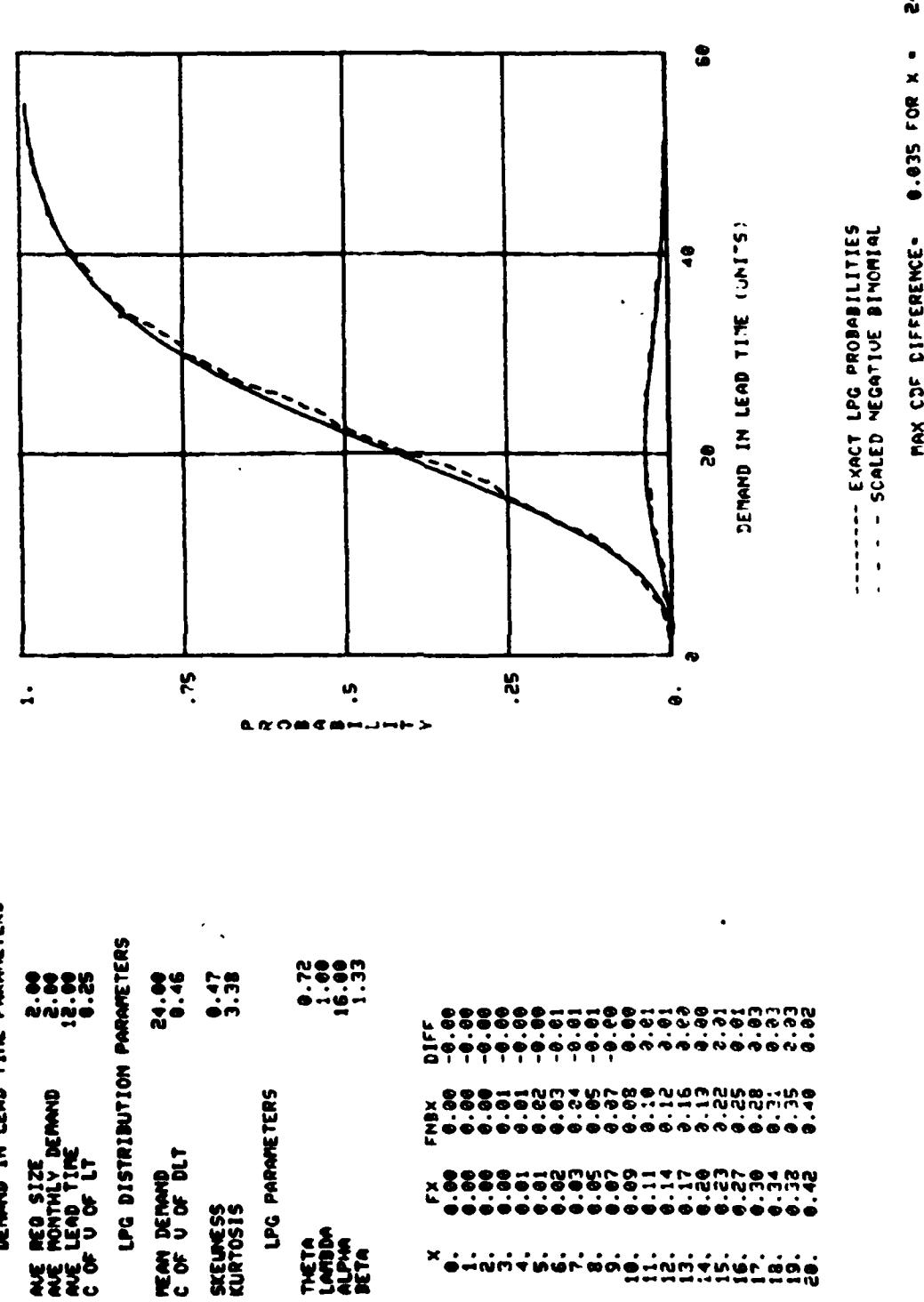
DEMAND IN LEAD TIME (UNITS)

0 20 40 60

— Exact LFG Probabilities  
- - - Scaled Negative Binomial

TAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.04E FOR X = 18

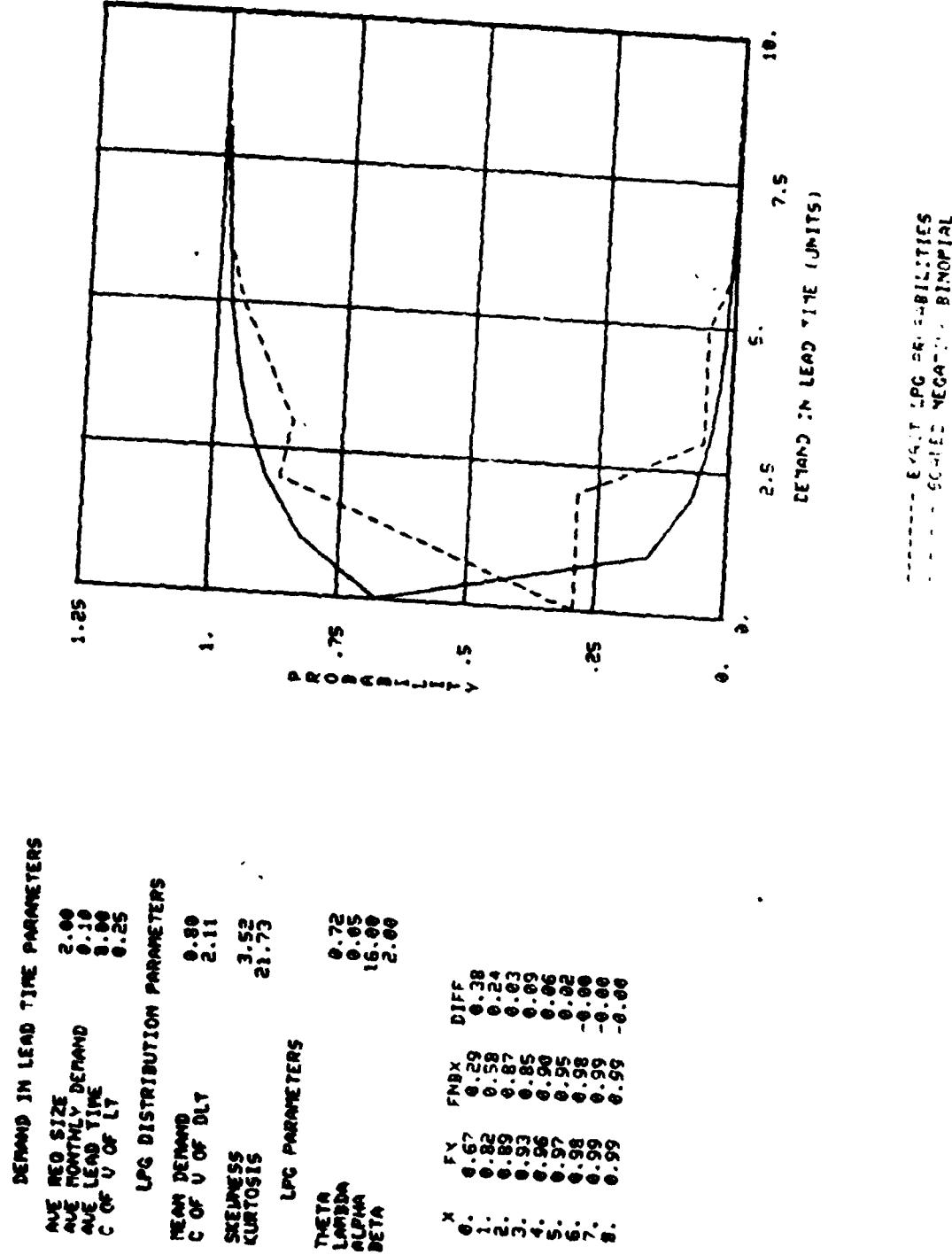
X	F(X)	F(NX)	DIFF
0	0.00	0.00	-0.00
1	0.01	0.01	-0.00
2	0.02	0.02	-0.00
3	0.03	0.03	-0.00
4	0.05	0.05	-0.00
5	0.07	0.06	-0.01
6	0.09	0.08	-0.01
7	0.10	0.10	-0.00
8	0.10	0.12	-0.02
9	0.09	0.13	-0.04
10	0.08	0.14	-0.06
11	0.06	0.12	-0.02
12	0.04	0.10	-0.04
13	0.02	0.08	-0.06
14	0.01	0.05	-0.04
15	0.00	0.02	-0.02
16	0.00	0.00	-0.00
17	0.00	0.00	-0.00
18	0.00	0.00	-0.00
19	0.00	0.00	-0.00
20	0.00	0.00	-0.00



## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

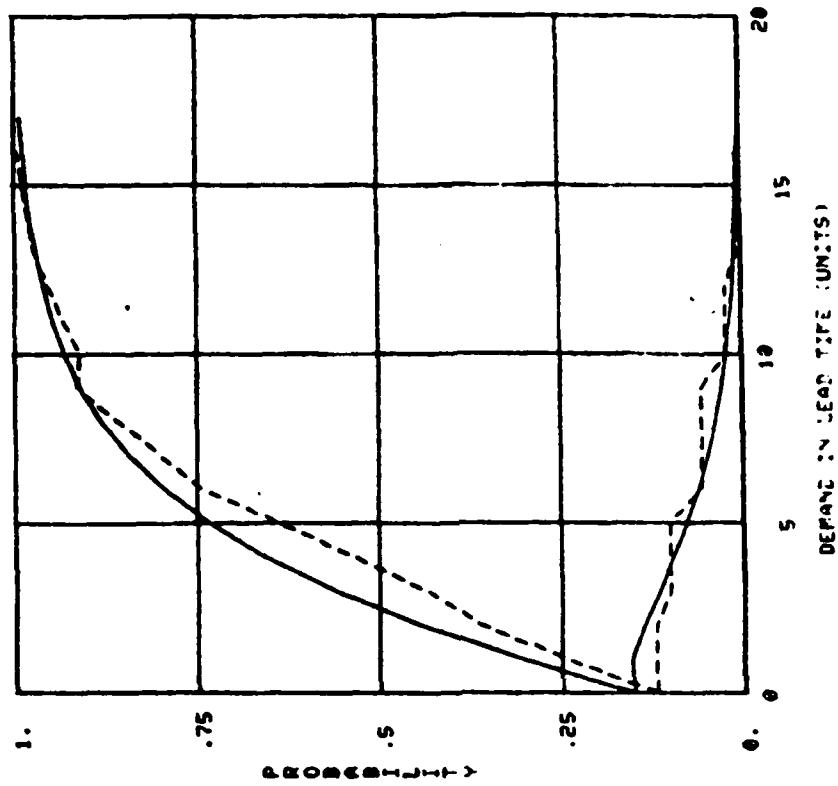
<u>Data Set No.</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>34</u>	<u>35</u>
Ave. Req Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Ave. Demand/Mo.	.10	.50	1.00	1.50	2.00
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00
CV of Lead Time	.25	.25	.25	.25	.25
<u>LPG Parameter</u>					
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72
Lambda ..	.05	.25	.50	.75	1.00
Alpha	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00
Beta	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
<u>LPG Moments</u>					
Mean	.80	4.00	8.00	12.00	16.00
CV	2.11	.97	.71	.60	.53
Skewness	3.52	1.46	.95	.73	.60
Kurtosos	21.73	6.40	4.53	3.92	3.64
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>31</u> <u>LPG</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>32</u> <u>LPG</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>33</u> <u>LPG</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>34</u> <u>LPG</u> <u>NB</u>	<u>35</u> <u>LPG</u> <u>NB</u>
.50	0    1	3    4	7    8	11    12	15    15
.60	0    2	4    5	8    9	13    13	17    18
.70	1    2	5    6	10    11	15    15	19    20
.80	1    2	7    7	12    13	17    19	23    23
.85	2    2	8    8	14    14	19    20	25    26
.90	3    5	1    9	16    16	22    22	27    28
.95	4    5	12    12	19    19	25    26	32    32
.97	5    6	13    3	21    21	28    28	35    34
.99	8    8	17    16	26    25	34    33	41    40

Table II-8. Demand Rate Sensitivity for HI Base Case



MAX CDF DIFFERENCE. 0 : .26 FOR X = 3

EXACT LPG PROBABILITIES  
SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL



#### DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

ONE REQ SIZE 2.00  
ONE MONTHLY DEMAND 0.50  
ONE LEAD TIME 0.00  
C OF U OF DLT 0.25

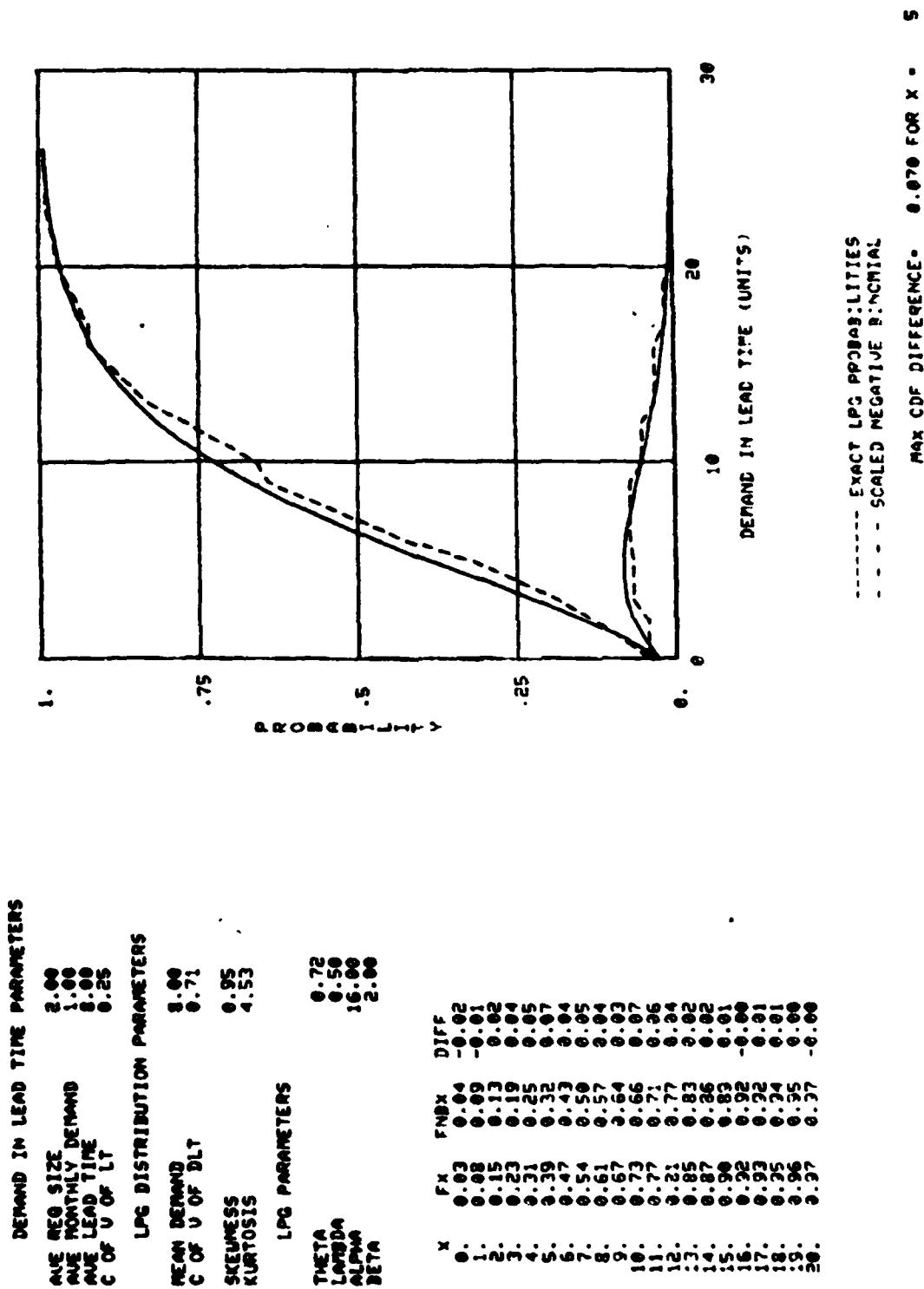
#### LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

MEAN DEMAND 4.00  
C OF V OF DLT 0.97  
SKEWNESS 1.16  
KURTOSIS 6.40

#### LPG PARAMETERS

THETA 0.72  
LAMBDA 0.25  
ALPHA 15.00  
BETA 2.00

X	F(X)	F(NX)	D(NF)
0.15	0.15	0.12	0.03
0.31	0.31	0.24	0.08
0.47	0.47	0.35	0.13
0.63	0.63	0.43	0.19
0.79	0.79	0.53	0.25
0.95	0.95	0.61	0.32
1.11	1.11	0.69	0.39
1.27	1.27	0.74	0.46
1.43	1.43	0.79	0.53
1.59	1.59	0.83	0.60
1.75	1.75	0.86	0.67
1.91	1.91	0.89	0.74
2.07	2.07	0.91	0.81
2.23	2.23	0.93	0.88
2.39	2.39	0.95	0.95
2.55	2.55	0.96	0.98
2.71	2.71	0.97	0.99
2.87	2.87	0.98	0.99
3.03	3.03	0.98	0.99
3.19	3.19	0.98	0.99
3.35	3.35	0.98	0.99
3.51	3.51	0.98	0.99
3.67	3.67	0.98	0.99
3.83	3.83	0.98	0.99
4.00	4.00	0.98	0.99



## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

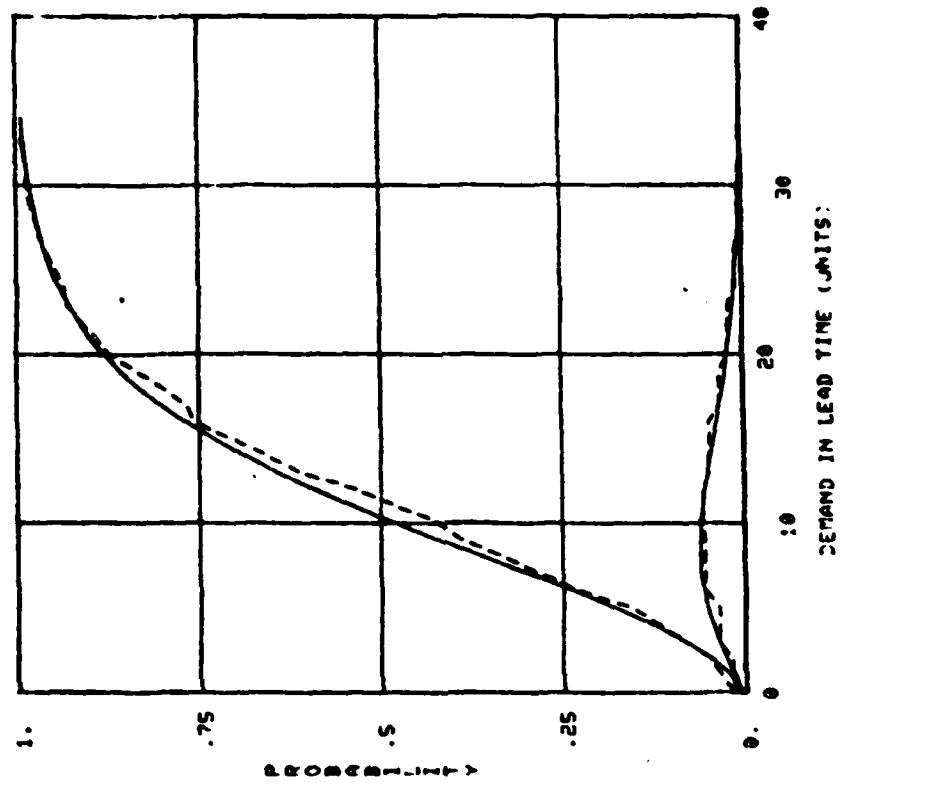
Avg Req S:2E  
Avg Monthly Demand  
Avg Lead Time  
C of U of Lt

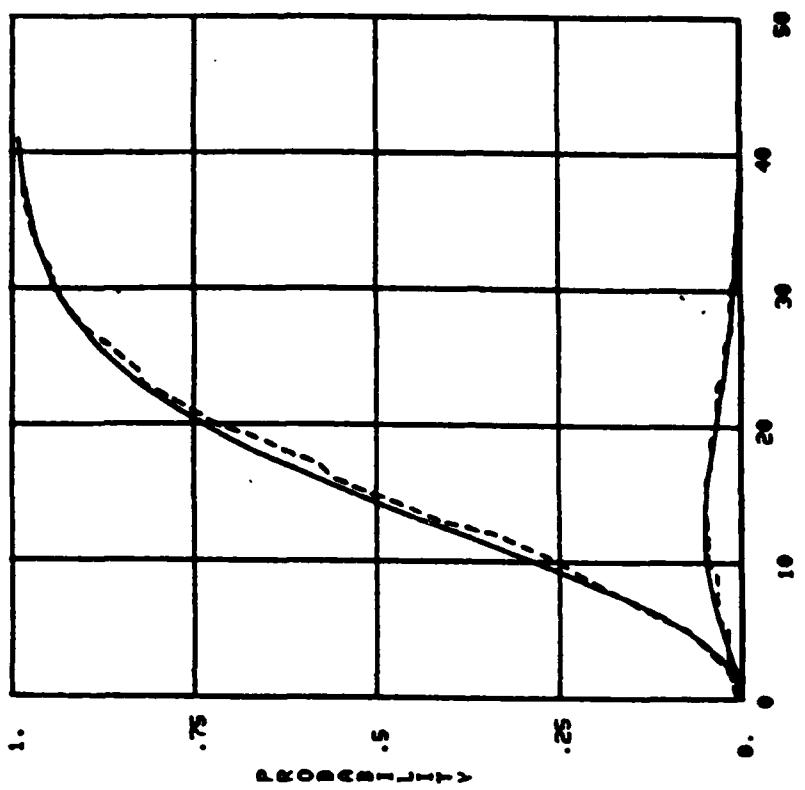
## LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

Avg Demand  
C of U of Lt  
Skewness  
Kurtosis

## LPC PARAMETERS

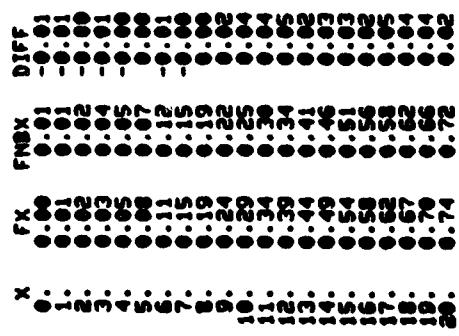
Theta  
Lambda  
Gamma  
Beta





EXACT LPC PROBABILITIES  
 SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
 MAX CDF DIFFERENCE = 0.047 FOR X = 1.7

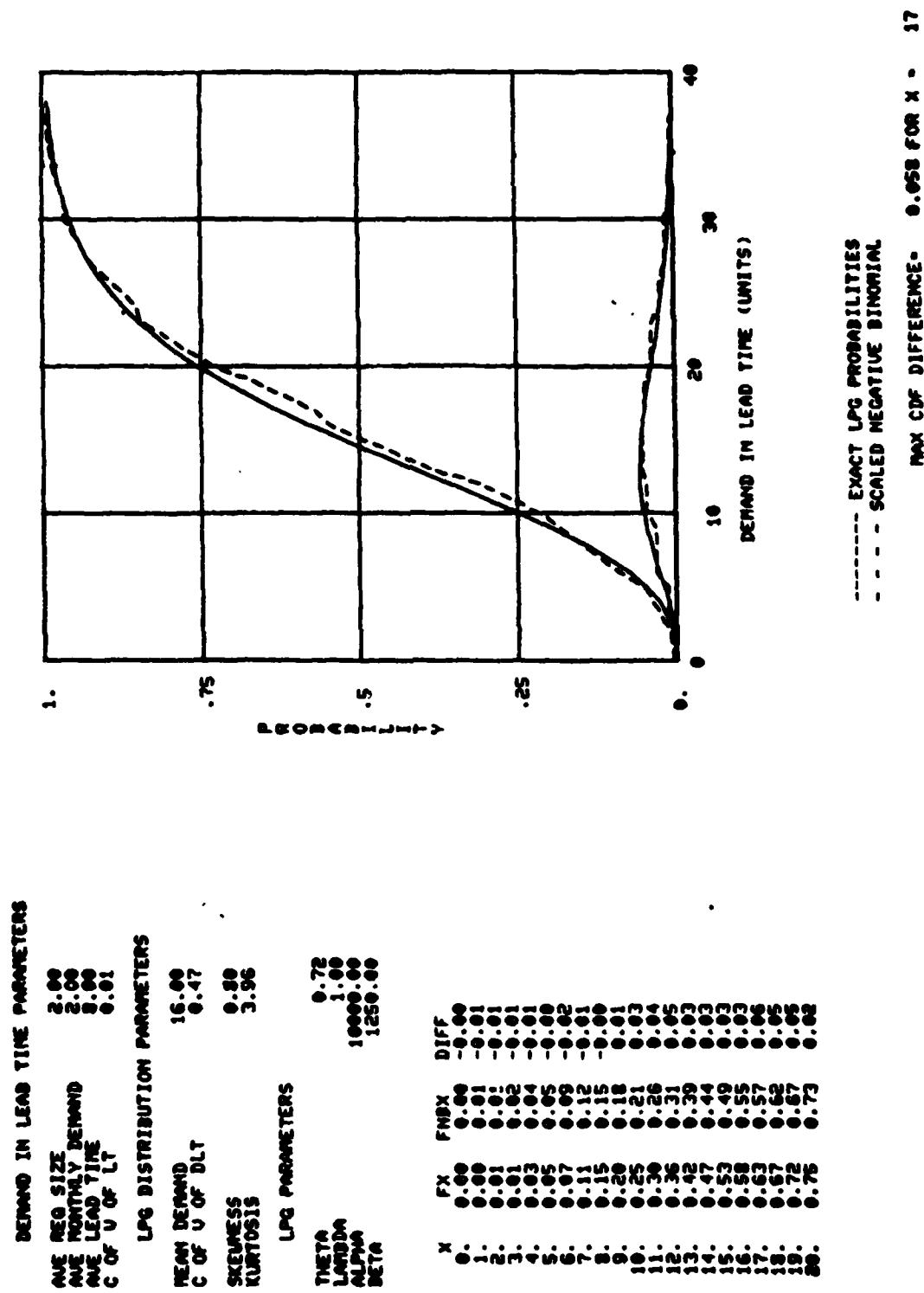
DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS		
Ave Req Size	2.00	
Ave Monthly Demand	2.00	
Ave Lead Time	0.50	
C of V of LT	0.53	
LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS		
Ave Demand	16.00	
C of V of DLT	0.53	
Skewness	0.69	
Kurtosis	3.64	
LPC PARAMETERS		
THETA	0.72	
LAMBDA	1.60	
ALPHA	1.60	
BETA	1.20	

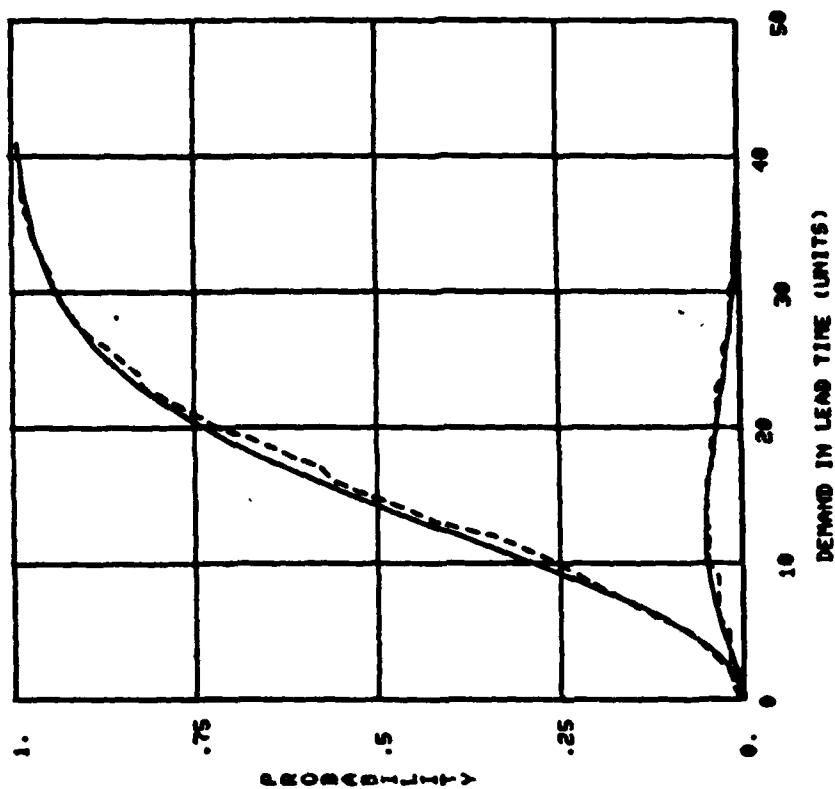


## SAMPLE LPG CALCULATIONS

<u>Date Set No.</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>					
Ave. Req. Size	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Ave. Demand/Mo.	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00					
Mean Lead Time	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00					
CV of Lead Time	.01	.25	.50	.75	1.00					
<u>LPG Parameter</u>										
Theta	.72	.72	.72	.72	.72					
Lambda	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00					
Alpha	10,000	16.00	4.00	1.78	1.00					
Beta	1,250	2.00	.50	.22	.13					
<u>LPG Moments</u>										
Mean	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00	16.00					
CV	.47	.53	.69	.88	1.10					
Skewness	.80	.60	.65	1.03	1.55					
Kurtosis	3.96	3.64	3.69	4.86	7.10					
<u>Percentage Points</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>40</u>					
	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>LPG</u>	<u>NB</u>		
.50	15	16	15	15	14	14	12	13	10	11
.60	17	18	17	18	17	18	16	16	14	15
.70	19	20	19	20	20	20	19	20		
.80	22	22	23	23	24	25	26	23	27	27
.85	24	25	25	26	27	27	30	26	32	33
.90	26	27	27	28	31	31	35	35	39	40
.95	30	29	32	32	37	37	44	44	51	51
.97	32	32	35	34	41	41	50	50	60	61
.99	38	36	41	40	50	51	64	63	80	80

Table II-9. Lead Time Variability Sensitivity for HI Base Case

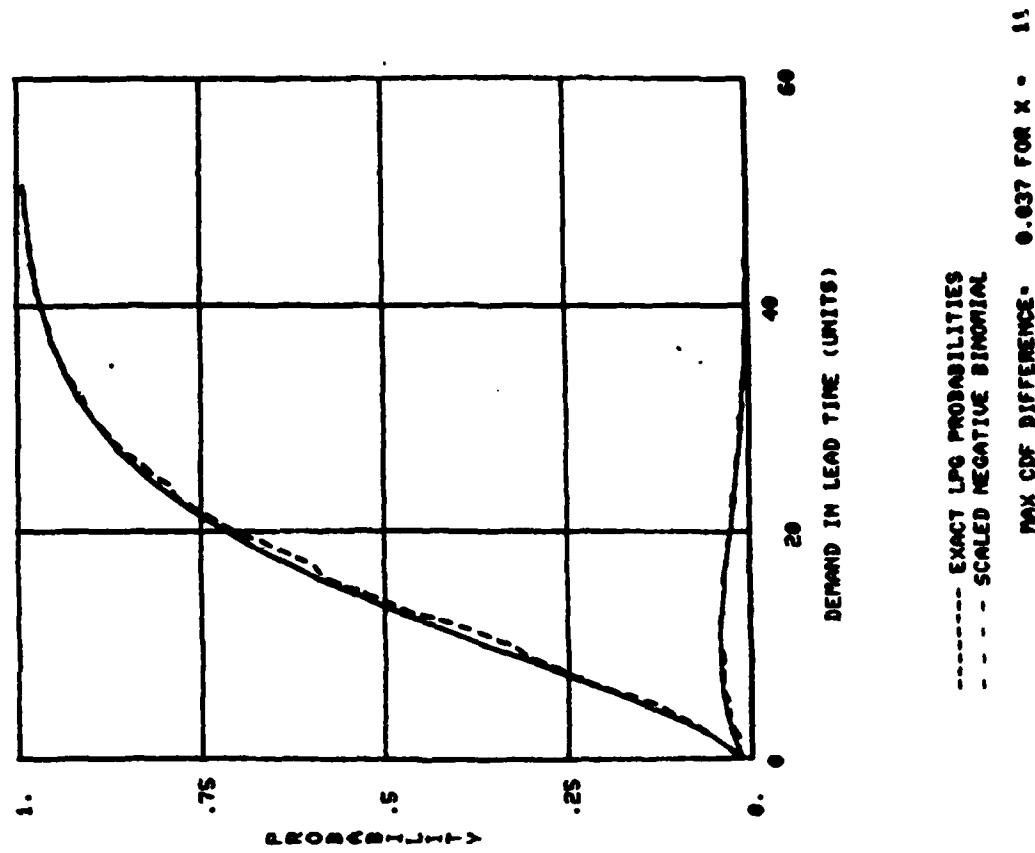




EXACT LPG PROBABILITIES  
- - - SCALED NEGATIVE BINOMIAL  
- - - MAX CDF DIFFERENCE.

MAX CDR DIFFERENCE: 0.047 FOR X - 17

DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS		LPC DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS		LPC PARAMETERS	
MEAN DEMAND	2.00	MEAN DEMAND	15.00	THETA	0.72
MEAN VARIANCE	2.00	C OF V OF DLT	0.53	LAMBDA	1.00
MEAN LEAD TIME	0.20	SKEWNESS	0.60	ALPHA	1.00
C OF V OF LT	0.20	KURTOSIS	3.14	BETA	1.20



## DEMAND IN LEAD TIME PARAMETERS

MEAN DEMAND	2.00
MEAN MONTHLY DEMAND	2.00
VARIANCE LEAD TIME	0.50
C OF V OF LT	0.50

## LPG DISTRIBUTION PARAMETERS

MEAN DEMAND	15.00
C OF V OF LT	0.69
SKINNESS	0.65
KURTOSIS	3.69

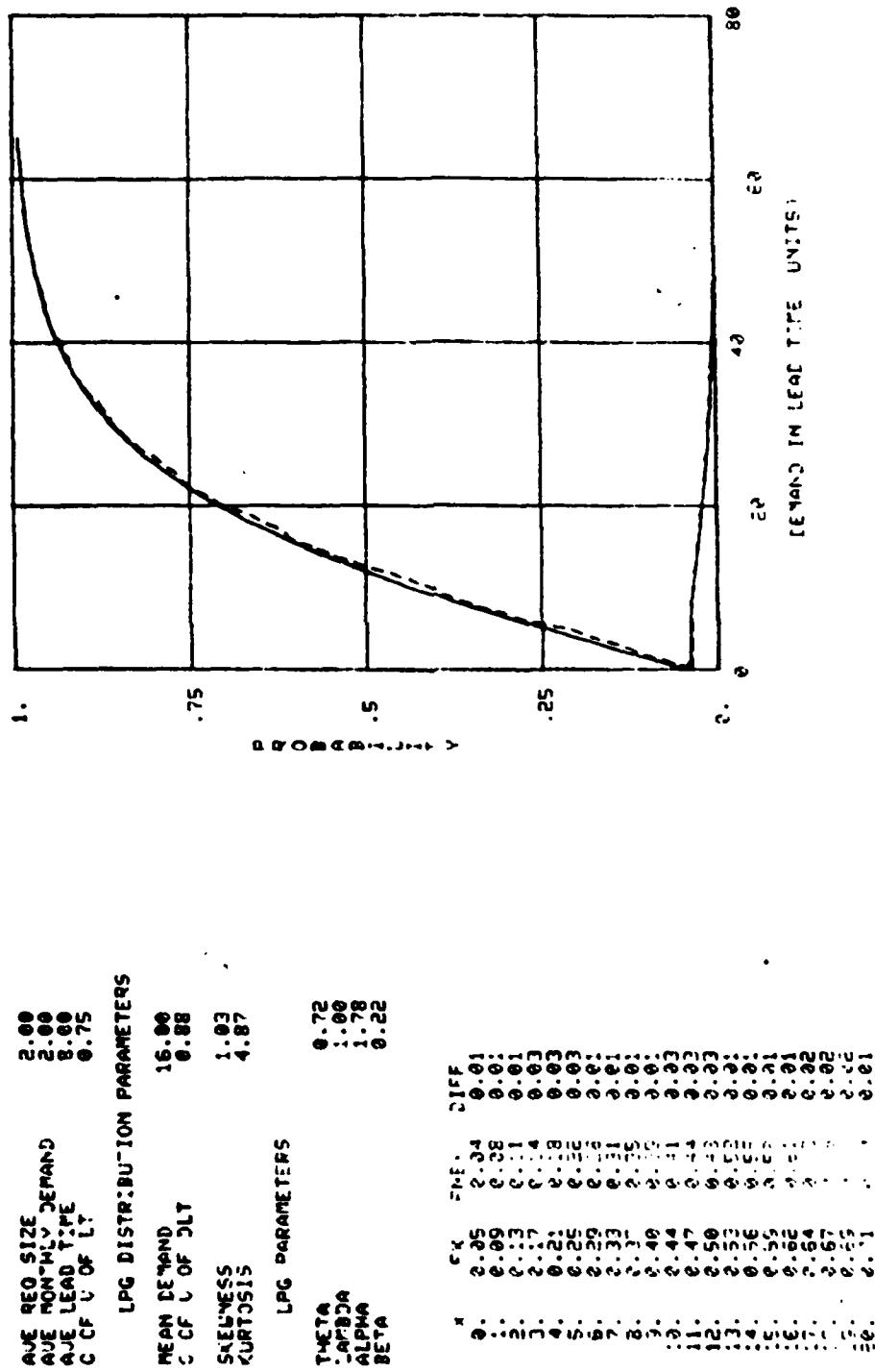
## LPG PARAMETERS

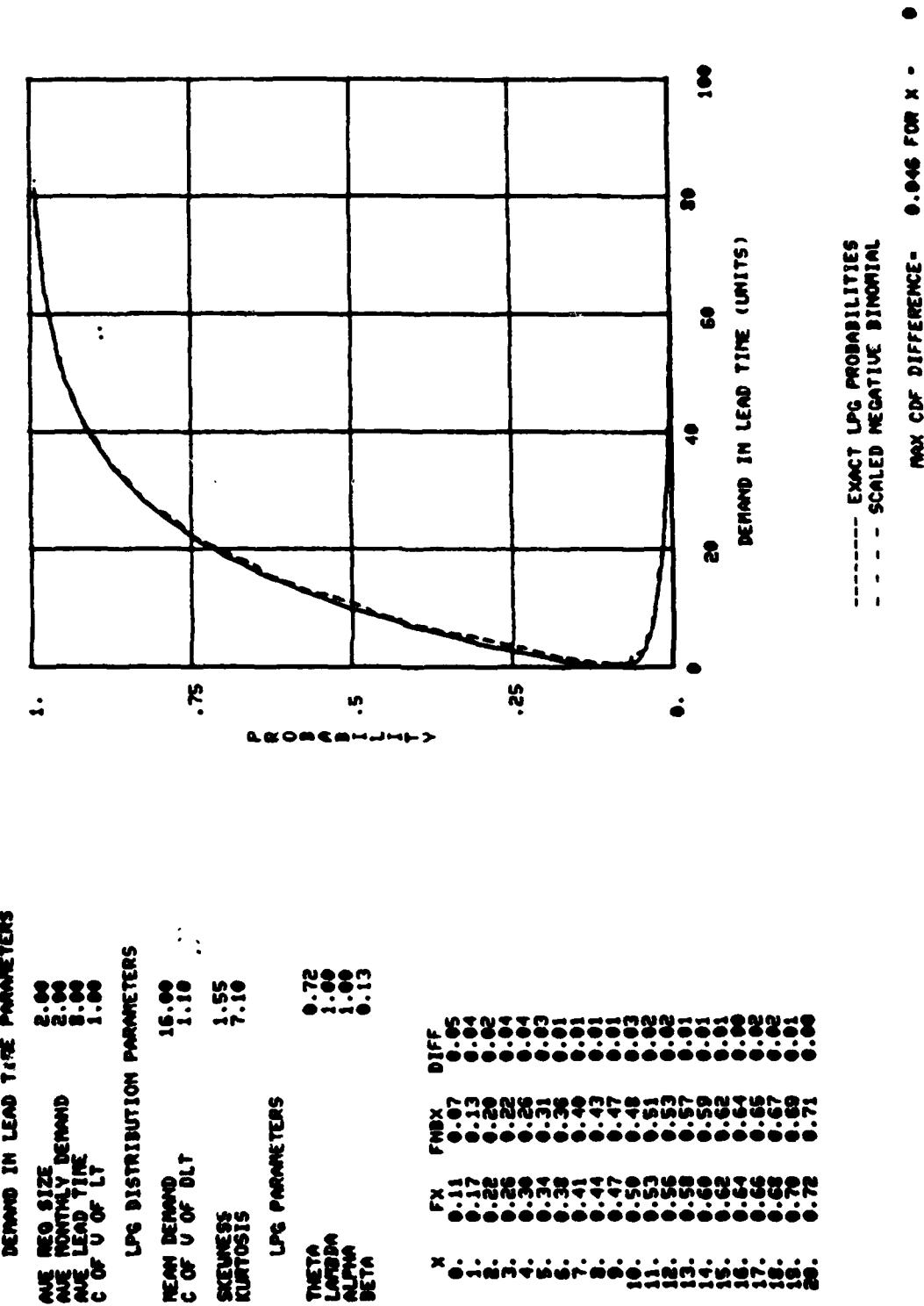
THETA	0.700
LAMBDA	0.1489
ALPHA	0.50
THETA	0.700

DIFF  
 FNFX  
 FX  
 X

DEMAND IN LEAD TIME UNITS: 0.021 FOR X = 10

EXACT LPC PROBABILITIES  
vs. CDF NEGATIVE EXPONENTIALS





**Appendix B**

**LPG Program Source Listings**

## LIST

```

10 REM LPG.S--COMPUTE EXACT LPG PROB USING 6/19/81 RECURSION
20 REM
30 DIM T(200),T2(200)
40 REM
50 REM      T(K) = T(X,K) FOR THE CURRENT X
60 REM      T2(K) = T(X-1,K) FROM PREVIOUS X CALCULATION
70 FILES LPG.B
80 SCRATCH #1
90 REM          INPUT PARAMETERS
91 PRINT "LPG.S---- DEBUG ? PRINT F(X)? (1 OR 0)"
93 INPUT B8, B7
94 REM
100 GOSUB 180
110 REM          DO LPG RECURSION
120 GOSUB840
130REM          DO SCALLED BINOMIAL CALCULATIONS
140 GOSUB 3180
150 PRINT "CONTINUE? (Y OR N)"
155 INPUT A8
160 IF A8="Y" THEN 90
170 STOP
180 REM
181 PRINT
182 PRINT
190 PRINT "LPG0.S--EXACT LPG PROB CALCULATIONS USING RECURSION"
191 PRINT
192 PRINT
200 REM
210 PRINT "INPUT AVE REQ, E(D), E(LT), C.OF.V OF LT "
220 INPUT R0,B1,E1,C
230 WRITE #1,R0,B1,E1,C
240 REM
250 REM          SOLVE FOR THETA = T1
260 GOSUB 1780
270 T1=0
280 REM
290 REM          ESTIMATE PARAMETERS FOR LPG
300 REM          S = STD DEV, B = VAR TO MEAN RATIO
310 S = C*E1
320 B = S*S/E1
330 U1 = D1*E1
340 REM
350 B1=1/B
360 A1 = B1*E1
370 R1=-T1/( (1-T1)*LOG(1-T1) )
380 L1 = U1/(E1*B1)
390 REM
400 PRINT "AVE REQ SIZE =",R1
410 PRINT
420 PRINT "THETA =",T1,"LAMBDA =",L1
430 PRINT "ALPHA=", A1,"BETA =",B1
440 REM

```

55

```

450 REM
460     M1=-T1/((1-T1)*LOG(1-T1)*L1*A1/B1)
470 PRINT
480 PRINT "MEAN =",M1
490 PRINT
500REM    ESTIMATE THE FIRST FOUR MOMENTS M1,M2,M3,M4 OF THE LPG DISTRIBUTION
510     B1 = B1*(1-T1)
520     C4 = -L1*T1/(LOG(1.-T1))
530 REM
540REM
550     M1 = A1*C4/D1
560REM
570     M2 = A1*C4*(B1+C4)/D1^2
580REM
590     M3 = A1*C4*((B1^2)*(1+T1) + 2*C4^2)/B1^3
600REM
610     M4 = B1^3*(1+4*T1+T1^2) + B1^2*C4*(3.*A1 + 1.)
620     M4 = M4 + 6*B1*C4*C4*A1 + C4^3*(3*A1+6.)
630     M4 = A1*C4*M4/B1^4
640REM
650     PRINT "MOMENTS"
660     PRINT "M1      M2      M3      M4"
670     PRINT M1,M2,M3,M4
680REM
690REM    COMPUTE STANDARDIZED MOMENTS
700     PRINT
710     S = SDR(M2)
720     PRINT "COEF OF VAR =", S/M1
730     PRINT "M3/S^3= ", M3/S^3
740     PRINT "M4/S^4= ", M4/S^4
750REM
760REM    OUTPUT LPG PARAMETERS TO FILE
770 REM
780     WRITE B1,M1,S/M1,M3/S^3,M4/S^4
790     WRITE B1,T1,L1,A1,B1
800     RETURN
810REM *****
820REM    LPG RECURSION CALCULATION
830 REM*****
840 REM
850 REM    REDEFINE C FOR PROBABILITY CALCULATIONS
860 REM
870     C= -L1/LOG(1.-T1)
880     C1 = C/(L1 + B1)
890 REM
900 REM    SET LIMIT ON X = 200
910 REM
920     L2=200
930 REM
940     C2=0
950 REM
960 REM    SET CONSTANTS FOR USE IN RECURSION

```

```

970 REM
980     S7=1
990     H1=(B1/(L1+B1))^A1
1000    H1=S7*H1
1010 REM           S7 = SCALE FACTOR
1020     H2=(C/(L1+B1))
1030 REM
1040 PRINT"C,C1,H1,H2",C;C1;H1;H2
1050 REM
1060 REM           EVALUATE H(X=0)
1070 REM
1080    T(0) = 0
1090    T2(0) = H1
1100    S1 = H1
1110    C2 = C2 + S1/S7
1120 REM
1130 PRINT
1131     WRITEM1,0,S1,C2
1140     IF D7<= 0 THEN 1200
1141     PRINT
1150     PRINT "          X          H(X)          F(X)"
1151     PRINT
1160     PRINT 0;S1;C2
1170 REM
1180 REM           EVALUATE H(X) FOR X > 0
1190 REM
1200 REM
1210     FOR X = 1 TO L2
1220     S1 = 0
1230     T(0)=0
1240 REM
1250     T(X)=(T1*H2*(A1+X-1)/X)*T2(X-1)
1260 REM
1270     IF X < 2 GOTO 1380
1280 REM
1290 REM
1300 REM
1310     FOR K=1 TO X-1
1320     T(K)=(T1/X) * (H2*(A1+K-1)*T2(K-1) +(X-1)*T2(K) )
1330     S1=S1+T(K)
1340     IF D8 <= 0 THEN 1360
1350     PRINT"X,K,T(X,K),S1=>",X;K;T(K);S1
1360     NEXT K
1370 REM           PICK UP T(X,X) TERM IN SUM
1380     S1=S1 + T(X)
1390 REM
1400 REM           PRINT TOTALS FOR H(X)
1410 REM

```

```

1420      C2 = C2 + S1/S7
1430      PRINT X;S1;C2
1440      WRITE #1,X,S1,C2
1450 REM
1460 REM      IF CUM PROB EXCEEDS .99, STOP
1470 REM
1480 IF C2 > .99 GOTO 1670
1490 REM
1500 REM      PRINT T(K) TERMS FOR DEBUGGING
1510 REM
1520 IF D8 <= 0 THEN 1560
1530 FOR K=0 TO X
1540 PRINT "X,K,T(X,K) =>",X;K;T(K)
1550 NEXT K
1560 REM
1570 REM
1580 REM      RECORD T(K) VALUES FOR USE IN NEXT PASS
1590 REM
1600 FOR K=0 TO X
1610   T2(K)=T(K)
1620 NEXT K
1630 REM
1640 REM-----END OF X LOOP
1650 NEXT X
1660 REM
1670 WRITE #1,-99,-99,-99 "    END OF LPG"
1680 RETURN
1690 REM*****REND OF LPG RECURSION
1700 REM
1710 REM
1720 REM
1730 REM-----AVE REQ SIZE EQUATION
1740 DEF FNR(Q) = -Q/( (1-Q)*LOG(1-Q) )
1750 REM
1760 REM-----
1770 REM      BINARY SEARCH ROUTINE
1780 REM -----
1790 REM
1800 REM      SOLVE FOR THE VALUE OF Q WHICH GIVES AND
1810 REM      AVE. REQUISITION SIZE OF R0
1820 REM
1830 REM      SET UP END POINTS FOR SEARCH
1840 REM
1850 K= 0
1860 Q9=.999
1870 R9=FNR(Q9)
1880 Q1=.001
1890 R1=FNR(Q1)
1900 GOTO 2080
1910 REM

```

```

1920 REM      CHECK IF R0 <= R
1930 REM
1940      IF R0 > R THEN 2000
1950 REM
1960 REM      RE-SET TOP OF INTERVAL
1970      R9=R
1980      Q9=Q
1990      GOTO 2080
2000 REM
2010 REM      RE-SET BOTTOM OF INTERVAL
2020      R1=R
2030      Q1=Q
2040      GOTO 2080
2050 REM
2060 REM      HALVE THE INTERVAL, AND RE-EVALUATE THE FUNCTION
2070 REM
2080      K=K+1
2090      Q=(Q1+Q9)/2
2100      R=FNR(Q)
2120 REM
2130 REM      IF R IS WITHIN .001 OF R0, THEN RETURN
2140 REM
2150      IF ABS(R-R0) < .001 THEN 2180
2160      IF K > 15 THEN 2180
2170      GOTO 1940
2180      RETURN
2190 REM
2200REM      LPG.S---LP PROBABILITY CALCULATIONS
2210REM
2220REM      USE LPG.D AS THE OUTPUT FILE
2230REM
2240 REM
2250      SCRATCH #1
2260      PRINT "THETA, LAMBDA, ALPHA, BETA, DEBUG?"
2270      INPUT T1,L1,A1,B1,BS
2280      PRINT "EXACT LPG PROB"
2290      80SUB 2420
2300      PRINT "SCALED NEG. BIN"
2310      80SUB 3230
2320      PRINT
2330      PRINT "CONTINUE?(Y OR N)"
2340      INPUT A8
2350      IF A8="Y" GOTO 2260
2360      STOP

```

```

2370 REM LP6.S--MASTER LPG ROUTINE LIBRARY
2380 REM LP61.S
2390 PRINT "THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES EXACT PROB FOR THE LPG DIST"
2400 DIM Y(100,100)
2410 INPUT T1,L1,A1,B1
2420 PRINT "THETA =";T1,"LAMBDA =";L1"ALPHA =";A1,"BETA =";B1
2430   WRITE #1,1,2,3,4
2440   WRITE #1,T1,L1,A1,B1
2450 C = - L1 /LOG(1 -T1)
2460 M1 = -T1/((1-T1)*LOG(1-T1))*L1*A1/B1
2470 C1 =C/(L1 + B1)
2480 L2 = INT(100*M1)
2490 C2 =0
2500 FOR X =0 TO L2
2510 Y(X,0)=0
2520 F1 =1
2530 IF X<2 THEN 2570
2540 FOR K = 1 TO X-1
2550 F1 = F1*K
2560 NEXT K
2570 Y (X,X) = 1./F1
2580 F1 = 1
2590 IF X> 0 THEN 2630
2600 S1 =(B1/(L1 +B1))^A1
2610 GO TO 2740
2620 REM
2630 S1 =0
2640 FOR K = 1 TO X
2650 IF X = 1 THEN 2670
2660 Y(X,K)=Y(X-1,K-1)/(X-1) + Y(X-1,K)
2670 F1 = 1
2680 FOR J = 0 TO K-1
2690 F1 = F1*(A1 + J)*C1
2700 NEXT J
2710 S1 = S1 + Y(X,K)*F1
2720 NEXT K
2730 S1 = S1*(B1/(L1 + B1))^A1*T1^X/X
2740 C2 = C2 + S1
2750 IF D8 <=0 THEN 2780
2760 PRINT X,S1,C2
2770 WRITE #1,X,S1,C2
2780 IF C2 > .99 THEN 2800
2790 NEXT X
2800 WRITE #1,-99,-99,-99
2810 RETURN

```

```

2820 REM
2830 REM *****
2840 REM LP62.S
2850 PRINT "SCALED POISSON"
2860 INPUT T1,L1,A1,B1
2870 PRINT "THETA =";T1,"LAMBDA =";L1,"ALPHA =";A1,"BETA =";B1
2880 C = -L1/LOG(1-T1)
2890 C3= 1. / (1.-T1)
2900 K1 = T1*C
2910 C4 = (B1/(K1+B1))^A1
2920 U = K1/(K1+B1)
2930 C2 = 0
2940 FOR N = 0 TO 1000
2950 P1 = 1
2960 IF N>0 THEN 3000
2970   P1 = C4
2980   GOTO .3040
2990 REM
3000 FOR I = 0 TO N-1
3010 P1 = P1*((A1+N-I-1)/(N-I)*U)
3020 NEXT I
3030 P1 = P1*C4
3040 C2 = C2 + P1
3050 IF BB<=0 THEN 3080
3060 PRINT N;C3*N;P1;C2
3070 WRITE #1,C3*N,P1,C2
3080 IF C2>.99 THEN 3100
3090 NEXT N
3100 RETURN
3110 RETURN
3120 REM *****
3130 REM
3140 REM LP63.S
3150 PRINT "THIS PROGRAM COMPUTES APP PROB FOR LP6 DIST USING SCALED BIN"
3160 INPUT T1,L1,A1,B1
3161   PRINT
3170 PRINT "THETA =";T1,"LAMBDA =";L1,"ALPHA =";A1,"BETA =";B1
3180   PRINT
3190   PRINT "NEG BINOMIAL PROBABILITIES"
3200   PRINT
3210   PRINT "           X           P           F"
3220   PRINT
3230 C = 1/(1.-T1)
3240 K1 = -T1*L1/LOG(1-T1)
3250 C4 = (B1/(K1+B1))^A1
3260 U = K1/(K1+B1)
3270 C2 = 0
3280 FOR N = 0 TO 1000
3290 P1 = 1
3300 IF N>0 THEN 3370
3310 P1 = C4
3320 A = -1
3330 B = INT(C/2 +0.5)
3340 S2 = P1/(C/2+1)
3350 GOTO 3440

```

```

3360 REM
3370 FOR I = 0 TO M-1
3380 P1 = P1*((A1+M-I-1)/(M-I)*W)
3390 NEXT I
3400 P1 = P1*C4
3410 A = INT((2*M-1)*C/2+0.5)
3420 B = INT((2*M+1)*C/2+0.5)
3430 S2 = P1/C
3440 L3 = C2
3450 FOR X = A+1 TO B
3460 F3 = C2 + S2*(X-A)
3470 F2 = F3 - L3
3480 L3 = F3
3490 IF D7 <= 0 THEN 3520
3500 PRINT X,F2,F3
3510 WRITEN1,X,F2,F3
3520 NEXT X
3530 C2 = C2 + P1
3540 IF C2 > .99 THEN 3560
3550 NEXT M
3560 WRITEN1,-99,-99,-99,"END OF NB"
3570 RETURN
3580 REM
3590 REM *****
3600 REM LP64.S
3610 REM           COMPUTE REQUISITION SIZE R VS THETA TABLE
3620 REM
3630 FOR T1 = .01 TO .99 STEP .01
3640   B = -(1-T1)*LOG(1-T1)
3650   R = T1/B
3660   PRINT T1,R
3670 NEXT T1
3680 STOP
3690 REM *****
3700REM DEFINITIONS IN MAHMIA'S' PROGRAM LPG1.S
3710 REM           DEFINITIONS IN MAHMIA'S' PROGRAM LP81.S
3720 REM
3730 REM      LAMB      L1
3740 REM      ALPH      A1
3750 REM      BET       B1
3760 REM      MEAN      M1
3770 REM      CNST      C1
3780 REM      LIN       L2
3790 REM      CUM      C2
3800 REM      FACT      F1
3810 REM      SUN      S1
3820 REM      KN       K1
3830 REM      PROD      P1
3840 REM      CN       C3
3850 REM      CONST     C4
3860 REM      LAST      L3
3870 REM      FX       F2
3880 REM      FFX      F3
3890 REM      SL       S2
3900 END

```

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Plot Program and Input Data For LPG Skewness vs Kurtosis Plots.

```

IDEN UPGSKU.P
FILE 11
LSPN 1
GRID 1
TLAB "MEAN VS DATA SET NO. FOR SAMPLE LPC PARAMETER SETS"
VLAB "MEAN"
XCOL 2,49
YCOL 2,2,49
PLOT
TLAB STD. DEU. VS DATA SET NO.
VLAB STD. DEU
YCOL 6,2,49
PLOT
TLAB SKEWNESS12 VS KURTOSIS
XLAB KURTOSIS
YLAB SKEWNESS12
XCOL 5,2,7 5,8,13 5,14,19 5,20,25 5,26,31
YCOL 4,2,7 4,8,13 4,14,19 4,20,25 4,22,49
SCALE 0.10 0.5
PLOT
CONT 1
XCOL 5,32,37 5,38,43 5,44,49
YCOL 4,32,37 4,38,43 4,44,49
PLOT
CONT 0
BLAB LPC VALUES FOR E(D)=0.5
XCOL 5,2,7 5,8,13 5,14,19 5,20,25
YCOL 4,2,7 4,8,13 4,14,19 4,20,25
PLOT
BLAB LPC VALUES FOR E(D)=2.0
XCOL 5,26,31 5,32,37 5,38,43 5,44,49
YCOL 4,26,31 4,32,37 4,38,43 4,44,49
PLOT
STOP

```